

March 31, 2007

Board Secretary Ontario Energy Board PO Box 2319, 2300 Yonge St., Suite 2700 Toronto, ON M4P 1E4

2006 Annual Report, CDM Third Tranche Funding, Norfolk Power Distribution Inc.

On December 9, 2004 Niagara Erie Power Alliance (NEPA) Coalition¹ members filed their plans to implement a conservation and demand management program. During plan preparations there was a concerted effort amongst the group to organize and share initiatives whenever possible and to share costs and improve the overall consistency of programming.

Some key joint initiatives have included

- 1. Conserver Joe Family Education Package
 - a. Handbook
 - b. Bill Inserts
 - c. Newsletters
 - d. Print Ads
 - e. Website
- 2. Training and Development
- 3. Refrigerator Pick Up Program
- 4. Bulk purchasing of product such as LED Seasonal Lights
- 5. LED Traffic Lights

How Did We Do?

Collectively our NEPPA members contributed to significant annual energy and demand savings.

Energy reductions occurred from a variety of programming both through joint initiatives and localized community programming.

¹ NEPPA comprising Canadian Niagara Power Inc. Grimsby Power Inc., Haldimand County Hydro Inc. Niagara Falls Hydro Inc., Niagara On The Lake Hydro Inc., Norfolk Power Distribution Inc., Peninsula West Utilities Limited Inc., Horizon Utilities Corp., and Welland Hydro-Electric System Corp., Brant County Power, Brantford Power

Opportunities

As we develop a conservation culture in Ontario we must continue to balance the need for short-term results while fostering a long-term conservation attitude among the citizens and businesses in the province. The industry must continue to coordinate its efforts to ensure that program delivery is efficient and available to all customers. Our goal should be rapid program deployment and using the LDC's clear channel to market. Clarity regarding the roles of the LDC's, OPA, IESO, etc. would be beneficial in this regard.

Further, clarity on the topics of LDC cost recovery, lost revenues, and criteria for assessing prudence of CDM spending is critical. At all times, we must strive to minimize bureaucracy wherever possible. For example, the opportunity to determine and agree on effective conservation programs up front should minimize the measurement and verification efforts required to substantiate these same programs at their conclusion.

Our commitment remains firm of remaining an active participant and advocacy of developing and promoting a conservation culture in Ontario.

Regards,

Tim D. Roberts Manager of Energy Services Norfolk Power Distribution Inc.

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1. Introduction

On December 9, 2004 the Ontario Energy Board ("Board") issued its Notice of Application and Written Hearing in the RP-2004-0203 proceeding, with respect to Niagara Erie Power Alliance (NEPA) Coalition nine (9) applications filed by NEPA comprising Canadian Niagara Power Inc. Grimsby Power Inc., Haldimand County Hydro Inc. Niagara Falls Hydro Inc., Niagara On The Lake Hydro Inc., Norfolk Power Distribution Inc., Peninsula West Utilities Limited Inc., Horizon Utilities Inc., and Welland Hydro-Electric System Corp. This report is a requirement of that decision. In respect of the application filed by Norfolk Power Distribution Inc. the Board issued its Final Order under docket number RP-2004-0203 / EB 2005-0056.

The Board's decision indicated that annual reporting "should be done on a calendar year and should be filed with the Board no later than March 31st of the following year" and would be subject to a public review. On December 21, 2005 the Board issued a Guideline for Annual Reporting of CDM Initiatives that explained more fully the requirements. This report has been prepared in accordance with those guidelines. Schedule 6 of the plan documents the NPDI projects and customers associated with the various initiatives.

The following report is the Norfolk Power Distribution Inc. (NPDI) results and activities relating to Conservation and Demand Management (CDM) during the calendar year 2006. In this introductory section we will provide some of the approval background for the plan and then an overview of the activities and results of those activities.

The following table shows the approved plan expenditures by project as well as actual expenditures to December 31, 2006.¹

Project	Target Customers	Approved Expenditures	Actual Expenditures 2006
Co-branded Mass			
Market Program	All Users	\$110,000	\$74,066
Smart Metering /			
Prepaid Metering	Residential and small		
Program	commercial (<50 KW)	\$90,000	\$25,186
Energy Audits /	Large user,		
Feasibility	Industrial/General Service		
Audits/Seminars	& Institution Facilities	\$50,000	\$43,578
Load Management			
Programs/Load Control			
Programs	Residential	\$221,000	\$25,700
Distribution Loss			
Reduction	All Users	\$100,000	\$0
Distributed Generation	All Users	\$10,000	\$0
Total		\$581,000	\$168,530

As shown in the table, some of the planned projects are well underway and others have yet to be implemented in a significant way and further some projects are finished and funding has been moved over to other more successful programs..

To make our initiatives as cost effective and beneficial for our customers as possible, we have shared in programs with other utilities as well as implementing local programs specifically designed for our customers and their needs. In the following information we provide an overview of each of these shared and local programs.

Program final results as shown in Appendices B for each program have been verified with the best information currently available.

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¹ In Section 3 – Discussion of Programs we include the appropriate Appendices (A & C for all programs and B for each program). Appendix B for each program includes the actual results for the program and the cumulative results to date where applicable. In order to accurately reflect expenditures compared to results we have included total program costs in the Gross C&DM expenditures of Appendix A.

Shared Provincial Initiatives

NPDI took part in the Spring and Fall 2006 Every Kilowatt Counts (EKC) coupon program in partnership with the Ontario Power Authority (OPA). It was well received by our customers.

NPDI is a member of the Ontario Utility Smart Metering working group (OUSM) and have shared costs and the results of that group initiative.

Shared NEPA Activities

As an active participant with the NEPA group we helped to develop the "Conserver Family" customer education and information program. This program includes (at this time) an introductory booklet, energy saving bill inserts, radio scripts and a web site for "Conserver Family" energy saving tips (http://www.conserverjoe.com/np/). NPDI has distributed the booklets to all customers and has participated in maintaining and updating the web site.

NEPA has also banded together to take advantage of buying power in our LED Seasonal Lights Exchange program. For NPDI's portion of the program more than 3500 strings of old incandescent lights were turned in and recycled to take them out of service.

Compact Fluorescent Lights (CFL) were purchased jointly with London Hydro. Although London is not a member of the NEPA group, it shows NPDI's desire to partner with other like entities to reduce program costs.

NPDI/Local Activities

The following is a listing and an overview of local programs initiated by NPDI specifically for our customers:

- Educational Programs:
 - Seminars were run in the first half of the year. The seminars targeted our large commercial, institutional, agricultural and industrial customers. In a breakfast style format, topics on energy efficiency/conservation were covered. This was done in conjunction with the Energy Audits for Large Customers.
- Compact Fluorescent Giveaway Program:
 - NPDI instituted a program where compact fluorescent lights were given away to customers in our service territory for various reasons, in conjunction with community events such as home shows and local fairs or in relation to other CDM programs.
- Staff training:
 - Continued presenting training sessions for all customer contact office staff on energy efficiency information and current programs.

- Energy Audits for large customers.
 - In 2006 we completed 9 energy audits for customers. Those audits identified a total of 262 KW demand and 878,673 kWh in customer savings opportunities in electricity requirements. Program to end of 2006 includes 12 customer audits.
- Load Control
 - 2006 saw a lot of time and effort putting together a program to implement a residential load control program for NPDI. Unfortunately, the announcement from the Minister of Energy, re: the OPA's summer 2007 Residential Load Control Program, put a halt to the impending NPDI program. The program is set up and ready to go if it becomes necessary/practical in the future.

2. Evaluation of the CDM Plan

As shown in Appendix A, the NPDI plan has some very effective components with program results being very positive. Examples of this type of program include:

- Energy Audits for Large Customers,
- LED Seasonal Lights Exchange and
- CFL Giveaways

Some programs are not designed to have specific quantifiable energy savings but are nevertheless effective and important in our view. Examples of this second category of program include:

- Educational components like the "Conserver Family" information and
- Residential Education Program.

Execution of our 2006 plan shows a NPV based on the Total Resource Cost analysis of the individual programs of \$176,308. Total costs to achieve this energy saving were \$168,530.

3. Discussion of Programs

Detailed information about our CDM plan is attached to this report in the Appendix B for each program. In the following information we provide an overview of each of the various programs (including the appropriate Appendix B for the program), current status and information about projections for savings etc that are a part of each Appendix B. Summary data for all program components is found in Appendix A following this brief introduction in this section.

Appendix A - Evaluation of the CDM Plan

Highlighted boxes are to be completed manually, white boxes are linked to Appendix C and will be brought forward automatically.

	5 Cumulative Totals Life-to- date	Total for 2006	Residential	Commercial	Institutional	Industrial	Agricultural	LDC System	4 Smart Meters	Other #1	Other #2
Net TRC value (\$):	\$ 305,245	\$ 176,308	\$ 49,286	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 127,022	\$ -	\$ -		\$ -	\$ -
Benefit to cost ratio:	3.32	3.65	3.15	0.00	0.00	3.91	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00
Number of participants or units delivered:	83,433	41,728	41,418			310					
Lifecycle (kWh) Savings:	10,688,946	6,699,975	2,306,600	0	0	4,393,375	0	0		0	0
Report Year Total kWh saved (kWh):	642,260	327,376	151,641	0	0	175,735	0	0		0	0
Total peak demand saved (kW):		75	48	0	0	27	0	0		0	0
Total kWh saved as a percentage of total kWh delivered (%):	0.10%	0.09%	0.10%			0.12%					
Peak kW saved as a percentage of LDC peak kW load (%):		0.10%	0.06%			0.04%					
Report Year Gross C&DM expenditures (\$):	\$ 404,940	\$ 168,530	\$ 99,766	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 43,578	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 25,186	\$ -	\$ -
² Expenditures per KWh saved (\$/kWh):	\$ 0.63	\$ 0.51	\$ 0.66	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 0.25	\$ -	\$ -		\$ -	\$ -
з Expenditures per KW saved (\$/kW):		\$ 2,247.07	\$ 2,078.46	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,614.00	\$ -	\$ -		\$ -	\$ -

Utility discount rate (%): 6.51

¹ Expenditures are reported on accrual basis.

² Expenditures include all utility program costs (direct and indirect) for all programs which primarily generate energy savings.

³ Expenditures include all utility program costs (direct and indirect) for all programs which primarily generate capacity savings.

⁴ Please report spending related to 3rd tranche of MARR funding only. TRC calculations are not required for Smart Meters. Only actual expenditures for the year need to be reported.

⁵ Includes total for the reporting year, plus prior year, if any (for example, 2006 CDM Annual report for third tranche will include 2005 and 2004 numbers, if any.

Energy Audits for Major Customers

This program includes all costs relating to activities to promote and accomplish energy audits for major customers. In 2006 nine audits were completed with total electrical savings identified of 262 kW and 878,673 kWh. In addition 123,708 cubic metres of natural gas saving opportunities were identified for these 9 customers.

Total expenditures in 2005 for this program were \$25,192. Total expenditures for 2006 for this program were \$43,578 for a total 2005 - 2006 period expenditure of \$68,770. The original budget in the NPDI plan was \$50,000. Budget money from other less successful programs was moved over to this program due to its customer satisfaction and cost effectiveness.

Assumptions used for program analysis:

- Saving estimates for 2005/2006 are based on an implementation rate for audit recommendations of 10% and implemented opportunities were assumed to be in maintenance related recommendations with no/low capital costs. We believe this to be conservative since there is little or no additional investment needed to implement significant savings.
- We have completed 12 audits in total to year end 2006. The TRC calculation for 2005 included and expected portion for 2006 I have updated the 2006 results to reflect actual numbers. This information is in the following Appendix B 2005.
- Natural gas savings were not calculated in our TRC for the program.
- Our utility costs include the costs for technology seminars for these customers where we educate them on energy efficient technology opportunities and promote our audit program. Attendance at seminars has averaged 22 customers with a total of 5 seminars held in 2006.

NPV based on the TRC calculation for the updated 2006 numbers is \$170,600.

Appendix B - Discussion of the Program

(complete this Appendix for each program)

A. Name of the Program: Ener	gy Audits for Major Customers
------------------------------	-------------------------------

Description of the program (including intent, design, delivery, partnerships and evaluation):

This program includes all costs relating to activities to promote and accomplish energy audits for major customers. In 2006 nine audits were completed with total electrical savings identified of 262 kW and 878,673 kWh. In addition 123,708 cubic metres of natural gas saving opportunities were identified for these 9 customers.

Total expenditures in 2005 for this program were \$25,192. Total expenditures for 2006 for this program were \$43,578 for a total 2005 - 2006 period expenditure of \$68,770. The original budget in the NPDI plan was \$50,000. Budget money from other loess successful programs was moved over to this program due to it's high profile and cost effectiveness.

Measure(s):	Magazira	N 4 -	0 (# amalia-lala)	Ma	(! . !	k!-\
5	Measure 1	Meas	sure 2 (if applicable)	Measure 3	(if appli	cable)
Base case technology:	No changes to plant operations					
Efficient technology:	Various changes based on audit recommendations.					
Number of participants or units						
delivered for reporting year:	260					
Measure life (years):	25					
Number of Partipants or unites						
delievered Ife to date	520					
TRC Results:		<u> </u>	Reporting Year	Life-to-date	TRC R	esults
TRC Benefits (\$):		\$	170,600.00	\$	24	42,400
² TRC Costs (\$):		\$	43,578.00		\$ (69,269
***	program cost (excluding incentives):	\$	10,336.81		·	,
	tal Measure Costs (Equipment Costs)	\$	33,241.19			
	Total TRC costs:	•	43,578.00			
Net TRC (in year CDN \$):	7 010 7 10 00010.	· ·				
Benefit to Cost Ratio (TRC Benefit	s/TRC Costs):	\$	3.91		\$	3
Results: (one or more category ma	ay apply)			Cumulati	ve Res	ults:
Conservation Programs:						
Demand savings (kW):	Summer	7				
	Winter	20				
				Cumulative	Cumu	lative
	lifecycle		in year	Lifecycle	Annua	al Savi
Energy saved (kWh): Other resources saved:	4393375	175735		6470000	25880	00
Natural Gas (m3). 618550		24742			490
Other (specify			27172			430
Outer (specify	<i>).</i>					
Demand Management Programs	<u> </u>					
Controlled load (kW)						
Energy shifted On-peak to Mid-pea						
	k (kM/h):					
Energy shifted On-peak to Off-pea						
Energy shifted On-peak to Off-pea Energy shifted Mid-peak to Off-pea Demand Response Programs:						
Energy shifted On-peak to Off-pea Energy shifted Mid-peak to Off-pea						

Power Factor Correction Programs Amount of KVar installed (KVar): Distribution system power factor at b Distribution system power factor at e	egining of year (%):	
<u>Line Loss Reduction Programs:</u> Peak load savings (kW):	lifequala	invoor
Energy savngs (kWh):	lifecycle	in year
Distributed Generation and Load I Amount of DG installed (kW): Energy generated (kWh): Peak energy generated (kWh): Fuel type:	Displacement Programs:	
Other Programs (specify): Metric (specify):		

Incremental O&M:

Total:

D.	Actual Program Costs:		Reporting Year	Cumlative Life to Date
	Utility direct costs (\$):	Incremental capital:		
		Incremental O&M:	\$ 10,336.81	
		Incentive:	\$ 33,241.19	
		Total:	\$ 43,578.00	\$ 69,269.00
	Utility indirect costs (\$):	Incremental capital:		

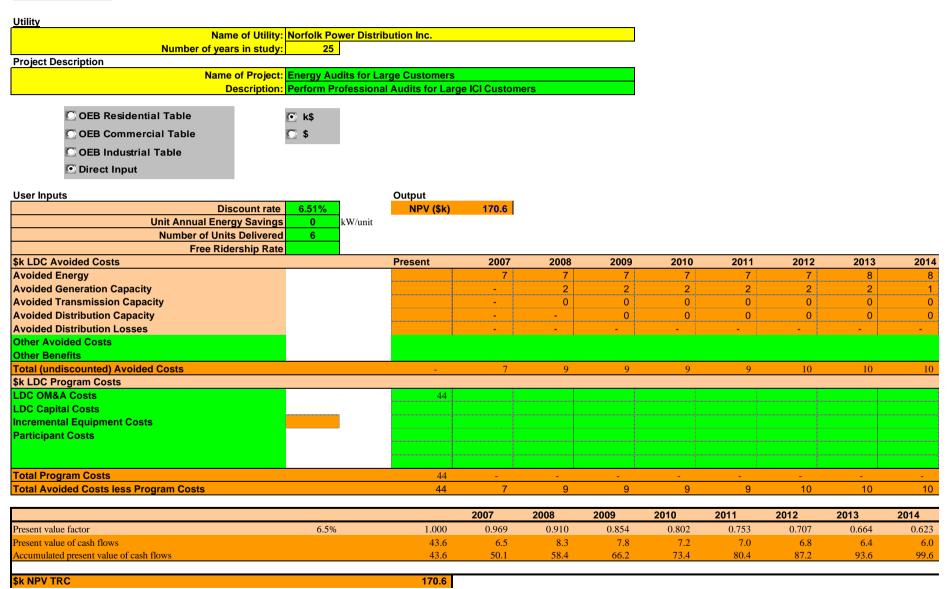
E. Assumptions & Comments:

As noted in the program description, natural gas savings identified through the audit program (and shown in the Conservation Results section of part C) were not used in the TRC calculation. The results ae actual for 2006.

¹ Benefits should be estimated if costs have been incurred <u>and</u> the technology has been deployed. Benefits reflect the present value of the measure for the number of units deployed in the year, i.e. the number of units times the net present value per unit b

² For technologies which have not been deployed but for which the LDC has incurred costs, report only the TRC costs on a present value basis. Incentives (e.g. rebates) from the LDC to a customer are not a component of the TRC costs. However, payments made

Net Present Value_{™C}



Net Present Value_™ Utility **Project Description** OEB OEB OEB Direct **User Inputs** \$k LDC Avoided Co Avoided Energy Avoided Generatio Avoided Transmiss **Avoided Distributio Avoided Distribution** Other Avoided Cos Other Benefits Total (undiscounte \$k LDC Program Co LDC OM&A Costs **LDC Capital Costs** Incremental Equipr **Participant Costs** Total Program Cos **Total Avoided Cost**

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
Present value factor	0.585	0.549	0.516	0.484	0.455	0.427	0.401	0.376	0.353	0.332	0.311	0.292	0.274	0.258
Present value of cash fl	5.8	5.6	5.4	5.1	4.9	4.7	4.5	4.4	4.2	4.0	3.8	3.6	3.4	3.2
Accumulated present v	105.4	111.0	116.3	121.5	126.4	131.0	135.6	140.0	144.2	148.2	152.0	155.6	159.0	162.2

\$k NPV TRC

Net Present Value

User Inputs

<u>Utility</u>	
Project Description	
-	
○ OEB	
C OEB	
○ OEB	
Direct	

AL 100 A 11 10	2222	2222	2004
\$k LDC Avoided Co	2029	2030	2031
Avoided Energy	11	11	11
Avoided Generatio	1	1	1
Avoided Transmiss	0	0	0
Avoided Distributic	0	0	0
Avoided Distributio	-	-	-
Other Avoided Cos			
Other Benefits			
Total (undiscounte	12	12	12
\$k LDC Program Co			
LDC OM&A Costs			
LDC Capital Costs			
Incremental Equipr			
Participant Costs			

	2029	2030	2031
Present value factor	0.242	0.227	0.213
Present value of cash fl	3.0	2.8	2.6
Accumulated present v	165.1	167.9	170.6

	Saving Identific	ed Through	Industrial Aud	it Program		
	Electric	ity			Natura	l gas
Customer	System	Peak	Energy	Hours of use	System	Energy (Cu M)
	Compressed air leakage	30	238255		Blow Down HR	38208
Unilever Breyers	HVAC Programmable Operation	38		Summer only	HVAC Prog Op	4500
	Suction Pressue Modification	65	237120			
Total		133	555375			42708
Calvalry	Lighting Retrofit	17	16700			
Total		17	16700			0
Pharmazave	Lighting Retrofit	10	6500			
Total		10	6500			0
Norfolk General Hospital	Lighting Retrofit	10	28755		Boiler Con. Upgrade	81000
					Reduce Blr Blowdw	1543
Total		10	28755			81000
Del Bac Sales	Lighting Retrofit	2	4400			
Total		2	4400			0
Violia Delhi Plant	A/C Optimization	3	4540	Summer only		
	Blower Control/Optimization	15	65664			
Violia Norfolk Plant	A/C Optimization	6	12120	Summer only		
	Lighting Retrofit	2	15488			
	HWH Reduced Digester Flaring	42	91657			
Violia Port Dover Plant	A/C Optimization	4		Summer only		
	Sewage Pump Optimization	15		Summer only		
Total		87	259983			
Simceo Opthemetric	Lighting Retrofit	3	6960			
Total		3	6960			0
Gran	nd Total	262	878,673			42,708
Summer only		66	167,174			
All year		196	711,499			123,708

Assuming 10 % implementation rate						
Summer only	7	33,435				
All year	20	142,300		24,742		
Total (Peak in summer)	26	175,735		24,742		

Smart Meter Pilot Program

This program includes all costs expended to date on Smart Metering. Norfolk Power does not have a smart metering pilot program in place. Costs are of an administrative nature relating to smart metering activities including the costs of participation/membership in the OUSM group initiative.

Norfolk Power has been working collectively with the NEPA members and Util-Assist on their Smart Meter Initiative. The goals of this concerted effort are to cost effectively plan for this deployment, and ensure due diligence is accommodated. We are examining the benefits of a collaborative approach to planning, as well as procurement of AMI and Installation services

At this point we have not completed a TRC analysis for Smart Metering. Costs are shown on Appendix C in the Gross C&DM expenditures total.

Water Heater Replacement Program

This program includes all costs expended to date on replacement of older (more than 10 years) water heaters. These water heaters are electric tanks rented by the Norfolk Power Distribution Inc. affiliate company, Norfolk Energy Inc. During 2006 a bill insert promotion was done for the customers in Norfolk and Haldimand Counties.

The program was not tracked in 2006 but a firm structure was set up to aggressively move forward with water heater replacements for 2007. Costs were incurred for 2007 program set up which amounted to \$10,154.

Appendix B - Discussion of the Program

(complete this Appendix for each program)

Water Heater Replacement Program

Description of the program (inclu	ding intent, design, delivery, par	tnerships and evaluation):		
This program includes all costs experience tanks rented by the Norfolk done for the customers in Norfolk are energy conservation and long lastin greater impact. The program was not tracked in 200 2007. Costs were incurred for 2007	Power Distribution Inc. affiliate comnd Haldimand Counties. This progr g sustainability. When coupled with	pany, Norfolk Energy Inc. Durin am although it provides a negation a load control/response program o aggressively move forward with	g 2006 a bill inse re TRC, is still the m the results will	ert promotion was e right thing for have an even
Measure(s):				
weasure(s).	Measure 1	Measure 2 (if applicable)	Measure 3	(if applicable)
Base case technology:	Leave old tanks in place	() []		(5// 5555 5/
Efficient technology:	Install new energy efficient tanks			
Number of participants or units				
delivered for reporting year:	0			
Measure life (years):	18			
Number of Participants or unites				
delivered life to date	128			
B. TRC Results:		Reporting Year	Life-to-date	TRC Results:
¹ TRC Benefits (\$):		\$ -	<u>=110 10 aa10</u>	-6650
² TRC Costs (\$):		\$ -		5959
()	program cost (excluding incentives):	•		5959
•	al Measure Costs (Equipment Costs)			3196
	Total TRC costs:		\$	91,559.00
Net TRC (in year CDN \$):				
Benefit to Cost Ratio (TRC Benefits	/TRC Costs):			-1.1
C. Results: (one or more category ma	y apply)		Cumulati	ive Results:

Demand Savings (KW).	Winter			
	lifecycle	in year	Cumulative Lifecycle	Cumulative Annual Savings
Energy saved (kWh):			500688	27816
Other resources saved :				
Natural Gas (m3):				
Other (specify):				

Demand Management Programs: Controlled load (kW) Energy shifted On-peak to Mid-peak (kWh): Energy shifted On-peak to Off-peak (kWh): Energy shifted Mid-peak to Off-peak (kWh):

Demand Response Programs: Dispatchable load (kW):

Conservation Programs:

Name of the Program:

Peak hours dispatched in year (hours):

Power Factor Correction Programs: Amount of KVar installed (KVar):

Other Programs (specify): Metric (specify):		
Other Programs (specify):		
Fuel type:		
Peak energy generated (kWh):		
Energy generated (kWh):		
Amount of DG installed (kW):		
Distributed Generation and Load	Displacement Programs:	
Energy savngs (kWh):		
F	lifecycle	in year
Peak load savings (kW):	177	
Line Loss Reduction Programs:		
	ena ot year (%):	
Distribution system power factor at	I - f (0/)	

D.	Actual Program Costs:		Reporting Year	Cumlative Life to Date
	Utility direct costs (\$):	Incremental capital:		\$ 31,968.00
		Incremental O&M:	\$ 10,154.00	\$ 59,591.00
		Incentive:		
		Total:		
	Utility indirect costs (\$):	Incremental capital:		
		Incremental O&M:		
		Total:	\$ 10,154.00	\$ 91,559.00

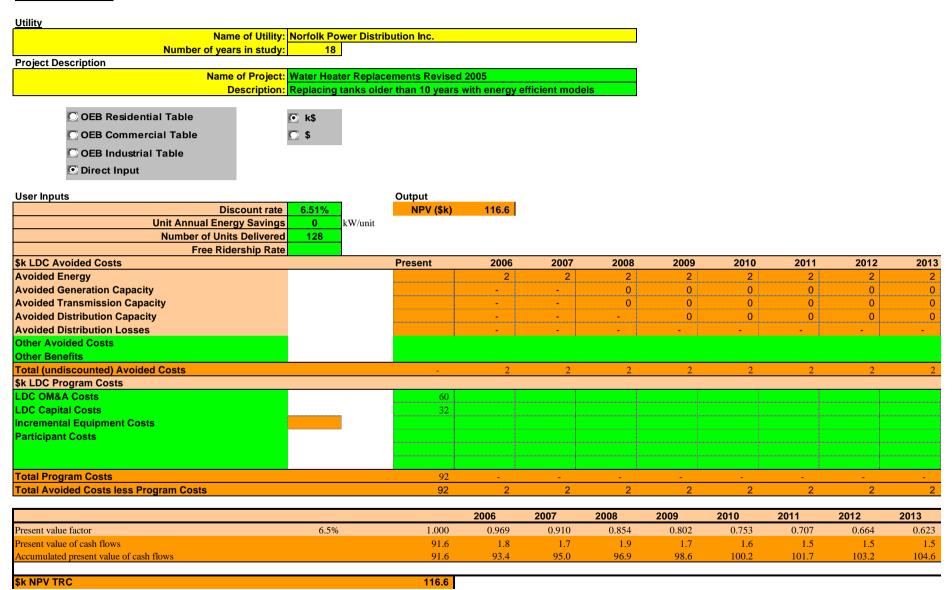
E. Assumptions & Comments:

¹ Benefits should be estimated if costs have been incurred and the technology has been deployed. Benefits reflect the present value of the measure for the number of units deployed in the year, i.e. the number of units times the net present value per unit b

For technologies which have not been deployed but for which the LDC has incurred costs, report only the TRC costs on a present value basis. Incentives (e.g. rebates) from the LDC to a customer are not a component of the TRC costs. However, payments made

			vsis	ter loss reduction analy	Water hea			
ent (assumes	component (Demand o		ohn Wood	Current tanks purchased from J			
	our operatio			71	n tank maximum standby losses =	For a 40 gallor		
lon	60 gallon	40 gallon	91		tank maximum standby losses =	For a 60 gallor		
.091	0.091	0.071	2.184	1.704	Daily losses (in kWh)			
			797.16	621.96	Annual losses (in kWh)			
					Old tanks (pre 1996)			
				96	tank maximum standby losses =	For a 40 gallor		
			115		tank maximum standby losses =	For a 60 gallor		
.115	0.115	0.096	2.76	2.304	Daily losses (in kWh)			
			1007.4	840.96	Annual losses (in kWh)			
			210.24	219	n pre 1996 tank and new energy efficient tank =	ı savings betweer	Annual kWh	
				ion	OEB Reporting informat			
er Tota dema save	Demand saving per tank		Total annual kWh reported	kWh per tank	Number of tanks in report period	Tank size	Reporting Date	
2.6		0.025	22,776	219	104	40	31-Dec-07	
4 0.57	0.024		5,046	210.24	24	60	31-Dec-07	
			27,822	Totals				

Net Present Value_{™C}



Net Present Value

<u>Utility</u>	
Project Description	
C OEB	
OEB	
□ OEB	
Direct	
User Inputs	

\$k LDC Avoided Co	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Avoided Energy	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3
Avoided Generatio	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Avoided Transmiss	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Avoided Distributio	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Avoided Distribution	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Avoided Cos										
Other Benefits										
Total (undiscounte	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
\$k LDC Program Co										
LDC OM&A Costs										
LDC Capital Costs										
Incremental Equipr										
Participant Costs										
Total Program Cos	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Avoided Cost	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Present value factor	0.585	0.549	0.516	0.484	0.455	0.427	0.401	0.376	0.353	0.332
Present value of cash fl	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0
Accumulated present v	106.0	107.4	108.7	110.0	111.2	112.4	113.5	114.6	115.6	116.6

\$k NPV TRC

Load Control Pilot Program

2006 saw a lot of time and effort putting together a program to implement a residential load control program for NPDI. Unfortunately, the announcement from the Minister of Energy re: the OPA's summer 2007 Residential Load Control program put a halt to the impending NPDI program.

The costs associated with this program are the costs NPDI spent setting up the infrastructure to run their own pilot. As the OPA's Residential Load Control Program comes into being there may be an opportunity to use these funds effectively to control load not targeted in the OPA program.

Total Expenditure for this program in 2006 was \$8,490.

Appendix B - Discussion of the Program

(complete this Appendix for each program)

A.	Name of the Program:	Load Control Pilot									
	Description of the program (including intent, design, delivery, partnerships and evaluation):										
2006 saw a lot of time and effort putting together a program to implement a residential load control program for NPDI. Unfortuna announcement from the Minister of Energy re: the OPA's summer 2007 Residential Load Control program put a halt to the imper NPDI program. The costs associated with this program are the costs NPDI spent setting up the infrastructure to run their own pilot. As the OPA's Residential Load Control Program comes into being there may be an opportunity to use these funds effectively to control load no targeted in the OPA program.											
	Measure(s):		M 0 (% 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	M	Cr						
	Base case technology:	Measure 1 Existing uncontrolled water heate	Measure 2 (if applicable)	Measure 3 ((if applicable)						
	Efficient technology:	Controlled tanks									
	Number of participants or units										
	delivered for reporting year:	0									
	Measure life (years):	12									
	Number of Partipants or unites delievered Ife to date										
В.	TRC Results:		Reporting Year	<u>Life-to-date</u>	TRC Results:						
	TRC Benefits (\$):										
2	² TRC Costs (\$):										
Utility program cost (excluding incentives):											
	Incrementa	Il Measure Costs (Equipment Costs)									
		Total TRC costs:									
	Net TRC (in year CDN \$):										
	Benefit to Cost Ratio (TRC Benefits/	TRC Costs):									
	Decultor (one or more extensive more			0 1.0	. .						
C.	Results: (one or more category may	у арріу)		Cumulativ	<u>/e Results:</u>						
	Conservation Programs:										
	Demand savings (kW):	Summer									
	Demand Savings (KW).	Winter									
		vvinter									
		lifecycle	in year	Cumulative Lifecycle	Cumulative Annual Savings						
	Energy saved (kWh):										
	Other resources saved :										
	Natural Gas (m3):										
	Other (specify):										
	Demand Management Programs:										
	Controlled load (kW)										
	Energy shifted On-peak to Mid-peak (kWh): Energy shifted On-peak to Off-peak (kWh):										
	Energy shifted Mid-peak to Off-peak	(kWh):									
	Demand Response Programs:										
	Dispatchable load (kW):										
	Peak hours dispatched in year (hour	rs):									
	Power Factor Correction Program	<u>s:</u>									

Amount of KVar installed (KVar):

Distribution system power factor at begining of year (%):

Distribution system power factor at end of year (%):						
Line Loss Reduction Programs:						
Peak load savings (kW):						
	lifecycle	in year				
Energy savngs (kWh):						
Distributed Generation and Load I	Displacement Programs:					
Amount of DG installed (kW):						
Energy generated (kWh):						
Peak energy generated (kWh):						
Fuel type:						
Other Programs (specify):						
Metric (specify):						

D.	Actual Program Costs:		Reporting Year	Cumlative Life to Date
	Utility direct costs (\$):	Incremental capital:		
		Incremental O&M:	\$ 8,490.39	\$ 15,417.87
		Incentive:		
		Total:	\$ 8,490.39	\$ 15,417.87
	Utility indirect costs (\$):	Incremental capital:		
		Incremental O&M:		
		Total:	\$ 8,490.39	\$ 15,417.87

E. Assumptions & Comments:

Program and technology set up to take advantage of OPA Residential Load control program if possible. Otherwise money will be redirected to more effective programs with OEB approval.

¹ Benefits should be estimated if costs have been incurred <u>and</u> the technology has been deployed. Benefits reflect the present value of the measure for the number of units deployed in the year, i.e. the number of units times the net present value per unit b

For technologies which have not been deployed but for which the LDC has incurred costs, report only the TRC costs on a present value basis. Incentives (e.g. rebates) from the LDC to a customer are not a component of the TRC costs. However, payments made

Distribution Loss Reduction

This program has been terminated in favour of more effective, applicable programs. Funds will be redirected at a future date.

Compact Fluorescent Education and Giveaway

This program was designed to promote the awareness and understanding of compact fluorescent lights within the NPDI community. As we all know, compact fluorescent lighting is a fantastic method of providing energy efficient lighting within the home. However, a misapplied CFL can become problematic for the customer and leave a bad taste in their mouth for this highly efficient source of lighting.

Using Fairs, trade shows and other conservation events, NPDI gave away to the public within Norfolk, high quality CFL's and provided educational pieces to help the customer understand what to buy and where to use them.

NPV based on TRC calculations, for this program for 2006 was \$12,814 at a cost of \$6787.45.

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Appendix B - Discussion of the Program

(complete this Appendix for each program)

A.	Name of the Program:	Compact Fluorescent Education and Giveaway

Description of the program (including intent, design, delivery, partnerships and evaluation):

This program was designed to promote the awareness and understanding of compact fluorescent lights within the NPDI community. As we all know, compact fluorescent lighting is a fantastic method of providing energy efficient lighting within the home. However, a misapplied CFL can become problematic for the customer and leave a bad taste in their mouth for this highly efficient source of lighting.

	Using Fairs, trade shows and other conservation events, NPDI gave away to the public within Norfolk, high quality CFL's and provided educational pieces to help the customer understand what to buy and were to use them.								
	Measure(s):	: Measure 1 Measure 2 (if applicable)			Measure 3 (if applicable)				
	Base case technology:	60W Inca	andescent	, I		casare 2 (ii applicable)	Weddare o (ii applicable)		
	Efficient technology:		ew-In 15W						
	Number of participants or units								
	delivered for reporting year:			918					
	Measure life (years):			4					
	Number of Partipants or unites								
	delievered Ife to date			918					
3.	TRC Results:					Reporting Year	Life-to-date	TRC Results:	
	TRC Benefits (\$):				\$	29,789.28			
	TRC Costs (\$):				\$	6,787.45			
	1.7	nrogram co	st (excludin	g incentives):	φ \$	3,372.49			
		-	•	pment Costs)	\$				
	morementa	ii ivieasure (3,414.96			
	Not TDC (in view CDN ft).		I Ota	I TRC costs:	\$	6,787.45			
	Net TRC (in year CDN \$):								
	Benefit to Cost Ratio (TRC Benefits/TRC Costs):			\$	4.39				
Э.	Results: (one or more category may apply)						Cumulat	ve Results:	
	Conservation Programs:								
	Demand savings (kW):			Summer					
				Winter	19				
							Cumulative	Cumulative	
			lifecycle)		in year	Lifecycle	Annual Savings	
	Energy saved (kWh):	345020	-		86255				
	Other resources saved :								
	Natural Gas (m3):								
	Other (specify):								
	Demand Management Programs:								
	Controlled load (kW)								
	Energy shifted On-peak to Mid-peak	(kWh)							
	Energy shifted On-peak to Off-peak								
	Energy shifted On-peak to On-peak (kWh):								
	Demand Response Programs:	. ,							
	Dispatchable load (kW):								
	Peak hours dispatched in year (hours):								
	Power Factor Correction Program								
	Amount of KVar installed (KVar):	. <u></u>							
	Distribution system power factor at l	neainina of	f vear (%).						

	Line Loss Reduction Programs:			
	Peak load savings (kW):			
	_	lifecycle	in year	
	Energy savngs (kWh):			
	Distributed Generation and Load I	Displacement Programs:		
	Amount of DG installed (kW):			
	Energy generated (kWh):			
	Peak energy generated (kWh):			
	Fuel type:			
	Other Programs (specify):			
	Metric (specify):			
	Wethe (openly).			
Ο.	Actual Program Costs:		Reporting Year	Cumlative Life to Date
	Utility direct costs (\$):	Incremental capital:		
		Incremental O&M:	\$ 3,372.49	
		Incentive:	\$ 3,414.96	
		Total:	\$ 6,787.45	
	Utility indirect costs (\$):	Incremental capital:		
		Incremental O&M:		
		Total:		
Ε.	Assumptions & Comments:			

Distribution system power factor at end of year (%):

¹ Benefits should be estimated if costs have been incurred and the technology has been deployed. Benefits reflect the present value of the measure for the number of units deployed in the year, i.e. the number of units times the net present value per unit b

For technologies which have not been deployed but for which the LDC has incurred costs, report only the TRC costs on a present value basis. Incentives (e.g. rebates) from the LDC to a customer are not a component of the TRC costs. However, payments made

Net Present ValueTRC

Utility						
Name of Utility:	Norfolk Power Di	stribution Inc.				
Number of years in study:	4					
Project Description						
Name of Project:	Compact Fluores	cent Education and Giveav	vay			
Description:	Educate and prov	ide CFL information and p	roduct to custome	rs		
OEB Residential Table	☐ k\$					
C OEB Commercial Table	⊙ \$					
C OEB Industrial Table						
Direct Input						
User Inputs		Output				
Discount rate	6.51%	Output NPV (\$)	12,814.39			
Unit Annual Energy Savings	0.31 /8 0 kW/uni		12,014.39			
Number of Units Delivered	918	ıı				
Free Ridership Rate	10%					
LDC Avoided Costs		Present	2007	2008	2009	201
Avoided Energy			5,964.05	6,201.51	5,937.85	5,997.44
Avoided Generation Capacity			-	-	-	-
Avoided Transmission Capacity			-	-	-	-
Avoided Distribution Capacity			-	-	-	-
Avoided Distribution Losses			-	-	-	-
Other Avoided Costs						
Other Benefits						
Total (undiscounted) Avoided Costs		-	5,964.05	6,201.51	5,937.85	5,997.4
LDC Program Costs						
LDC OM&A Costs		- 3,372.49				
LDC Capital Costs		- 3,414.96				
Incremental Equipment Costs	(1.7)	- 1,700.00				
Participant Costs						
		2.127.17				
Total Program Costs		- 8,487.45		-		
Total Avoided Costs less Program Costs		- 8,487.45	5,964.05	6,201.51	5,937.85	5,997.44
			2007	2008	2009	2010
Present value factor	6.5%	1.000	0.969	0.910	0.854	0.802
Present value of cash flows		- 8,487.45	5,778.92	5,641.73	5,071.69	4,809.5
Accumulated present value of cash flows		- 8,487.45 -	2,708.53	2,933.20	8,004.89	12,814.3
NPV TRC		12,814.39				

LED Seasonal Light Exchange Program

This Program was designed to coincide with the OPA's launch of their similar style program. During the months of November and December of 2006, NPDI gave out one string of LED seasonal lights for every conventional string that was turned in for destruction and recycling. The program was even more successful than first anticipated. Not only were all 2500 strings exchanged but we received 3650 strings of old style lights in exchange that were then decommissioned and recycled.

NPV based on TRC calculations, for this program for 2006 was \$59,383 at a cost of \$16,125.

Appendix B - Discussion of the Program

(complete this Appendix for each program)

A.	Name of the Program:	LED Seasonl Lights Exchange

Description of the program (including intent, design, delivery, partnerships and evaluation):

This Program was designed to coincide with the OPA's launch of their similar style program. During the months of November and December of 2006, NPDI gave out one string of LED seasonal lights for every conventional string that was turned in for destruction and recycling. The program was even more successful than first anticipated. Not only were all 2500 strings exchanged but we received 3650 strings of old style lights in exchange that were then decommissioned and recycled.

strings of old style lights in exchange that were then decommissioned and recycled.								
Measure(s):								
	Measure 1	Mea	asure 2 (if applicable)	Measure 3	(if applicable)			
Base case technology:	5 WATT Christmas lights C-7(64	lights)	· · · · ·		,			
Efficient technology:	LED Christmas Lights (indoor or	outdoor)						
Number of participants or units								
delivered for reporting year:	2500							
Measure life (years):	30							
Number of Partipants or unites								
delievered Ife to date	2500							
TRC Results:			Reporting Year	Life-to-date	TRC Results:			
¹ TRC Benefits (\$):		\$	91,635.82	\$	91,635.8			
² TRC Costs (\$):		\$	16,125.00	\$	16,125.0			
Utility դ	program cost (excluding incentives):	\$	1,103.00	\$	1,103.0			
Incrementa	Measure Costs (Equipment Costs)	\$	15,022.92		15,022.9			
	Total TRC costs:	\$	16,125.92		16,125.9			
Net TRC (in year CDN \$):		•	-, -		-,			
Benefit to Cost Ratio (TRC Benefits/	TRC Costs):	\$	5.68					
Results: (one or more category may	Results: (one or more category may apply)				ive Results:			
Conservation Programs:								
Demand savings (kW):	Summer							
zemana earmige (mr):	Winter	29						
	vinci	20						
				Cumulative	Cumulative			
	lifecycle		in year	Lifecycle	Annual Savin			
Energy saved (kWh):	1961580	65386						
Other resources saved :								
Natural Gas (m3):								
Other (specify):								
Demand Management Programs:								
0 , 11 , 1 , 1 , 1 , 1 , 1 , 1 , 1 , 1								
Controlled load (kW)								
Controlled load (kW) Energy shifted On-peak to Mid-peak	(kWh):							
Energy shifted On-peak to Mid-peak	• •							
, ,	(kWh):							
Energy shifted On-peak to Mid-peak Energy shifted On-peak to Off-peak Energy shifted Mid-peak to Off-peak	(kWh):							
Energy shifted On-peak to Mid-peak Energy shifted On-peak to Off-peak Energy shifted Mid-peak to Off-peak Demand Response Programs:	(kWh):							
Energy shifted On-peak to Mid-peak Energy shifted On-peak to Off-peak Energy shifted Mid-peak to Off-peak Demand Response Programs: Dispatchable load (kW):	(kWh): (kWh):							
Energy shifted On-peak to Mid-peak Energy shifted On-peak to Off-peak Energy shifted Mid-peak to Off-peak Demand Response Programs:	(kWh): (kWh):							
Energy shifted On-peak to Mid-peak Energy shifted On-peak to Off-peak Energy shifted Mid-peak to Off-peak Demand Response Programs: Dispatchable load (kW): Peak hours dispatched in year (hour Power Factor Correction Program	(kWh): (kWh): (s):							
Energy shifted On-peak to Mid-peak Energy shifted On-peak to Off-peak Energy shifted Mid-peak to Off-peak Demand Response Programs: Dispatchable load (kW): Peak hours dispatched in year (hour Power Factor Correction Program Amount of KVar installed (KVar):	(kWh): (kWh): s):							
Energy shifted On-peak to Mid-peak Energy shifted On-peak to Off-peak Energy shifted Mid-peak to Off-peak Demand Response Programs: Dispatchable load (kW): Peak hours dispatched in year (hour Power Factor Correction Program	(kWh): (kWh): s):							

Line Loss	Reduction	Programs:
-----------	-----------	------------------

Peak load savings (kW):		
	lifecycle	in year
Energy savngs (kWh):		
Distributed Generation and Load D Amount of DG installed (kW): Energy generated (kWh): Peak energy generated (kWh): Fuel type:	Displacement Programs:	

Other Programs (specify):

Metric (specify):

Actual Program Costs:		<u>R</u>	eporting Year	Cumlative Life to Date
Utility direct costs (\$):	Incremental capital:			
	Incremental O&M:	\$	1,103.00	
	Incentive:	\$	15,022.92	
	Total:	\$	16,125.92	
11011 to the disease of a set of (A)				
Utility indirect costs (\$):	Incremental capital:			
	Incremental O&M:			
	Total:			

E. Assumptions & Comments:

TRC was based on number of old style lights taken out of service. Concept being that they will be avoided energy.

¹ Benefits should be estimated if costs have been incurred <u>and</u> the technology has been deployed. Benefits reflect the present value of the measure for the number of units deployed in the year, i.e. the number of units times the net present value per unit b

For technologies which have not been deployed but for which the LDC has incurred costs, report only the TRC costs on a present value basis. Incentives (e.g. rebates) from the LDC to a customer are not a component of the TRC costs. However, payments made

Net Present ValueTRC

Utility						
	olk Power Distribution Inc.					
Number of years in study:	30					
Project Description						
	Seasonal Lights Exchange 2	2006				
	ace Existing strings of incan		ristmas lights			
⊙ OEB Residential Table ○ k	\$					
© OEB Commercial Table \$						
OEB Industrial Table						
☐ Direct Input						
User Inputs	Output					
		NPV (\$) 59,383.98				
3, 3	0 kW/unit					
	Took in 1.5 avg for every	LED given away.				
	5%	0007	0000	2000	0040	0044
LDC Avoided Costs	Present	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Avoided Energy Avoided Generation Capacity		5,024.26	4,997.45	4,801.94	4,941.87	4,895.45
Avoided Generation Capacity Avoided Transmission Capacity		-			-	
Avoided Distribution Capacity		-	-	-		-
Avoided Distribution Capacity Avoided Distribution Losses			-	······		-
Other Avoided Costs		-		-		-
Other Benefits						
Total (undiscounted) Avoided Costs		- 5,024.26	4,997.45	4,801.94	4,941.87	4,895.45
LDC Program Costs		5,024.20	4,771.43	4,001.74	4,741.07	4,673.43
LDC OM&A Costs		,103.00				
LDC Capital Costs		5,022.92				
Incremental Equipment Costs		5,900.00				
Participant Costs						
Total Program Costs	- 23	3,025.92 -	-	-	-	-
Total Avoided Costs less Program Costs	- 23,	025.92 5,024.26	4,997.45	4,801.94	4,941.87	4,895.45
		2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Present value factor	6.5%	1.000 0.969	0.910	0.854	0.802	0.753
Present value of cash flows		3,025.92 4,868.29	4,546.35	4,101.49	3,963.01	3,685.83
Accumulated present value of cash flows	- 23	3,025.92 - 18,157.63	- 13,611.28 -	9,509.79 -	5,546.79 -	1,860.95
NPV TRC	59,	383.98				

Net Present Value_T

<u>Utility</u>	
Project Description	
⊙ OEB	
○ OEB	
□ OEB	
Direct	

Jser	Inpu	ts

LDC Avoided Costs	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Avoided Energy	4,979.14	5,544.08	5,727.16	6,012.89	6,173.74	6,332.63	6,494.79	6,653.67	6,815.83	6,983.22
Avoided Generatio	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Avoided Transmiss	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Avoided Distributic	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Avoided Distributio	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Avoided Cos										
Other Benefits										
Total (undiscounte	4,979.14	5,544.08	5,727.16	6,012.89	6,173.74	6,332.63	6,494.79	6,653.67	6,815.83	6,983.22
LDC Program Cost										
LDC OM&A Costs										
LDC Capital Costs										
Incremental Equipr										
Participant Costs										
Total Program Cos	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Avoided Cost	4.979.14	5.544.08	5.727.16	6.012.89	6.173.74	6.332.63	6.494.79	6.653.67	6.815.83	6.983.22

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Present value factor	0.707	0.664	0.623	0.585	0.549	0.516	0.484	0.455	0.427	0.401
Present value of cash fl	3,519.71	3,679.52	3,568.71	3,517.75	3,391.09	3,265.77	3,144.67	3,024.70	2,909.03	2,798.31
Accumulated present v	1,658.76	5,338.28	8,906.99	12,424.74	15,815.84	19,081.60	22,226.28	25,250.97	28,160.01	30,958.31

NPV TRC

Net Present Value₁₁ Utility Project Description

OEB
OEB
Direc

OEB

User Inputs

LDC Avoided Costs	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031
Avoided Energy	7,145.38	7,312.77	7,478.19	7,644.93	7,644.93	7,644.93	7,644.93	7,644.93	7,644.93	7,644.93
Avoided Generation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Avoided Transmiss	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Avoided Distributio	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Avoided Distributio	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Avoided Cos										
Other Benefits										
Total (undiscounte	7,145.38	7,312.77	7,478.19	7,644.93	7,644.93	7,644.93	7,644.93	7,644.93	7,644.93	7,644.93
LDC Program Cost										
LDC OM&A Costs										
LDC Capital Costs										
Incremental Equipr										

	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031
Present value factor	0.376	0.353	0.332	0.311	0.292	0.274	0.258	0.242	0.227	0.213
Present value of cash fl	2,688.28	2,583.09	2,480.08	2,380.41	2,234.91	2,098.31	1,970.06	1,849.65	1,736.60	1,630.46
Accumulated present v	33,646.59	36,229.68	38,709.76	41,090.17	43,325.08	45,423.39	47,393.46	49,243.11	50,979.70	52,610.16

7,644.93

7,644.93

7,644.93

7,644.93

7,644.93

7,644.93

NPV TRC

Participant Costs

Total Program Cos

Total Avoided Cost

7,145.38

7,312.77

7,478.19

7,644.93

Net Present Value

User Inputs

LDC Avoided Costs	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036
Avoided Energy	7,644.93	7,644.93	7,644.93	7,644.93	7,644.93
Avoided Generatio	-	-	-	-	-
Avoided Transmiss	-	-	-	-	-
Avoided Distributio	-	-	-	-	-
Avoided Distributio	-	-	-	-	-
Other Avoided Cos					
Other Benefits					
Total (undiscounte	7,644.93	7,644.93	7,644.93	7,644.93	7,644.93
LDC Program Cost					
LDC OM&A Costs					
LDC Capital Costs					
Incremental Equipr					
Participant Costs					

	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036
Present value factor	0.200	0.188	0.177	0.166	0.156
Present value of cash fl	1,530.80	1,437.24	1,349.39	1,266.91	1,189.48
Accumulated present v	54,140.96	55,578.19	56,927.59	58,194.50	59,383.98

7,644.93

7,644.93

7,644.93

NPV TRC

Total Program Cost
Total Avoided Cost

7,644.93

7,644.93

Every Kilowatt Counts Coupon Program

NPDI participated in both the spring and fall 2006 Every Kilowatt Counts (EKC) coupon program run by the OPA. Although our direct monetary investment was minimal, the time spent with customers and advertising was significant. Results for these two efforts were not as brisk as was hoped but with the lessons learned in 2006, we expect the 2007 campaigns to be much more successful.

Although not included in NPDI TRC results, the next page shows the results in our service territory.

		Fall EKC			
Technology	TRC Benefits	Incremental Equipment Costs	Program Costs	TRC Net Benefits	TRC B/C Ratio
Compact Fluorescent Bulbs	\$35,461.10	\$2,664.09		\$32,797	13.31
LED Christmas Lights (indoor or outdoor) Replacing 5w Christmas Lights C-7 (25 Lights)	¢42.005	\$455		¢42.520	28.53
LED Christmas Lights (indoor or	\$12,985	-		\$12,530	20.53
outdoor) Replacing Incandescent Mini Lights	\$4,948	\$455		\$4,493	10.87
Programmable Thermostat - Space Heating, Existing Single Family Detached	\$17,734	\$841		\$16,893	21.09
Programmable Thermostat - Space Cooling, Existing Single Family Detached	\$8,897	\$2,187		\$6,710	4.07
pStat Baseboard	\$1,859	\$81		\$1,778	22.95
Dimmer	\$2,658	\$684		\$1,974	3.89
Motion Sensor	\$2,588	\$126		\$2,462	20.54
Utility Program Costs			\$ 615.00		
Total	\$87,131	\$7,493	\$615	\$79,023	141.68

Total Resource Cost Test Resu	ults for Program (2007 \$'s)
TRC Benefits	\$12,983
TRC Costs	\$2,658
TRC Net Benefits	\$10,325
Benefit Cost Ratio	4.88
Total Summer Peak kW Savings	1.03
Total Annual kWh Savings	27,958
Total Lifecycle kWh Savings	237,042

Conserver Family

In 2006 we participated again with the NEPA utility group in maintaining of the "Conserver Family" energy information website and literature. Development costs were shared among the NEPA group during 2005. The Conserver Family is used to promote energy conservation and environmental awareness in ads, presentations to community groups and many other standard media. The web site is being considered to link up to the OPA Summer Programs for the NEPA group of utilities.

As an educational program, the TRC value of this program has not been calculated. Program total costs in 2006 were \$ 1,751.

(complete this Appendix for each program)

A.	Name of the Program:	Conserver Family											
	Description of the program (include	Description of the program (including intent, design, delivery, partnerships and evaluation):											
	In 2006 we participated again with th literature. Development costs were sconservation and environmental awabeing considered to link up to the OF	shared among the NEPA group du areness in ads, presentations to co PA Summer Programs for the NEP	oring 2005. The Conserver Family ommunity groups and many other A group of utilities.	is used to prom standard media.	ote energy The web site is								
	As an educational program, the TRC	value of this program has not bee	en calculated. Program total cost	s in 2006 were \$	1,751.								
	Measure(s):	Measure 1	Measure 2 (if applicable)	Measure 3 (if applicable)								
	Base case technology:			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,								
	Efficient technology:												
	Number of participants or units delivered for reporting year:	19000											
	Measure life (years):	19000											
	medeal o me (yeare).												
	Number of Partipants or unites												
	delievered Ife to date	37435											
В.	TRC Results:		Reporting Year	Life-to-date	TRC Results:								
1	TRC Benefits (\$):												
2	² TRC Costs (\$):												
		program cost (excluding incentives):											
	Incremental	I Measure Costs (Equipment Costs)											
	Net TRC (in year CDN \$):	Total TRC costs:											
	Benefit to Cost Ratio (TRC Benefits/	TRC Costs):											
C.	Results: (one or more category may	apply)		Cumulativ	ve Results:								
	Conservation Programs:												
	Demand savings (kW):	Summer											
		Winter											
				Cumulative	Cumulative								
	5 (4.14)	lifecycle	in year	Lifecycle	Annual Savings								
	Energy saved (kWh): Other resources saved:												
	Natural Gas (m3):												
	Other (specify):												
	Demand Management Programs:												
	Controlled load (kW)												
	Energy shifted On-peak to Mid-peak	(kWh):											
	Energy shifted On-peak to Off-peak	(kWh):											
	Energy shifted Mid-peak to Off-peak	(kWh):											
	Demand Response Programs:												
	Dispatchable load (kW):												
	Peak hours dispatched in year (hour	rs):											
	Power Factor Correction Programs	s:											

Amount of KVar installed (KVar):

Distribution system power factor at begining of year (%):

	Line Loss Reduction Programs:			
	Peak load savings (kW):	lifecycle	in year	
	Energy savngs (kWh):		-	
	<u>Distributed Generation and Load E</u> Amount of DG installed (kW): Energy generated (kWh):	Displacement Programs:		
	Peak energy generated (kWh): Fuel type:			
	Other Programs (specify): Metric (specify):			
D.	Actual Program Costs:		Reporting Year	Cumlative Life to Date
	Utility direct costs (\$):	Incremental capital: Incremental O&M: Incentive: Total:	\$ 1,751.00	\$ 25,465.20
		i otai:		
	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	Incremental capital: Incremental O&M:		
		Total:	\$ 1,751.00	\$ 25,465.20
E.	Assumptions & Comments:			

Distribution system power factor at end of year (%):

¹ Benefits should be estimated if costs have been incurred and the technology has been deployed. Benefits reflect the present value of the measure for the number of units deployed in the year, i.e. the number of units times the net present value per unit b

For technologies which have not been deployed but for which the LDC has incurred costs, report only the TRC costs on a present value basis. Incentives (e.g. rebates) from the LDC to a customer are not a component of the TRC costs. However, payments made

Residential Customer Educational

We continue to further the cause of energy conservation for our residential customers through advocacy, participation in local events and fairs, training sessions and participation in the OPA's Every Kilowatt Counts coupon programs. In 2006 NPDI promoted energy conservation at the Norfolk Fair, Norfolk County for a Sustainable Community, the Haldimand Norfolk home Builders Association and through periodic newspaper advertisements. Also, as noted above, the Conserver Joe web site continues to be a useful tool of reference for residential customers wishing to learn more about energy conservation.

Because this is an education component and difficult to quantify, the TRC was not calculated. Expenditures for this program in 2006 were \$45,153.27.

(complete this Appendix for each program)

Α.	Name of the Program:	Residential Education

Description of the program (including intent, design, delivery, partnerships and evaluation):

We continue to further the cause of energy conservation for out residential customers through advocacy, participation in local events and fairs, training sessions and participation in the OPA's Every Kilowatt Counts coupon programs. In 2006 NPDI promoted energy conservation at the Norfolk Fair, Norfolk County for a Sustainable Community, the Haldimand Norfolk home Builders Association and through periodic newspaper advertisements. Also, as noted above, the Conserver Joe web site continues to be a useful tool of reference for residential customers wishing to learn more about energy conservation. In 2005, this program was called the "2005 C&DM General Administration Costs.

Because this is an education component and difficult to quantify, the TRC was not calculated. Expenditures for this program in 2006 were \$45,153.27.

	Measure(s):	Measure 1	Measure 2 (if applicable)	Measure 3	(if applicable)
	Base case technology:	Mededie 1	Wedsure 2 (II applicable)	Wicasarc o	(ii applicable)
	Efficient technology:				
	Number of participants or units				
	delivered for reporting year:	19000			
	Measure life (years):				
	Number of Partipants or unites				
	delievered Ife to date	19000			
3.	TRC Results:		Reporting Year	Life-to-date	TRC Results:
	TRC Benefits (\$):	rioporting rour	<u> </u>	Tito itoounoi	
	² TRC Costs (\$):				
	• •	program cost (excluding incentives):			
	Incremental	I Measure Costs (Equipment Costs)			
		Total TRC costs:			
	Net TRC (in year CDN \$):				
	Benefit to Cost Ratio (TRC Benefits/	TRC Costs):			
Э.	Results: (one or more category may	apply)		Cumulati	ve Results:
				-	
	Conservation Programs:				
	Demand savings (kW):	Summer			
		Winter			
				Cumulative	Cumulative
		lifecycle	in year	Lifecycle	Annual Savings
	Energy saved (kWh):		7		
	Other resources saved :				
	Natural Gas (m3):				
	Other (specify):				
	Damand Managament Duagram				
	<u>Demand Management Programs:</u> Controlled load (kW)				
	Energy shifted On-peak to Mid-peak	(Id4/b).			
	Energy shifted On-peak to Off-peak Energy shifted Mid-peak to Off-peak				
	Demand Response Programs:				
	Dispatchable load (kW):				
	Peak hours dispatched in year (hour	s):			
	Power Factor Correction Programs	s:			

	Amount of KVar installed (KVar):				
	Distribution system power factor at begining of year (%):				
	Distribution system power factor at e	end of year (%):			
	Line Loss Reduction Programs:				
	Peak load savings (kW):				
		lifecycle		in year	
	Energy savngs (kWh):				
	Distributed Generation and Load Amount of DG installed (kW): Energy generated (kWh): Peak energy generated (kWh): Fuel type: Other Programs (specify): Metric (specify):	Displacement Programs:			
D.	Actual Program Costs:			Reporting Year	Cumlative Life to Date
	Utility direct costs (\$):	Incremental capital:			
		Incremental O&M:	\$	45,153.27	\$ 86,292.84
		Incentive:			
		Total:			

Incremental capital: Incremental O&M:

Total:

E. Assumptions & Comments:

Utility indirect costs (\$):

45,153.27 \$

86,292.84

¹ Benefits should be estimated if costs have been incurred <u>and</u> the technology has been deployed. Benefits reflect the present value of the measure for the number of units deployed in the year, i.e. the number of units times the net present value per unit b

For technologies which have not been deployed but for which the LDC has incurred costs, report only the TRC costs on a present value basis. Incentives (e.g. rebates) from the LDC to a customer are not a component of the TRC costs. However, payments made

Training

Training in 2006 included the continuation of work to train customer service staff on energy efficient equipment and programs.

Costs for this work in 2006 were \$6,805.83. Some training carried out was for commercial/industrial energy efficiency as well as residential.

(complete this Appendix for each program)

A. Name of the Program: Training									
	Description of the program (include	ling intent, design, delivery, part	nerships and evaluation):						
	Training in 2006 included the continuation of work to train customer service staff on energy efficient equipment and programs.								
	Costs for this work in 2006 were \$6,805.83. Some training carried out was for commercial/industrial energy efficiency as well as residential.								
	Measure(s):	Measure 1	Measure 2 (if applicable)	Measure 3	(if applicable)				
	Base case technology:	Wedsale 1	mododio 2 (ii applicabio)	Wicasare 6	(ii applicable)				
	Efficient technology:								
	Number of participants or units	50							
	delivered for reporting year: Measure life (years):	50							
	medeare me (years).								
	Number of Partipants or unites delievered Ife to date	100							
В.	TRC Results:		Reporting Year	Life-to-date	TRC Results:				
	TRC Benefits (\$):								
:	² TRC Costs (\$):								
		program cost (excluding incentives):							
	Incremental	Measure Costs (Equipment Costs)							
	Total TRC costs: Net TRC (in year CDN \$):								
	Benefit to Cost Ratio (TRC Benefits/TRC Costs):								
C.	Results: (one or more category may		<u>Cumulati</u>	ve Results:					
	Conservation Programs:								
	Demand savings (kW):	Summer							
		Winter							
		lifecycle	in year	Cumulative Lifecycle	Cumulative Annual Savings				
	Energy saved (kWh):								
	Other resources saved :								
	Natural Gas (m3):								
	Other (specify):								
	<u>Demand Management Programs:</u>								
	Controlled load (kW)	ZI-LAZI- V.							
	Energy shifted On-peak to Mid-peak Energy shifted On-peak to Off-peak								
	Energy shifted Mid-peak to Off-peak								
	-	().							
	Demand Response Programs:								
	Dispatchable load (kW): Peak hours dispatched in year (hour	o)·							
	r ear nours dispatched in year (nour	s <i>).</i>							
	Power Factor Correction Programs	<u>s:</u>							
	Amount of KVar installed (KVar):								
	Distribution system power factor at b Distribution system power factor at e	egining of year (%):							

|--|

Peak load savings (kW):		
	lifecycle	in year
Energy savngs (kWh):		
<u>Distributed Generation and Load I</u> Amount of DG installed (kW): Energy generated (kWh): Peak energy generated (kWh): Fuel type:	Displacement Programs:	

Other Programs (specify):

Metric (specify):

<u>rting Year</u> <u>Cum</u> l	ative Life to Date
11,305.17 \$	15,589.06
11,305.17 \$	15,589.06
	11,305.17 \$

E. Assumptions & Comments:

¹ Benefits should be estimated if costs have been incurred <u>and</u> the technology has been deployed. Benefits reflect the present value of the measure for the number of units deployed in the year, i.e. the number of units times the net present value per unit b

For technologies which have not been deployed but for which the LDC has incurred costs, report only the TRC costs on a present value basis. Incentives (e.g. rebates) from the LDC to a customer are not a component of the TRC costs. However, payments made

4. Lessons Learned

Utility Size Challenges

As a relatively small utility (approximately 20,000 customers) we face challenges that larger utilities do not share. Costs to initiate and operate CDM programs are generally not dependent on utility size. This makes program development and administration cost control difficult. In addition, meeting regulatory and reporting requirements, while important, become a high cost when compared to the overall program budget. These regulatory costs are typically independent of utility size. A regulatory cost of \$20,000 may be a relatively insignificant in a budget of \$2.5 million but significantly reduces the funds available for customer programs when a total CDM budget is \$580,000.

Shared Initiatives

Without question shared initiatives reduce the administrative cost component in delivery of CDM programs. Where they apply to our customer groups, they are a very effective way of implementing CDM.

• Two examples of this type of effective initiative in 2006 were the "LED Seasonal Light Exchange" program and the "Conserver Family" customer education and information program.

Local Initiatives

Our own local programs can be effective as long as we can minimize administration (i.e. keep them simple and partner with others who are willing/able to provide administrative support and management of the initiative).

- Our Compact Fluorescent Giveaway is a good example of this type of program. Compact Fluorescent lights were given out directly to the public but also given out indirectly by the use of other organizations. For instance, the local library gave away compact fluorescent lights on our behalf in conjunction with some of their own conservation education initiatives. This lends further credibility to the compact fluorescent as the 'good news' is coming from more than one trusted source.
- Our large customer audit program has been successful to some extent and will continue to improve in 2006. Based on past experience (from the DSM days of the 1980's) an audit alone does not produce the type of results we want to see. It is critical to make it really easy for the customer to implement change. Audit recommendations need to come with an offer to provide turn key implementation of energy efficiency improvements and firm pricing for those changes. "Partnered" firms that can implement the changes for the customer need to be easily available. Make it simple to do it and not take the customer's resources away from the customer's core business. With the coming of the Business Incentive Program through the OPA, there is even further opportunity for both past and present audits to be utilized.

Customer Education Programs

Customer education is important. It helps ensure that energy efficiency becomes more of a focus for future consumers of electricity. Certainly one of the lessons learned during 2006 is that, while education is important, it is very difficult and can be expensive to quantify the results of customer education. Statistically accurate survey information is expensive and this expense is of particular concern when the CDM budget is relatively small. (See the first paragraph in this section). The result of this issue with customer education and the validation of results is that this type of CDM component may be stopped in future unless some type of reduction in the requirements for TRC analysis is made for customer educational initiatives.

5. Conclusion

In 2006 CDM programs from NPDI were well received by our customers. The customers understand that we want to help. This includes both LDC initiated and OPA initiated programs.

Norfolk Power Distribution Inc. is committed to CDM. It makes sense for everyone and we will continue to offer programs that benefit our customers (in both the short and long term).

Sharing costs and ideas only makes sense where it is possible, and we will continue to look for those types of opportunities.

6. Appendix A

Appendix A - Evaluation of the CDM Plan

Highlighted boxes are to be completed manually, white boxes are linked to Appendix C and will be brought forward automatically.

	5 Cumulative Totals Life-to- date	Total for 2006	Residential	Commercial	Institutional	Industrial	Agricultural	LDC System	4 Smart Meters	Other #1	Other #2
Net TRC value (\$):	\$ 305,245	\$ 176,308	\$ 49,286	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 127,022	\$ -	\$ -		\$ -	\$ -
Benefit to cost ratio:	3.32	3.65	3.15	0.00	0.00	3.91	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00
Number of participants or units delivered:	83,433	41,728	41,418			310					
Lifecycle (kWh) Savings:	10,688,946	6,699,975	2,306,600	0	0	4,393,375	0	0		0	0
Report Year Total kWh saved (kWh):	642,260	327,376	151,641	0	0	175,735	0	0		0	0
Total peak demand saved (kW):		75	48	0	0	27	0	0		0	0
Total kWh saved as a percentage of total kWh delivered (%):	0.10%	0.09%	0.10%			0.12%					
Peak kW saved as a percentage of LDC peak kW load (%):		0.10%	0.06%			0.04%					
Report Year Gross C&DM expenditures (\$):	\$ 404,940	\$ 168,530	\$ 99,766	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 43,578	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 25,186	\$ -	\$ -
² Expenditures per KWh saved (\$/kWh):	\$ 0.63	\$ 0.51	\$ 0.66	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 0.25	\$ -	\$ -		\$ -	\$ -
з Expenditures per KW saved (\$/kW):		\$ 2,247.07	\$ 2,078.46	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,614.00	\$ -	\$ -		\$ -	\$ -

Utility discount rate (%): 6.51

¹ Expenditures are reported on accrual basis.

² Expenditures include all utility program costs (direct and indirect) for all programs which primarily generate energy savings.

³ Expenditures include all utility program costs (direct and indirect) for all programs which primarily generate capacity savings.

⁴ Please report spending related to 3rd tranche of MARR funding only. TRC calculations are not required for Smart Meters. Only actual expenditures for the year need to be reported.

⁵ Includes total for the reporting year, plus prior year, if any (for example, 2006 CDM Annual report for third tranche will include 2005 and 2004 numbers, if any.

7. Appendix B

(complete this Appendix for each program)

A. Name of the Program: Ener	gy Audits for Major Customers
------------------------------	-------------------------------

Description of the program (including intent, design, delivery, partnerships and evaluation):

This program includes all costs relating to activities to promote and accomplish energy audits for major customers. In 2006 nine audits were completed with total electrical savings identified of 262 kW and 878,673 kWh. In addition 123,708 cubic metres of natural gas saving opportunities were identified for these 9 customers.

Total expenditures in 2005 for this program were \$25,192. Total expenditures for 2006 for this program were \$43,578 for a total 2005 - 2006 period expenditure of \$68,770. The original budget in the NPDI plan was \$50,000. Budget money from other loess successful programs was moved over to this program due to it's high profile and cost effectiveness.

Measure(s):	Magazira	N 4 -	0 (# amalia-lala)	Ma	(! . !	k!-\
5	Measure 1	Meas	sure 2 (if applicable)	Measure 3	(if appli	cable)
Base case technology:	No changes to plant operations					
Efficient technology:	Various changes based on audit recommendations.					
Number of participants or units						
delivered for reporting year:	260					
Measure life (years):	25					
Number of Partipants or unites						
delievered Ife to date	520					
TRC Results:		<u> </u>	Reporting Year	Life-to-date	TRC R	esults
TRC Benefits (\$):		\$	170,600.00	\$	24	42,400
² TRC Costs (\$):		\$	43,578.00		\$ (69,269
***	program cost (excluding incentives):	\$	10,336.81		·	,
	tal Measure Costs (Equipment Costs)	\$	33,241.19			
	Total TRC costs:	•	43,578.00			
Net TRC (in year CDN \$):	7 010 7 10 00010.	· ·				
Benefit to Cost Ratio (TRC Benefit	s/TRC Costs):	\$	3.91		\$	3
Results: (one or more category may apply)				Cumulati	ve Res	ults:
Conservation Programs:						
Demand savings (kW):	Summer	7				
	Winter	20				
				Cumulative	Cumu	lative
	lifecycle		in year	Lifecycle	Annua	al Savi
Energy saved (kWh): Other resources saved:	4393375	175735		6470000	25880	00
Natural Gas (m3). 618550		24742			490
Other (specify			27172			430
Outer (specify	<i>).</i>					
Demand Management Programs	<u> </u>					
Controlled load (kW)						
Energy shifted On-peak to Mid-peak (kWh):						
	Energy shifted On-peak to Off-peak (kWh):					
Energy shifted On-peak to Off-pea						
Energy shifted On-peak to Off-pea Energy shifted Mid-peak to Off-pea Demand Response Programs:						
Energy shifted On-peak to Off-pea Energy shifted Mid-peak to Off-pea						

Power Factor Correction Programs: Amount of KVar installed (KVar): Distribution system power factor at begining of year (%): Distribution system power factor at end of year (%):						
<u>Line Loss Reduction Programs:</u> Peak load savings (kW):	lifequala	invoor				
Energy savngs (kWh):	lifecycle	in year				
Distributed Generation and Load Displacement Programs: Amount of DG installed (kW): Energy generated (kWh): Peak energy generated (kWh): Fuel type:						
Other Programs (specify): Metric (specify):						

Incremental O&M:

Total:

D.	Actual Program Costs:		Reporting Year	Cumlative Life to Date
	Utility direct costs (\$):	Incremental capital:		
		Incremental O&M:	\$ 10,336.81	
		Incentive:	\$ 33,241.19	
		Total:	\$ 43,578.00	\$ 69,269.00
	Utility indirect costs (\$):	Incremental capital:		

E. Assumptions & Comments:

As noted in the program description, natural gas savings identified through the audit program (and shown in the Conservation Results section of part C) were not used in the TRC calculation. The results ae actual for 2006.

¹ Benefits should be estimated if costs have been incurred <u>and</u> the technology has been deployed. Benefits reflect the present value of the measure for the number of units deployed in the year, i.e. the number of units times the net present value per unit b

² For technologies which have not been deployed but for which the LDC has incurred costs, report only the TRC costs on a present value basis. Incentives (e.g. rebates) from the LDC to a customer are not a component of the TRC costs. However, payments made

(complete this Appendix for each program)

A.	Name of the Program:	Smart Meter Pilot Program			
	Description of the program (include	ding intent, design, delivery, pa	rtnerships and evaluation):		
	This program includes all costs expeplace. Costs are of an administrative OUSM group initiative.				
	Norfolk Power has been working coll- concerted effort are to cost effectivel benefits of a collaborative approach	y plan for this deployment, and er	nsure due diligence is accommoda	ited. We are ex	
	Measure(s):	Measure 1	Measure 2 (if applicable)	Measure 3	(if applicable)
	Base case technology: Efficient technology:				
	Number of participants or units delivered for reporting year:				
	Measure life (years):				
	Number of Portinants or united				
	Number of Partipants or unites delievered Ife to date				
В.	TRC Results:		Reporting Year	Life-to-date	TRC Results:
	¹ TRC Benefits (\$):				
	² TRC Costs (\$):				
		program cost (excluding incentives):	\$ 25,185.16		
	Incremental Measure Costs (Equipment Costs) Total TRC costs:				
	Net TRC (in year CDN \$):	7010, 7710 00010.			
	Benefit to Cost Ratio (TRC Benefits/	TRC Costs):			
C.	Results: (one or more category may	apply)		Cumulati	ve Results:
	Componentian Brownson				
	Conservation Programs: Demand savings (kW):	Summer			
	Demand Savings (KVV).	Winter			
		······································			
		lifecycle	in year	Cumulative Lifecycle	Cumulative Annual Savings
	Energy saved (kWh): Other resources saved:				
	Natural Gas (m3):				
	Other (specify):				
	Demand Management Programs: Controlled load (kW) Energy shifted On-peak to Mid-peak Energy shifted On-peak to Off-peak	(kWh):			
	Energy shifted Mid-peak to Off-peak	(NVVII).			
	Demand Response Programs:				
	Dispatchable load (kW): Peak hours dispatched in year (hour.)	o).			
	i ear iiuuis uisvaltiitu III veal IIIOIII.	ા.			

<u>Power Factor Correction Programs:</u> *Amount of KVar installed (KVar):*

Metric (specify):				
Other Programs (specify):				
Fuel type:				
Peak energy generated (kWh):				
Energy generated (kWh):				
Amount of DG installed (kW):				
Distributed Generation and Load Displacement Programs:				
Energy savngs (kWh):				
	lifecycle	in year		
Peak load savings (kW):				
Line Loss Reduction Programs:				
Distribution system power factor at end of year (%):				
Distribution system power factor at begining of year (%):				

D.	Actual Program Costs:		Reporting Year	Cumlative Life to Date
	Utility direct costs (\$):	Incremental capital:		
		Incremental O&M:	\$ 25,186.16	\$ 31,743.25
		Incentive:		
		Total:		
	Utility indirect costs (\$):	Incremental capital:		
		Incremental O&M:		
		Total:	\$ 25,186.16	\$ 31,743.25

E. Assumptions & Comments:

¹ Benefits should be estimated if costs have been incurred and the technology has been deployed. Benefits reflect the present value of the measure for the number of units deployed in the year, i.e. the number of units times the net present value per unit b

² For technologies which have not been deployed but for which the LDC has incurred costs, report only the TRC costs on a present value basis. Incentives (e.g. rebates) from the LDC to a customer are not a component of the TRC costs. However, payments made

(complete this Appendix for each program)

Water Heater Replacement Program

Description of the program (inclu	ding intent, design, delivery, par	tnerships and evaluation):		
This program includes all costs experience tanks rented by the Norfolk done for the customers in Norfolk are energy conservation and long lastin greater impact. The program was not tracked in 200 2007. Costs were incurred for 2007	Power Distribution Inc. affiliate comnd Haldimand Counties. This progr g sustainability. When coupled with	pany, Norfolk Energy Inc. Durin am although it provides a negation a load control/response program o aggressively move forward with	g 2006 a bill inse re TRC, is still th n the results will	ert promotion was e right thing for have an even
Measure(s):				
weasure(s).	Measure 1	Measure 2 (if applicable)	Measure 3	(if applicable)
Base case technology:	Leave old tanks in place	()		(5// 5555 5/
Efficient technology:	Install new energy efficient tanks			
Number of participants or units				
delivered for reporting year:	0			
Measure life (years):	18			
Number of Participants or unites				
delivered life to date	128			
B. TRC Results:		Reporting Year	Life-to-date	TRC Results:
¹ TRC Benefits (\$):		\$ -	<u>=110 10 aa10</u>	-6650
² TRC Costs (\$):		\$ -		5959
()	program cost (excluding incentives):	•		5959
•	al Measure Costs (Equipment Costs)			3196
	Total TRC costs:		\$	91,559.00
Net TRC (in year CDN \$):				
Benefit to Cost Ratio (TRC Benefits	/TRC Costs):			-1.1
C. Results: (one or more category ma	y apply)		Cumulati	ive Results:

Demand Savings (KW).	Winter			
	lifecycle	in year	Cumulative Lifecycle	Cumulative Annual Savings
Energy saved (kWh):			500688	27816
Other resources saved:				
Natural Gas (m3):				
Other (specify):				

Demand Management Programs: Controlled load (kW) Energy shifted On-peak to Mid-peak (kWh): Energy shifted On-peak to Off-peak (kWh): Energy shifted Mid-peak to Off-peak (kWh):

Demand Response Programs: Dispatchable load (kW):

Conservation Programs:

Name of the Program:

Peak hours dispatched in year (hours):

Power Factor Correction Programs: Amount of KVar installed (KVar):

Other Programs (specify): Metric (specify):		
Other Programs (specify):		
Fuel type:		
Peak energy generated (kWh):		
Energy generated (kWh):		
Amount of DG installed (kW):		
Distributed Generation and Load	Displacement Programs:	
Energy savngs (kWh):		
F	lifecycle	in year
Peak load savings (kW):	177	
Line Loss Reduction Programs:		
	ena ot year (%):	
Distribution system power factor at	I - f (0/)	

D.	Actual Program Costs:		Reporting Year	Cumlative Life to Date
	Utility direct costs (\$):	Incremental capital:		\$ 31,968.00
		Incremental O&M:	\$ 10,154.00	\$ 59,591.00
		Incentive:		
		Total:		
	Utility indirect costs (\$):	Incremental capital:		
		Incremental O&M:		
		Total:	\$ 10,154.00	\$ 91,559.00

E. Assumptions & Comments:

¹ Benefits should be estimated if costs have been incurred and the technology has been deployed. Benefits reflect the present value of the measure for the number of units deployed in the year, i.e. the number of units times the net present value per unit b

For technologies which have not been deployed but for which the LDC has incurred costs, report only the TRC costs on a present value basis. Incentives (e.g. rebates) from the LDC to a customer are not a component of the TRC costs. However, payments made

(complete this Appendix for each program)

A.	Name of the Program:	Load Control Pilot							
	Description of the program (include	Description of the program (including intent, design, delivery, partnerships and evaluation):							
	2006 saw a lot of time and effort putting together a program to implement a residential load control program. The costs associated with this program are the costs NPDI spent setting up the infrastructure to run th Residential Load Control Program comes into being there may be an opportunity to use these funds etargeted in the OPA program.				ne impending ne OPA's				
	Measure(s):		M 0 (% 1 1 1 1 1	M	Cr				
	Base case technology:	Measure 1 Existing uncontrolled water heate	Measure 2 (if applicable)	Measure 3 ((if applicable)				
	Efficient technology:	Controlled tanks							
	Number of participants or units								
	delivered for reporting year:	0							
	Measure life (years):	12							
	Number of Partipants or unites delievered Ife to date								
В.	TRC Results:		Reporting Year	<u>Life-to-date</u>	TRC Results:				
	TRC Benefits (\$):								
2	² TRC Costs (\$):								
Utility program cost (excluding incentives):									
	Incrementa								
	Net TRC (in year CDN \$):								
	Benefit to Cost Ratio (TRC Benefits/	TRC Costs):							
	Decultor (one or more extensive more			0 1.0	. .				
C.	Results: (one or more category may	у арріу)		Cumulativ	<u>/e Results:</u>				
	Conservation Programs:								
	Demand savings (kW):	Summer							
	Demand Savings (KW).	Winter							
		vvinter							
		lifecycle	in year	Cumulative Lifecycle	Cumulative Annual Savings				
	Energy saved (kWh):								
	Other resources saved :								
	Natural Gas (m3):								
	Other (specify):								
	Demand Management Programs:								
	Controlled load (kW)								
	Energy shifted On-peak to Mid-peak	(kWh):							
	Energy shifted On-peak to Off-peak	(kWh):							
	Energy shifted Mid-peak to Off-peak	(kWh):							
	Demand Response Programs:								
	Dispatchable load (kW):								
	Peak hours dispatched in year (hour	rs):							
	Power Factor Correction Program	<u>s:</u>							

Amount of KVar installed (KVar):

Distribution system power factor at begining of year (%):

Distribution system power factor at end of year (%):				
Line Loss Reduction Programs:				
Peak load savings (kW):				
	lifecycle	in year		
Energy savngs (kWh):				
Distributed Generation and Load I	Displacement Programs:			
Amount of DG installed (kW):				
Energy generated (kWh):				
Peak energy generated (kWh):				
Fuel type:				
Other Programs (specify):				
Metric (specify):				

D.	Actual Program Costs:		Reporting Year	Cumlative Life to Date
	Utility direct costs (\$):	Incremental capital:		
		Incremental O&M:	\$ 8,490.39	\$ 15,417.87
		Incentive:		
		Total:	\$ 8,490.39	\$ 15,417.87
	Utility indirect costs (\$):	Incremental capital:		
		Incremental O&M:		
		Total:	\$ 8,490.39	\$ 15,417.87

E. Assumptions & Comments:

Program and technology set up to take advantage of OPA Residential Load control program if possible. Otherwise money will be redirected to more effective programs with OEB approval.

¹ Benefits should be estimated if costs have been incurred <u>and</u> the technology has been deployed. Benefits reflect the present value of the measure for the number of units deployed in the year, i.e. the number of units times the net present value per unit b

For technologies which have not been deployed but for which the LDC has incurred costs, report only the TRC costs on a present value basis. Incentives (e.g. rebates) from the LDC to a customer are not a component of the TRC costs. However, payments made

(complete this Appendix for each program)

A.	Name of the Program:	Compact Fluorescent Education and Giveaway

Description of the program (including intent, design, delivery, partnerships and evaluation):

This program was designed to promote the awareness and understanding of compact fluorescent lights within the NPDI community. As we all know, compact fluorescent lighting is a fantastic method of providing energy efficient lighting within the home. However, a misapplied CFL can become problematic for the customer and leave a bad taste in their mouth for this highly efficient source of lighting.

		trade shows and other conservation events, NPDI gave away to the public within Norfolk, high quality CFL's and provided pieces to help the customer understand what to buy and were to use them.							
	Measure(s):		Measur	o 1	Measure 2 (if applicable) Measur		Measure 3	re 3 (if applicable)	
	Base case technology:	60W Inca	andescent			cadare 2 (ii applicable)	Wicdou'i O	(ii applicable)	
	Efficient technology:		ew-In 15W						
	Number of participants or units								
	delivered for reporting year:			918					
	Measure life (years):			4					
	Number of Partipants or unites								
	delievered Ife to date			918					
<u></u> В.	TRC Results:					Reporting Year	Life-to-date	TRC Results:	
	TRC Benefits (\$):				\$	29,789.28			
	TRC Costs (\$):				\$	6,787.45			
	***	nrogram co	st (excludii	ng incentives):	φ \$	3,372.49			
			•	ipment Costs)	\$				
	morementa	ii ivieasure				3,414.96			
	Not TDC (in vice in CDN ft).		I Ota	al TRC costs:	\$	6,787.45			
	Net TRC (in year CDN \$):								
	Benefit to Cost Ratio (TRC Benefits,	/TRC Cost	ts):		\$	4.39			
C.	Results: (one or more category may apply)					Cumulat	ive Results:		
	Conservation Programs:								
	Demand savings (kW):			Summer					
				Winter	19				
							Cumulative	Cumulative	
			lifecycl	'e		in year	Lifecycle	Annual Savings	
	Energy saved (kWh):	345020			86255	·			
	Other resources saved :								
	Natural Gas (m3):								
	Other (specify):								
	Demand Management Programs:								
	Controlled load (kW)								
	Energy shifted On-peak to Mid-peak	c (kWh):							
	Energy shifted On-peak to Off-peak								
	Energy shifted Mid-peak to Off-peak (kWh): Demand Response Programs:								
	Dispatchable load (kW):								
	Peak hours dispatched in year (hou	rs):							
	Power Factor Correction Program								
	i ono i actor correction i rogian								
	Amount of KVar installed (KVar)								
	Amount of KVar installed (KVar): Distribution system power factor at l	heainina o	f vear (%)						

	Line Loss Reduction Programs:			
	Peak load savings (kW):			
	_	lifecycle	in year	
	Energy savngs (kWh):			
	Distributed Generation and Load I	Displacement Programs:		
	Amount of DG installed (kW):			
	Energy generated (kWh):			
	Peak energy generated (kWh):			
	Fuel type:			
	Other Programs (specify):			
	Metric (specify):			
	Wethe (openly).			
Ο.	Actual Program Costs:		Reporting Year	Cumlative Life to Date
	Utility direct costs (\$):	Incremental capital:		
		Incremental O&M:	\$ 3,372.49	
		Incentive:	\$ 3,414.96	
		Total:	\$ 6,787.45	
	Utility indirect costs (\$):	Incremental capital:		
		Incremental O&M:		
		Total:		
Ε.	Assumptions & Comments:			

Distribution system power factor at end of year (%):

¹ Benefits should be estimated if costs have been incurred and the technology has been deployed. Benefits reflect the present value of the measure for the number of units deployed in the year, i.e. the number of units times the net present value per unit b

For technologies which have not been deployed but for which the LDC has incurred costs, report only the TRC costs on a present value basis. Incentives (e.g. rebates) from the LDC to a customer are not a component of the TRC costs. However, payments made

(complete this Appendix for each program)

A.	Name of the Program:	LED Seasonl Lights Exchange

Description of the program (including intent, design, delivery, partnerships and evaluation):

This Program was designed to coincide with the OPA's launch of their similar style program. During the months of November and December of 2006, NPDI gave out one string of LED seasonal lights for every conventional string that was turned in for destruction and recycling. The program was even more successful than first anticipated. Not only were all 2500 strings exchanged but we received 3650 strings of old style lights in exchange that were then decommissioned and recycled.

strings of old style lights in exchange							
Measure(s):							
(1)	Measure 1	Mea	asure 2 (if applicable)	Measure 3	Measure 3 (if applicable)		
Base case technology:	5 WATT Christmas lights C-7(64	lights)	· · · · /		,		
Efficient technology:	LED Christmas Lights (indoor or	outdoor)					
Number of participants or units							
delivered for reporting year:	2500						
Measure life (years):	30						
Number of Partipants or unites							
delievered Ife to date	2500						
TRC Results:			Reporting Year	Life-to-date	TRC Results:		
¹ TRC Benefits (\$):		\$	91,635.82	\$	91,635.8		
² TRC Costs (\$):		\$	16,125.00	\$	16,125.0		
Utility μ	program cost (excluding incentives):	\$	1,103.00	\$	1,103.0		
Incrementa	I Measure Costs (Equipment Costs)	\$	15,022.92	\$	15,022.9		
	Total TRC costs:	\$	16,125.92		16,125.9		
Net TRC (in year CDN \$):			·				
Benefit to Cost Ratio (TRC Benefits/	TRC Costs):	\$	5.68				
Results: (one or more category may			Cumulat	ive Results:			
Conservation Programs:							
Demand savings (kW):	Summer						
- , ,	Winter	29					
				Cumulative	Cumulative		
	lifecycle		in year	Lifecycle	Annual Saving		
Energy saved (kWh):	1961580	65386					
Other resources saved :							
Natural Gas (m3):							
Other (specify):							
Outer (specify).							
Demand Management Programs:							
<u>Demand Management Programs:</u> Controlled load (kW)	(kWh):						
Demand Management Programs: Controlled load (kW) Energy shifted On-peak to Mid-peak	• •						
Demand Management Programs: Controlled load (kW) Energy shifted On-peak to Mid-peak Energy shifted On-peak to Off-peak	(kWh):						
Demand Management Programs: Controlled load (kW) Energy shifted On-peak to Mid-peak Energy shifted On-peak to Off-peak Energy shifted Mid-peak to Off-peak	(kWh):						
Demand Management Programs: Controlled load (kW) Energy shifted On-peak to Mid-peak Energy shifted On-peak to Off-peak Energy shifted Mid-peak to Off-peak Demand Response Programs:	(kWh):						
Demand Management Programs: Controlled load (kW) Energy shifted On-peak to Mid-peak Energy shifted On-peak to Off-peak Energy shifted Mid-peak to Off-peak Energy shifted Mid-peak to Off-peak Demand Response Programs: Dispatchable load (kW):	(kWh): (kWh):						
Demand Management Programs: Controlled load (kW) Energy shifted On-peak to Mid-peak Energy shifted On-peak to Off-peak Energy shifted Mid-peak to Off-peak Demand Response Programs:	(kWh): (kWh):						
Demand Management Programs: Controlled load (kW) Energy shifted On-peak to Mid-peak Energy shifted On-peak to Off-peak Energy shifted Mid-peak to Off-peak Demand Response Programs: Dispatchable load (kW):	(kWh): (kWh): 's):						
Demand Management Programs: Controlled load (kW) Energy shifted On-peak to Mid-peak Energy shifted On-peak to Off-peak Energy shifted Mid-peak to Off-peak Demand Response Programs: Dispatchable load (kW): Peak hours dispatched in year (hour	(kWh): (kWh): 's):						
Demand Management Programs: Controlled load (kW) Energy shifted On-peak to Mid-peak Energy shifted On-peak to Off-peak Energy shifted Mid-peak to Off-peak Energy shifted Mid-peak to Off-peak Demand Response Programs: Dispatchable load (kW): Peak hours dispatched in year (hour	(kWh): (kWh): 's): <u>s:</u>						

Line Loss	Reduction	Programs:
-----------	-----------	------------------

Peak load savings (kW):		
	lifecycle	in year
Energy savngs (kWh):		
Distributed Generation and Load Describing Amount of DG installed (kW): Energy generated (kWh): Peak energy generated (kWh): Fuel type:	Displacement Programs:	

Other Programs (specify):

Metric (specify):

Actual Program Costs:		<u>R</u>	eporting Year	Cumlative Life to Date
Utility direct costs (\$):	Incremental capital:			
	Incremental O&M:	\$	1,103.00	
	Incentive:	\$	15,022.92	
	Total:	\$	16,125.92	
I Hility indirect costs (4):	la avama intel a anitali			
Utility indirect costs (\$):	Incremental capital:			
	Incremental O&M:			
	Total:			

E. Assumptions & Comments:

TRC was based on number of old style lights taken out of service. Concept being that they will be avoided energy.

¹ Benefits should be estimated if costs have been incurred <u>and</u> the technology has been deployed. Benefits reflect the present value of the measure for the number of units deployed in the year, i.e. the number of units times the net present value per unit b

For technologies which have not been deployed but for which the LDC has incurred costs, report only the TRC costs on a present value basis. Incentives (e.g. rebates) from the LDC to a customer are not a component of the TRC costs. However, payments made

(complete this Appendix for each program)

A.	Name of the Program:	Conserver Family								
	Description of the program (including intent, design, delivery, partnerships and evaluation):									
	In 2006 we participated again with th literature. Development costs were sconservation and environmental awabeing considered to link up to the OF	shared among the NEPA group du areness in ads, presentations to co PA Summer Programs for the NEP	oring 2005. The Conserver Family ommunity groups and many other A group of utilities.	is used to prom standard media.	ote energy The web site is					
	As an educational program, the TRC value of this program has not been calculated. Program total costs in 2006 were \$ 1,751.									
	Measure(s):	Measure 1	Measure 2 (if applicable)	Measure 3 (if applicable)					
	Base case technology:			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,					
	Efficient technology:									
	Number of participants or units delivered for reporting year:	19000								
	Measure life (years):	19000								
	medeal o me (yeare).									
	Number of Partipants or unites									
	delievered Ife to date	37435								
В.	TRC Results:		Reporting Year	Life-to-date	TRC Results:					
1	TRC Benefits (\$):									
2	² TRC Costs (\$):									
		program cost (excluding incentives):								
	Incremental									
	Total TRC costs: Net TRC (in year CDN \$):									
	Mot 11το μπ your συντ φ).									
	Benefit to Cost Ratio (TRC Benefits/									
C.	Results: (one or more category may	apply)		Cumulativ	ve Results:					
	Conservation Programs:									
	Demand savings (kW):	Summer								
		Winter								
				Cumulative	Cumulative					
	5 (4.14)	lifecycle	in year	Lifecycle	Annual Savings					
	Energy saved (kWh): Other resources saved:									
	Natural Gas (m3):									
	Other (specify):									
	Demand Management Programs:									
	Controlled load (kW)									
	Energy shifted On-peak to Mid-peak	(kWh):								
	Energy shifted On-peak to Off-peak	(kWh):								
	Energy shifted Mid-peak to Off-peak	(kWh):								
	Demand Response Programs:									
	Dispatchable load (kW):									
	Peak hours dispatched in year (hour	rs):								
	Power Factor Correction Programs	s:								

Amount of KVar installed (KVar):

Distribution system power factor at begining of year (%):

	Line Loss Reduction Programs:			
	Peak load savings (kW):	lifecycle	in year	
	Energy savngs (kWh):		-	
	<u>Distributed Generation and Load E</u> Amount of DG installed (kW): Energy generated (kWh):	Displacement Programs:		
	Peak energy generated (kWh): Fuel type:			
	Other Programs (specify): Metric (specify):			
D.	Actual Program Costs:		Reporting Year	Cumlative Life to Date
	Utility direct costs (\$):	Incremental capital: Incremental O&M: Incentive: Total:	\$ 1,751.00	\$ 25,465.20
		i otai:		
	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	Incremental capital: Incremental O&M:		
		Total:	\$ 1,751.00	\$ 25,465.20
E.	Assumptions & Comments:			

Distribution system power factor at end of year (%):

¹ Benefits should be estimated if costs have been incurred and the technology has been deployed. Benefits reflect the present value of the measure for the number of units deployed in the year, i.e. the number of units times the net present value per unit b

For technologies which have not been deployed but for which the LDC has incurred costs, report only the TRC costs on a present value basis. Incentives (e.g. rebates) from the LDC to a customer are not a component of the TRC costs. However, payments made

(complete this Appendix for each program)

Α.	Name of the Program:	Residential Education

Description of the program (including intent, design, delivery, partnerships and evaluation):

We continue to further the cause of energy conservation for out residential customers through advocacy, participation in local events and fairs, training sessions and participation in the OPA's Every Kilowatt Counts coupon programs. In 2006 NPDI promoted energy conservation at the Norfolk Fair, Norfolk County for a Sustainable Community, the Haldimand Norfolk home Builders Association and through periodic newspaper advertisements. Also, as noted above, the Conserver Joe web site continues to be a useful tool of reference for residential customers wishing to learn more about energy conservation. In 2005, this program was called the "2005 C&DM General Administration Costs.

Because this is an education component and difficult to quantify, the TRC was not calculated. Expenditures for this program in 2006 were \$45,153.27.

	Measure(s):	Measure 1	Measure 2 (if applicable)	Measure 3 (if applicable)			
	Base case technology:	Mededie 1	Wedsure 2 (II applicable)	Wicasarc o	(ii applicable)		
	Efficient technology:						
	Number of participants or units						
	delivered for reporting year:	19000					
	Measure life (years):						
	Number of Partipants or unites						
	delievered Ife to date	19000					
3.	TRC Results:		Reporting Year	Life-to-date	TRC Results:		
	TRC Benefits (\$):		rioporting rour	<u> </u>	Tito itoounoi		
	² TRC Costs (\$):						
	• •	program cost (excluding incentives):					
	Incremental	I Measure Costs (Equipment Costs)					
		Total TRC costs:					
	Net TRC (in year CDN \$):						
	Benefit to Cost Ratio (TRC Benefits/	TRC Costs):					
Э.	Results: (one or more category may		Cumulati	ve Results:			
				-			
	Conservation Programs:						
	Demand savings (kW):	Summer					
		Winter					
				Cumulative	Cumulative		
		lifecycle	in year	Lifecycle	Annual Savings		
	Energy saved (kWh):		7				
	Other resources saved :						
	Natural Gas (m3):						
	Other (specify):						
	Damand Managament Duagram						
	<u>Demand Management Programs:</u> Controlled load (kW)						
	Energy shifted On-peak to Mid-peak	(Id4/b).					
	Energy shifted On-peak to Off-peak (kWh):						
	Energy shifted Mid-peak to Off-peak	(NVVII).					
	Demand Response Programs:						
	Dispatchable load (kW):						
	Peak hours dispatched in year (hour	s):					
	Power Factor Correction Programs	s:					

	Amount of KVar installed (KVar):				
	Distribution system power factor at begining of year (%):				
	Distribution system power factor at end of year (%):				
	Line Loss Reduction Programs:				
	Peak load savings (kW):				
		lifecycle		in year	
	Energy savngs (kWh):				
	Distributed Generation and Load Amount of DG installed (kW): Energy generated (kWh): Peak energy generated (kWh): Fuel type: Other Programs (specify): Metric (specify):	Displacement Programs:			
D.	Actual Program Costs:			Reporting Year	Cumlative Life to Date
	Utility direct costs (\$):	Incremental capital:			
		Incremental O&M:	\$	45,153.27	\$ 86,292.84
		Incentive:			
		Total:			

Incremental capital: Incremental O&M:

Total:

E. Assumptions & Comments:

Utility indirect costs (\$):

45,153.27 \$

86,292.84

¹ Benefits should be estimated if costs have been incurred <u>and</u> the technology has been deployed. Benefits reflect the present value of the measure for the number of units deployed in the year, i.e. the number of units times the net present value per unit b

For technologies which have not been deployed but for which the LDC has incurred costs, report only the TRC costs on a present value basis. Incentives (e.g. rebates) from the LDC to a customer are not a component of the TRC costs. However, payments made

(complete this Appendix for each program)

A.	Name of the Program:	Training											
	Description of the program (including intent, design, delivery, partnerships and evaluation):												
	Training in 2006 included the continu	ation of work to train customer ser	vice staff on energy efficient equ	ipment and prog	ırams.								
	Costs for this work in 2006 were \$6,8 residential.	805.83. Some training carried out w	as for commercial/industrial ene	rgy efficiency as	well as								
	Measure(s):	Measure 1	Measure 3 (if applicable)										
	Base case technology:	Wedsale 1	Measure 2 (if applicable)	Wicasare 6	(ii applicable)								
	Efficient technology:												
	Number of participants or units	50											
	delivered for reporting year: Measure life (years):	50											
	medeare me (years).												
	Number of Partipants or unites delievered Ife to date	100											
В.	TRC Results:		Reporting Year	Life-to-date	TRC Results:								
	TRC Benefits (\$):												
:	² TRC Costs (\$):												
		program cost (excluding incentives):											
	Incremental	Measure Costs (Equipment Costs)											
	Net TRC (in year CDN \$):	Total TRC costs:											
	Benefit to Cost Ratio (TRC Benefits/	TRC Costs):											
C.	Results: (one or more category may	apply)		<u>Cumulati</u>	ve Results:								
	Conservation Programs:												
	Demand savings (kW):	Summer											
		Winter											
		lifecycle	in year	Cumulative Lifecycle	Cumulative Annual Savings								
	Energy saved (kWh):												
	Other resources saved :												
	Natural Gas (m3):												
	Other (specify):												
	<u>Demand Management Programs:</u>												
	Controlled load (kW)	ZI-LAZI- V.											
	Energy shifted On-peak to Mid-peak Energy shifted On-peak to Off-peak												
	Energy shifted Mid-peak to Off-peak												
	-	().											
	Demand Response Programs:												
	Dispatchable load (kW): Peak hours dispatched in year (hour	o)·											
	r ear nours dispatched in year (nour	s <i>).</i>											
	Power Factor Correction Programs												
	Amount of KVar installed (KVar):												
	Distribution system power factor at b												
	Distribution system power factor at e	n al af a a u (0/).											

|--|

Peak load savings (kW):		
	lifecycle	in year
Energy savngs (kWh):		
<u>Distributed Generation and Load I</u> Amount of DG installed (kW): Energy generated (kWh): Peak energy generated (kWh): Fuel type:	Displacement Programs:	

Other Programs (specify):

Metric (specify):

<u>rting Year</u> <u>Cum</u> l	Cumlative Life to Date		
11,305.17 \$	15,589.06		
11,305.17 \$	15,589.06		
	11,305.17 \$		

E. Assumptions & Comments:

¹ Benefits should be estimated if costs have been incurred <u>and</u> the technology has been deployed. Benefits reflect the present value of the measure for the number of units deployed in the year, i.e. the number of units times the net present value per unit b

For technologies which have not been deployed but for which the LDC has incurred costs, report only the TRC costs on a present value basis. Incentives (e.g. rebates) from the LDC to a customer are not a component of the TRC costs. However, payments made

(complete this Appendix for each program)

A.	Name of the Program:	Distributed Generarion Wind Pov	ver Study										
	Description of the program (include	ding intent, design, delivery, pa	rtnerships and evaluation):										
	2005 program Only . This program includes all costs expended to date on analysis and investigation of the wind power opportunity fo Norfolk Power and for our customer's information. Information for customers on various technologies in this area as well as incentive available has been gathered and is available. In addition a business case model has been developed to assist customers with their decision making concerning the viability of a small wind generation project.												
	Measure(s):	Measure 1	Measure 2 (if applicable)	Measure 3 (if applicable)									
	Base case technology:	Do Nothing	ivieasure 2 (ii applicable)	ivicasure 3	іі арріісаріе)								
	Efficient technology:	Wind power installations and information											
	Number of participants or units delivered for reporting year:												
	Measure life (years):												
	Number of Partipants or unites delievered Ife to date												
B.	TRC Results:		Reporting Year	Life-to-date	TRC Results:								
	1 TRC Benefits (\$):												
	² TRC Costs (\$):	program cost (excluding incentives):											
		I Measure Costs (Equipment Costs)											
	morementa	Total TRC costs:											
	Net TRC (in year CDN \$):												
		TD0.0. ()											
	Benefit to Cost Ratio (TRC Benefits/	TRC Costs):											
C.	Results: (one or more category may	y apply)		Cumulativ	ve Results:								
	Conservation Programs:												
	Demand savings (kW):	Summer											
		Winter											
		lifecycle	in year	Cumulative Lifecycle	Cumulative Annual Savings								
	Energy saved (kWh):												
	Other resources saved :												
	Natural Gas (m3):												
	Other (specify):												
	Demand Management Programs: Controlled load (kW) Energy shifted On-peak to Mid-peak Energy shifted On-peak to Off-peak Energy shifted Mid-peak to Off-peak	(kWh):											
	Demand Response Programs: Dispatchable load (kW): Peak hours dispatched in year (hour Power Factor Correction Program	rs):											

Amount of KVar installed (KVar):

Distribution system power factor at begining of year (%):

	Distribution system power factor at e	nd of year (%):			
	Line Loss Reduction Programs:				
	Peak load savings (kW):				
	- ""	lifecycle	in year		
	Energy savngs (kWh):				
	Distributed Generation and Load I	Displacement Programs:			
	Amount of DG installed (kW): Energy generated (kWh):				
	Peak energy generated (kWh):				
	Fuel type:				
	Other Programs (specify):				
	Metric (specify):				
Ο.	Actual Program Costs:	Incremental capital:	Reporting Year	Cumlative Life to Date	<u> </u>
	Utility direct costs (\$):	Incremental Capital: Incremental O&M:	\$ -	\$ 11,96	8 36
		Incentive:	Ψ	Ψ 11,50	0.00
		Total:			
	Utility indirect costs (\$):	Incremental capital:			
		Incremental O&M:			
		Total:			
Ε.	Assumptions & Comments:				
	¹ Benefits should be estimated if costs have been incu	rred and the technology has been deployed. E	Benefits reflect the present value of the measure	for the number of units deployed in the y	ear, i.e.
	the number of units times the not present value per u		•		

For technologies which have not been deployed but for which the LDC has incurred costs, report only the TRC costs on a present value basis. Incentives (e.g. rebates) from the LDC to a customer are not a component of the TRC costs. However, payments made

8. Appendix C

Appendix C - Program and Portfolio Totals

Total Peak

Report Year

Report Year: 2006

1. Residential Programs

List each Appendix B in the cells below; Insert additional rows as required.

Note: To ensure the integrity of the formulas, please insert the additional rows in the middle of the list below.

	TR	C Benefits (PV)	TR	C Costs (PV)	\$ Ne	t TRC Benefits	Benefit/Cost Ratio	Report Year Total kWh Saved	Lifecycle (kWh) Savings	Demand (kW) Saved	oss C&DM enditures (\$)
Compact Fluorescent Education and	\$	12,814	\$	6,787			1.89	86,255	345,020	19	\$ 6,787
LED Seasonl Lights Exchange	\$	59,384	\$	16,125			3.68	65,386	1,961,580	29	\$ 16,125
Water Heater Replacement Program							0.00				\$ 10,154
Load Control Pilot							0.00				\$ 8,490
Conserver Family							0.00				\$ 1,751
Residential Education							0.00				\$ 45,153
Training							0.00				\$ 11,305
Name of Program H					\$	-	0.00				
Name of Program I					\$	-	0.00				
Name of Program J					\$	-	0.00				
*Totals App. B - Residential	\$	72,198	\$	22,912	\$	49,286	3.15	151,641	2,306,600	48	\$ 99,766
Residential Indirect Costs not attributable to any specific program											
Total Residential TRC Costs			\$	22,912							
**Totals TRC - Residential	\$	72,198	\$	22,912	\$	49,286	3.15				

2. Commercial Programs

List each Appendix B in the cells below; Insert additional rows as required.

Note: To ensure the integrity of the formulas, please insert the additional rows in the middle of the list below.

	TRC Benefits (PV)	TRC Costs (PV)	\$ Net TRC Benefits		Report Year Total kWh Saved	Lifecycle (kWh) Savings	Total Peak Demand (kW) Saved	Report Year Gross C&DM Expenditures (\$)
Name of Program A		,	\$ -	0.00		3		(1)
Name of Program B			\$ -	0.00				
Name of Program C			\$ -	0.00				
Name of Program D			\$ -	0.00				
Name of Program E			\$ -	0.00				
Name of Program F			\$ -	0.00				
Name of Program G			\$ -	0.00				
Name of Program H			\$ -	0.00				
Name of Program I			\$ -	0.00				
Name of Program J			\$ -	0.00				
*Totals App. B - Commercial	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	0.00	0	0	(\$ -

Commercial Indirect Costs not attributable to any specific program				
Total TRC Costs		\$ -		
**Totals TRC - Commercial	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	0.00

3. Institutional Programs
List each Appendix B in the cells below: Insert additional rows as required.

	TRC Benefits (PV)	TRC Costs (PV)	\$ Net TRC Benefits	Benefit/Cost Ratio	Report Year Total kWh Saved	Lifecycle (kWh) Savings	Total Peak Demand (kW) Saved	Report Year Gross C&DM Expenditures (\$
Name of Program A			\$ -	0.00				
Name of Program B			\$ -	0.00				
Name of Program C			\$ -	0.00				
Name of Program D			\$ -	0.00				
Name of Program E			\$ -	0.00				
Name of Program C			\$ -	0.00				
Name of Program G			\$ -	0.00				
Name of Program H			\$ -	0.00				
Name of Program I			\$ -	0.00				
lame of Program J			\$ -	0.00				
Totals App. B - Institutional	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	0.00	0	0	C	\$
nstitutional Indirect Costs not attributable to any specific program								
Total TRC Costs		\$ -						
*Totals TRC - Institutional	\$ -	s -	\$ -	0.00				

4. Industrial Programs
List each Appendix B in the cells below; Insert additional rows as required.
Note: To ensure the integrity of the formulas, please insert the additional rows in the middle of the list below.

	TRC Benefits (PV)				RC Costs (PV) \$ Net TRC Benefits		Benefit/Cost Ratio	Report Year Total kWh Saved	Lifecycle (kWh) Savings	Total Peak Demand (kW) Saved	Report Year Gross C&DM Expenditures (\$	
Energy Audits for Major Customers	\$	170,600	\$	43,578			3.91	175,735	4,393,375	27	\$	43,578
Name of Program C					\$	-	0.00					
Name of Program C					\$	-	0.00					
Name of Program D					\$	-	0.00					
Name of Program E					\$	-	0.00					
Name of Program F					\$	-	0.00					
Name of Program G					\$	-	0.00					
Name of Program H					\$	-	0.00					

Name of Program I			\$ -	0.00				
Name of Program J			\$ -	0.00				
*Totals App. B - Industrial	\$ 170,600	\$ 43,578	\$ 127,022	3.91	175,735	4,393,375	27	\$ 43,578
Industrial Indirect Costs not attributable to any specific program								
Total TRC Costs		\$ 43,578			_			
**Totals TRC - Industrial	\$ 170,600	\$ 43,578	\$ 127,022	3.91				

5. Agricultural Programs
List each Appendix B in the cells below; Insert additional rows as required.

	TRC Benefits (PV)	TRC Costs (PV)	\$ Net TRC Benefits	Benefit/Cost Ratio	Report Year Total kWh Saved	Lifecycle (kWh) Savings	Total Peak Demand (kW) Saved	Report Year Gross C&DM Expenditures (\$
Name of Program A			\$ -	0.00				
Name of Program C			\$ -	0.00				
Name of Program C			\$ -	0.00				
Name of Program D			\$ -	0.00				
Name of Program E			\$ -	0.00				
Name of Program F			\$ -	0.00				
Name of Program G			\$ -	0.00				
Name of Program H			\$ -	0.00				
Name of Program I			\$ -	0.00				
Name of Program J			\$ -	0.00				
*Totals App. B - Agricultural	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	0.00	0	0	0	\$
Agricultural Indirect Costs not attributable to any specific program								
Total TRC Costs		\$ -						
**Totals TRC - Agricultural	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	0.00				

6. LDC System Programs
List each Appendix B in the cells below; Insert additional rows as required.
Note: To ensure the integrity of the formulas, please insert the additional rows in the middle of the list below.

	TRC Benefits (PV)	TRC Costs (PV)	\$ Net TRC Benefits		Report Year Total kWh Saved	Lifecycle (kWh) Savings	Total Peak Demand (kW) Saved	Report Year Gross C&DM Expenditures (\$)
Name of Program A			\$ -	0.00				
Name of Program B			\$ -	0.00				
Name of Program C			\$ -	0.00				
Name of Program D			\$ -	0.00				
Name of Program E			\$ -	0.00				
Name of Program F			\$ -	0.00				

Name of Program G			\$ -	0.00				
Name of Program H			\$ -	0.00				
Name of Program I			\$ -	0.00				
Name of Program C			\$ -	0.00				
*Totals App. B - LDC System	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	0.00	0	0	0	\$ -
LDC System Indirect Costs not attributable to any specific program								
Total TRC Costs		\$ -			_			
**Totals TRC - LDC System	-	\$ -	\$ -	0.00				

7. Smart Meters Program

Only spending information that was authorized under the 3rd tranche of MARR is required to be reported for Smart Meters.

Report Year Gross C&DM Expenditures (\$) 25,186

8. Other #1 Programs

Total TRC Costs

**Totals TRC - Other #1

List each Appendix B in the cells below; Insert additional rows as required.

Note: To ensure the integrity of the formulas, please insert the additional rows in the middle of the list below. Total Peak Report Year Benefit/Cost Report Year Total Lifecycle (kWh) **TRC Benefits Gross C&DM** Demand (kW) TRC Costs (PV) \$ Net TRC Benefits kWh Saved Expenditures (\$) (PV) Ratio Savings Saved Name of Program A 0.00 Name of Program B \$ 0.00 Name of Program C 0.00 Name of Program D 0.00 Name of Program E 0.00 Name of Program F 0.00 Name of Program G 0.00 Name of Program H 0.00 Name of Program I 0.00 Name of Program J 0.00 *Totals App. B - Other #1 0.00 0 \$ 0 Other #1 Indirect Costs not attributable to any specific program

0.00

9. Other #2 Programs
List each Appendix B in the cells below; Insert additional rows as required.

Note: To ensure the integrity of th	e formulas, please	insert the addition	nal rows in the middl	e of the list be	low.			
	TRC Benefits (PV)	TRC Costs (PV)	\$ Net TRC Benefits	Benefit/Cost Ratio	Report Year Total kWh Saved	Lifecycle (kWh) Savings	Total Peak Demand (kW) Saved	Report Year Gross C&DM Expenditures (\$)
Name of Program A			\$ -	0.00				
Name of Program B			\$ -	0.00				
Name of Program C			\$ -	0.00				
Name of Program D			\$ -	0.00				
Name of Program E			\$ -	0.00				
Name of Program C			\$ -	0.00				
Name of Program G			\$ -	0.00				
Name of Program H			\$ -	0.00				
Name of Program I			\$ -	0.00				
Name of Program J			\$ -	0.00				
*Totals App. B - Other #2	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	0.00	0	0	0	\$ -
Other #2 Indirect Costs not attributable to any specific program								
Total TRC Costs		\$ -						
**Totals TRC - Other #2	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	0.00				

LDC's CDM PORTFOLIO TOTALS

	TRC Benefits (PV)) \$ Net TRC Benefits				Report Year Total kWh Saved		Lifecycle (kWh) Savings		Total Peak Demand (kW) Saved		Report Year Gross C&DM Expenditures (\$)	
*TOTALS FOR ALL APPENDIX B	\$	242,798	\$	66,490	\$	176,308	3.65	\$	327,376	\$	6,699,975	\$	75	\$	168,530	
Any other Indirect Costs not attributable to any specific program																
TOTAL ALL LDC COSTS **LDC' PORTFOLIO TRC	\$	242,798	\$ \$	66,490 66,490		176,308	3.65									

^{*} The savings and spending information from this row is to be carried forward to Appendix A. ** The TRC information from this row is to be carried forward to Appendix A.