

RATE ADJUSTMENT MECHANISM

RATE ADJUSTMENT MECHANISM

- Overview
- •The Input Price Index
- The Productivity Factor & Sharing
- The Z Factor
- Pricing Flexibility

RATE ADJUSTMENT MECHANISM -- OVERVIEW

$$\%\Delta P_j^t = \%\Delta IPI_{LDC}^t - \%\Delta PF_K + \%\Delta Z_j^t$$

where:

 $\%\Delta P_j^t$ = the percentage change in a distributor's (say the $f^{\text{th's}}$) price ceiling in year t;

 $\%\Delta IPI_{LDC}^{t}$ = the percentage change in Ontario distributors' input prices from year t-1 to year t;

 $\%\Delta PF_{K}$ = the productivity factor or index expressed as a constant percent change each year for any given utility selecting the K^{th} combination of productivity factor and ROE ceiling; and

 $\%\Delta Z_j^t$ = the extraordinary event adjustment factor expressed as a percent change from prices in year t-1 to prices in year t for the j^{th} utility.

The Input Price Index (IPI) is defined as:

$$n$$

$$\mathbf{\dot{a}}P_{it}e_{i}$$

$$IPI_{t} = (100) \cdot \underbrace{_{i=1}}_{n}$$

$$\mathbf{\dot{a}}P_{io}e_{i}$$

$$i=1$$

where the index i includes: Capital, Labor and Materials.

Table 4.1

Average Total Cost Per Customer and Range from Minimum to Maximum by Size Class*

	Sample Size	Mean	Range
Large	12	504	731
Medium	15	484	312
Small	13	385	291

^{*} Small utilities have less than 10,000 customers, medium between 10,000 and 50,000, and large more than 50,000.

Table 4.3

Input Price Index Results – 1988 -1997

			Four Factor				
		1993 V	Veights	Mean for Alternative Weights			Three
Size Class	Sample	Mean	Min-Max	1988	1997	Interval	Factor
	Size					Average	Mean
Large	12	1.45	1.07 - 1.84	1.29	1.41	1.32	1.02
Medium	15	1.30	0.78 - 2.16	1.10	1.29	1.19	0.87
Small	13	1.54	0.65 - 2.59	1.27	1.46	1.37	1.03
		1.42					0.96

Table 4.4

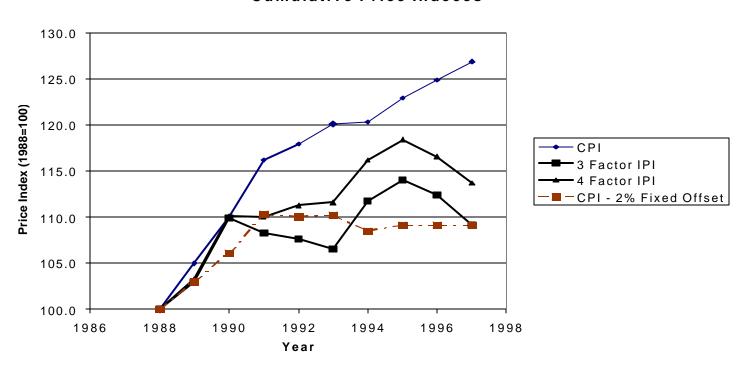
1993 Average Weights for Cost Shares									
			Four Factor				Three	Factor	
Simple Average	Capital	LineLoss	Labor	Materials	Total	Capital	L <i>a</i> bor	Materials	Total
Large	0.45	0.12	0.30	0.13	1.00	0.51	0.34	0.14	1.00
Mid	0.49	0.12	028	0.12	1.00	0.55	0.31	0.13	1.00
Small	0.40	0.16	0.30	0.14	1.00	0.48	0.35	0.17	1.00
All Utilities	0.45	0.13	029	0.13	1.00	0.52	0.34	0.15	1.00

Table 4.5
Input Price Index and CPI: 1988 to 1997

	3-Factor Input Price Index			4-Factor Input Price Index			Consumer Price Index		
									Simple
		Logarithmic	Simple%		Logarithmic	Simple%		Logarithmic%	%
	Level	%Change	Change	Level	%Change	Change	Level	change	change
1988	1.000			1.000			108.6		
1989	1.030	2.96%	2.91%	1.033	3.24%	3.19%	114	4.85%	4.74%
1990	1.099	6.53%	6.32%	1.101	6.36%	6.16%	119.5	4.71%	4.60%
1991	1.083	-1.54%	-1.56%	1.100	-0.04%	-0.04%	126.2	5.46%	5.31%
1992	1.076	-0.58%	-0.58%	1.113	1.11%	1.11%	128.1	1.49%	1.48%
1993	1.065	-1.03%	-1.03%	1.116	0.31%	0.31%	130.4	1.78%	1.76%
1994	1.117	4.75%	4.64%	1.162	4.04%	3.96%	130.7	0.23%	0.23%
1995	1.141	2.07%	2.05%	1.184	1.89%	1.87%	133.5	2.12%	2.10%
1996	1.124	-1.45%	-1.46%	1.166	-1.56%	-1.57%	135.6	1.56%	1.55%
1997	1.091	-2.96%	-3.00%	1.137	-2.51%	-2.54%	137.8	1.61%	1.60%
Average		0.97%	0.92%		1.43%	1.38%		2.65%	2.60%

Figure 4.1

Cumulative Price Indeces



PRODUCTIVITY FACTOR & SHARING

The Productivity Factor (TFP)* is defined as:

$$TFP = (100) \bullet \underbrace{\sum_{j=1}^{T} q_{jt}r_{j}}_{n}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{T} x_{it}e_{i}$$

$$i = 1$$

*TFP is total factor productivity.

RATE ADJUSTMENT MECHANISM -- PRODUCTIVITY FACTOR & SHARING

Table 4.2
Productivity Analysis by Customer Size Class
10-year percent Change

		Inputs		Outputs		Productivity	
Size Class	Number of	4-Factor Input Index, 1993 Weights	4-Factor Input Index, 1997 Weights	Output Index, 1993 Customer Weights	Output Index, 1997 Customer Weights	4-Factor Productivity 1993 Weights	4-Factor Productivity 1997 Weights
Large	110,751	0.39%	0.54%	0.81%	0.85%	0.42%	0.31%
Medium	31,909	0.95%	1.04%	2.28%	2.26%	1.33%	1.22%
Small	4,463	0.44%	0.61%	1.21%	1.35%	0.77%	0.74%
All Utilities	46,642	0.62%	0.75%	1.49%	1.54%	0.87%	0.79%

RATE ADJUSTMENT MECHANISM -- PRODUCTIVTY FACTOR & SHARING

Table 4-1 THE RELATION BETWEEN PF AND ROE CEILING					
Productivity Factor ROE Ceiling Selection (percent change per year) (percent)					
Α	1.25	10			
В	1.50	11			
С	1.75	12			
D	2.00	13			
E	2.25	14			
F	2.50	15			

PRODUCTIVITY & FACTOR SHARING

Table 4.2
ROE IMPACTS OF VARYING
PRODUCTIVITY PERFORMANCE

	1.25	1.5	1.75	2.0
Year 1	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5
Year 2	10.2*/10.0	10.0	9.9	9.8
Year 3	10.9*/10.0	10.6	10.3	10.1

^{*} Utility's return before ROE constraint.

RATE ADJUSTMENT MECHANISM -THE Z FACTOR

- Eligibility
- Board Review
- Balancing Account
- Disposition

RATE ADJUSTMENT MECHANISM -THE Z FACTOR: ELIGIBILITY

- Causation the expense must be clearly outside of the base upon which rates were derived.
- Materiality the cost must have a significant influence on the operation of the utility.
- Inability of Management to Control to qualify for Z factor treatment, the cost must be attributable to some event outside of management's ability to control.
- ◆ Prudence the expense must have been prudently incurred. This means that the option selected must represent the most cost-effective option (not necessarily least initial cost) for ratepayers.

RATE ADJUSTMENT MECHANISM -THE Z FACTOR: PROCESS

- Board Authority
- Balancing Account
- Disposition

RATE ADJUSTMENT MECHANISM -- PRICING FLEXIBILITY

- Baskets
- Amalgamations
- Contestable Services

RATE ADJUSTMENT MECHANISM -- PRICING FLEXIBILITY & BASKETS

Table 4-3
Illustration of Pricing Flexibility Among Rate Baskets

		Conoral	Utility Overall
		General	Rate
	Residential Class	Service Class	Adjustment of
Existing Rates	\$10.00	\$35	(\$3.00)
Step 1			, ,
Class Revenue Weighting	30%	70%	
Adjusted Rate	\$9.10	\$32.90	(\$3.00)
Step 2			
Flexibility Range	\$9.10 <u>+</u> 5%	\$32.90 <u>+</u> 5%	
Min Adjusted Rate	\$9.56	\$34.55	(\$0.89)
Max Adjusted Rate	\$8.65	\$31.21	(\$5.09)
Step 3			·
Flexibility Option Taken	+4.5%	-1.2%	
	\$9.50	\$32.50	(\$3.00)

RATE ADJUSTMENT MECHANISM -- PRICING FLEXIBILITY AND AMALGAMATION

Table 4-4
Illustration Of Pricing Flexibility For Amalgamations

Utility B
\$40.00
\$38.10
\$36.28
\$34.64

RATE ADJUSTMENT MECHANISM

APPENDIX B - UTILITIES INCLUDED IN ANALYSIS

Large >50,000	Mid-Size 10,000><50,000	Small <10,000
Toronto North York Mississauga Ottawa Hamilton London Etobicoke Windsor Brampton Kitcher-Wilmot Markham St. Catharines	Thunder Bay Burlington Oakville Nepean Sudbury Gloucester Waterloo North Guelph Barrie Pickering Whitby North Bay Stoney Creek Orillia Water Milton	Port Colborne Dundas Niagara on the Lake Grimsby Tecumsek Strathroy Ingersoll Renfrew Deep River Lakefield Embrun Madoc Lucan