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Ontario Energy Board (Board Staff) INTERROGATORY #1 (Prefiled Evidence)

Interrogatory

5 Please explain the implications and how the service area amendment principles you 6 support are affected by the situation of a new customer with new network assets being 7 required?

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10 **Response**

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As the Board has noted, Networks has outlined four principles for service territory 12 amendments (Pre-filed evidence, p. 2, lines 7 to 18) and two limited and specific 13 circumstances where it believes amendments should be permitted (Pre-filed evidence, p. 14 3, lines 1 to 7). The implications of the situations described are that the principles would 15 not be violated where the applicant LDC could connect the customer at a lower 16 incremental cost than Networks and the connection of the customer by the applicant 17 would not result in underutilization or stranding of Networks' assets. For example, 18 Networks has already acted on these principles and circumstances in its response to the 19 amendment application of Erie Thames Powerlines. Networks has indicted in this case 20 that Erie Thames should connect the first phase of the development based on principles 21 and circumstances noted above. 22

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If by the term "network assets," the Board's interrogatory is referring to either the assets 24 that would be required in a simple "lies along" case (under Section 28 of the Electricity 25 Act) or the additional assets required where the customer does not lie along, the 26 implications of Networks' principles and circumstances would be as noted above. If by 27 the term "network assets," the Board's interrogatory is referring to upstream assets, such 28 as new feeders or distribution stations, the same principles and circumstances noted 29 above would also apply, with the proviso that if both the applicant and the incumbent 30 required new upstream assets, the case for stranding and underutilization for the applicant 31 would be diminished to the extent its upstream assets were insufficient. 32

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Networks continues to believe, as it has articulated in its principles, that there should not 34 be benefits for one customer or several groups of customers at the expense of others as a 35 result of an amendment. If new customers are "cream skimmed" through expansion of 36 service territory or new embedded distributors, whether through overlapping or exclusive 37 service territory, the applicant LDC gains an opportunity to spread its fixed costs over a 38 larger base. Conversely, the incumbent LDC loses an opportunity to spread its fixed costs 39 over a larger customer base and may, in fact, have a smaller customer base if existing 40 customers are lost, too. The zero sum game nature of the amendments means that growth 41 is a valuable commodity for any LDC and its customers. In Networks' case, as in other 42

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LDCs, the fixed costs of operating, including the overheads from customer and information technology systems, remain relatively stable with either a gain or loss of customers. They have also been planned based on revenue and growth projections over the life of the assets. The implications of these amendment applications for the stranding and underutilization of LDCs assets are considerations with important consequences.

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