RATE ADJUSTMENT MECHANISM
-Overview
-The Input Price Index
-The Productivity Factor \& Sharing
-The Z Factor
-Pricing Flexibility

## RATE ADJUSTMENT MECHANISM -- OVERVIEW

$\% \Delta P_{j}^{t}=\% \Delta I P I_{L D C}^{t}-\% \Delta P F_{K}+\% \Delta Z_{j}^{t}$
where:

| $\% \Delta P_{j}^{t}$ | $=$ the percentage change in a distributor's (say the $f^{\text {th's }}$ ) price ceiling in year t ; |
| :---: | :---: |
| \% $\triangle I P I_{L D C}^{t}$ | $=$ the percentage change in Ontario distributors' input prices from year $t-1$ to year $t$; |
| $\% \Delta P F_{K}$ | $=$ the productivity factor or index expressed as a constant percent change each year for any given utility selecting the $K^{\text {h }}$ combination of productivity factor and ROE ceiling; and |
| $\% \Delta Z_{j}^{t}$ | $=$ the extraordinary event adjustment factor expressed as a percent change from prices in year $t-1$ to prices in year $t$ for the $j^{\text {th }}$ utility. |

## RATE ADJUSTMENT MECHANISM -- INPUT PRICE INDEX

The Input Price Index (IPI) is defined as:

$$
I \mathrm{PI}_{\mathrm{t}}=(100) \cdot \stackrel{\sum_{i=1}}{\stackrel{n}{n} \mathbf{P}_{\mathrm{it}} \mathrm{e}_{\mathrm{i}}}
$$

where the index i includes: Capital, Labor and Materials.

## RATE ADJUSTMENT MECHANISM -- INPUT PRICE INDEX

## Table 4.1

Average Total Cost Per Customer and Range from Minimum to Maximum by Size
Class*

|  | Sample Size | Mean | Range |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Large | 12 | 504 | 731 |
| Medium | 15 | 484 | 312 |
| Small | 13 | 385 | 291 |

* Small utilities have less than 10,000 customers, medium between 10,000 and 50,000 , and large more than 50,000.


## RATE ADJUSTMENT MECHANISM -- INPUT PRICE INDEX

## Table 4.3

## Input Price Index Results-1988-1997

|  |  | Four Factor |  |  |  |  | Three <br> Factor <br> Mean <br> 1.02 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1993 Weights |  | Mean for Altemative Weights |  |  |  |
| Size Class | Sample <br> Size | Mean | Min-Max | 1988 | 1997 | Interval Average |  |
| Large | 12 | 1.45 | 1.07-1.84 | 1.29 | 1.41 | 1.32 |  |
| Medium | 15 | 1.30 | 0.78-2.16 | 1.10 | 1.29 | 1.19 | 0.87 |
| Small | 13 | 1.54 | 0.65-2.59 | 1.27 | 1.46 | 1.37 | 1.03 |
|  |  | 1.42 |  |  |  |  | 0.96 |

## RATE ADJUSTMENT MECHANISM -INPUT PRICE INDEX

## Table 4.4

| 1993 Average Weights for CostShares |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Four Fador |  |  |  |  | ThæFFador |  |  |  |
| Simple Average | Capial | Line Los | Labor | Materias | Total | Capial | Labor | Materias | Total |
| Large | 0.45 | 0.12 | 0.30 | 0.13 | 1.00 | 0.51 | 0.34 | 0.14 | 1.00 |
| Mid | 0.49 | 0.12 | 028 | 0.12 | 1.00 | 0.55 | 0.31 | 0.13 | 1.00 |
| Smal | 0.40 | 0.16 | 0.30 | 0.14 | 1.00 | 0.48 | 0.35 | 0.17 | 1.00 |
| All Uilities | 0.45 | 0.13 | 029 | 0.13 | 1.00 | 0.52 | 0.34 | 0.15 | 1.00 |

## RATE ADJUSTMENT MECHANISM -INPUT PRICE INDEX

## Table 4.5

Input Price Index and CP: 1988 to 1997

|  | 3Factor Input Price Index |  |  | 4Factor Input Price Index |  |  | Consumer Price Index |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Level | Logarithmic \%Change | Simple\% Change | Level | Logarithmic \%Change | Simple\% Change | Level | $\begin{gathered} \text { Logarithmic \% } \\ \text { change } \end{gathered}$ | Simple \% change |
| 1988 | 1.000 |  |  | 1.000 |  |  | 108.6 |  |  |
| 1989 | 1.030 | 2.96\% | 2.91\% | 1.033 | 3.24\% | 3.19\% | 114 | 4.85\% | 4.74\% |
| 1990 | 1.099 | 6.53\% | 6.32\% | 1.101 | 6.36\% | 6.16\% | 119.5 | 4.71\% | 4.60\% |
| 1991 | 1.083 | -1.54\% | -1.56\% | 1.100 | -0.04\% | -0.04\% | 126.2 | 5.46\% | 5.31\% |
| 1992 | 1.076 | -0.58\% | -0.58\% | 1.113 | 1.11\% | 1.11\% | 128.1 | 1.49\% | 1.48\% |
| 1993 | 1.065 | -1.03\% | -1.03\% | 1.116 | 0.31\% | 0.31\% | 130.4 | 1.78\% | 1.76\% |
| 1994 | 1.117 | 4.75\% | 4.64\% | 1.162 | 4.04\% | 3.96\% | 130.7 | 0.23\% | 0.23\% |
| 1995 | 1.141 | 2.07\% | 2.05\% | 1.184 | 1.89\% | 1.87\% | 133.5 | 2.12\% | 2.10\% |
| 1996 | 1.124 | -1.45\% | -1.46\% | 1.166 | -1.56\% | -1.57\% | 135.6 | 1.56\% | 1.55\% |
| 1997 | 1.091 | -2.96\% | -3.00\% | 1.137 | -2.51\% | -2.54\% | 137.8 | 1.61\% | 1.60\% |
| Average |  | 0.97\% | 0.92\% |  | 1.43\% | 1.38\% |  | 2.65\% | 2.60\% |

## RATE ADJUSTMENT MECHANISM -INPUT PRICE INDEX

## Figure 4.1

## Cumulative Price Indeces



## RATE ADJUSTMENT MECHANISM -PRODUCTIVITY FACTOR \& SHARING

The Productivity Factor (TFP)* is defined as:

$$
\mathrm{TFP}=(100) \cdot \frac{\sum_{\mathrm{j}=1}^{\mathrm{m}} \mathrm{q}_{\mathrm{jt}} \mathrm{r}_{\mathrm{j}}}{\substack{\mathrm{n} \\ \sum_{\mathrm{it}} \mathrm{e}_{\mathrm{i}} \\ \mathrm{i}=1}}
$$

*TFP is total factor productivity.

## RATE ADJUSTMENT MECHANISM -PRODUCTIVITY FACTOR \& SHARING

Table 4.2
Productivity Analysis by Customer Size Class 10-year percent Change

| Size Class | Average Number of Customers | Inputs <br> 4-Factor Input 4-Factor Input Index, 1993 Index, 1997 Weights Weights |  | Outputs <br> Output Index, 1993 <br> Customer Weights | Output Index, 1997 <br> Customer Weights | Productivity <br> 4-Factor Productivity 1993 Weights | 4-Factor Productivity 1997 Weights |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Large | 110,751 | 0.39\% | 0.54\% | 0.81\% | 0.85\% | 0.42\% | 0.31\% |
| Medium | 31,909 | 0.95\% | 1.04\% | 2.28\% | 2.26\% | 1.33\% | 1.22\% |
| Small | 4,463 | 0.44\% | 0.61\% | 1.21\% | 1.35\% | 0.77\% | 0.74\% |
| All Utilities | 46,642 | 0.62\% | 0.75\% | 1.49\% | 1.54\% | 0.87\% | 0.79\% |

## RATE ADJUSTMENT MECHANISM -PRODUCTIVTY FACTOR \& SHARING

|  | Table 4-1 <br> THE RELATION BETWEEN PF AND ROE CEILING |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Selection | Productivity Factor <br> (percent change per year) | ROE Ceiling <br> (percent) |
| A | 1.25 | 10 |
| B | 1.50 | 11 |
| C | 1.75 | 12 |
| D | 2.00 | 13 |
| E | 2.25 | 14 |
| F | 2.50 | 15 |

## Table 4.2 <br> ROE IMPACTS OF VARYING PRODUCTIVITY PERFORMANCE

|  | $\mathbf{1 . 2 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 . 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 . 7 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 . 0}$ |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| Year 1 | 9.5 | 9.5 | 9.5 | 9.5 |
| Year 2 | $10.2^{*} / 10.0$ | 10.0 | 9.9 | 9.8 |
| Year 3 | $10.9^{*} / 10.0$ | 10.6 | 10.3 | 10.1 |

* Utility's return before ROE constraint.
-Eligibility
-Board Review
-Balancing Account
-Disposition


## RATE ADJUSTMENT MECHANISM -THE Z FACTOR: ELIGIBILITY

- Causation - the expense must be clearly outside of the base upon which rates were derived.
- Materiality - the cost must have a significant influence on the operation of the utility.
- Inability of Management to Control - to qualify for $Z$ factor treatment, the cost must be attributable to some event outside of management's ability to control.
- Prudence - the expense must have been prudently incurred. This means that the option selected must represent the most cost-effective option (not necessarily least initial cost) for ratepayers.
-Board Authority
-Balancing Account
-Disposition


## -Baskets

-Amalgamations
-Contestable Services

## RATE ADJUSTMENT MECHANISM -PRICING FLEXIBILITY \& BASKETS

| Table 4-3 <br> Illustration of Pricing Flexibility Among Rate Baskets |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Residential Class | General Service Class | Utility Overall Rate Adjustment of |
| Existing Rates | \$10.00 | \$35 | (\$3.00) |
| Step 1 |  |  |  |
| Class Revenue Weighting | 30\% | 70\% |  |
| Adjusted Rate | \$9.10 | \$32.90 | (\$3.00) |
| Step 2 |  |  |  |
| Flexibility Range | \$9.10 $\pm 5 \%$ | \$32.90 $\pm 5 \%$ |  |
| Min Adjusted Rate | \$9.56 | \$34.55 | (\$0.89) |
| Max Adjusted Rate | \$8.65 | \$31.21 | (\$5.09) |
| Step 3 |  |  |  |
| Flexibility Option Taken | $\begin{aligned} & +4.5 \% \\ & \$ 9.50 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} -1.2 \% \\ \$ 32.50 \end{gathered}$ | (\$3.00) |

## RATE ADJUSTMENT MECHANISM -PRICING FLEXIBILITY AND AMALGAMATION

| Illustration Of Pricing Flexibility For Amalgamations |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Utility A | Utility B |
| Initial Rate | $\$ 30.00$ |  |
| Year 1 | $\$ 31.50$ | $\$ 40.00$ |
| Year 2 | $\$ 33.08$ | $\$ 38.10$ |
| Year 3 | $\$ 34.64$ | $\$ 36.28$ |
|  |  |  |

## RATE ADJUSTMENT MECHANISM

## APPENDIX B - UTILITIES INCLUDED IN ANALYSIS

| Large $\mathbf{> 5 0 , 0 0 0}$ | Mid-Size $\mathbf{1 0 , 0 0 0}><\mathbf{5 0 , 0 0 0}$ | Small $<\mathbf{1 0 , 0 0 0}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Toronto | Thunder Bay | Port Colborne |
| North York | Burlington | Dundas |
| Mississauga | Oakville | Niagara on the Lake |
| Ottawa | Nepean | Grimsby |
| Hamilton | Sudbury | Tecumsek |
| London | Gloucester | Strathroy |
| Etobicoke | Waterloo North | Ingersoll |
| Windsor | Guelph | Renfrew |
| Brampton | Barrie | Deep River |
| Kitcher-Wilmot | Pickering | Lakefield |
| Markham | Whitby | Embrun |
| St. Catharines | North Bay | Madoc |
|  | Stoney Creek | Lucan |
|  | Orillia Water |  |
|  | Milton |  |

