



Cornerstone Hydro Electric Concepts Association Inc.

CHEC

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2005 Conservation and Demand Annual Report

CHEC-RP-2004-0203/EB-2004-0502

March 29, 2006





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Conservation and Demand Annual Report

1.0 Introduction:

This report summarizes the activity and successes of the Cornerstone Hydro Electric Concepts (CHEC) Group with respect to conservation and demand management undertaken in 2005. Included in this document are the sixteen (16) individual reports from the CHEC members that discuss their specific program activities and the associated insights of the members.

Consistent with CHEC members' cooperative effort to seek approval of their CDM plans as a combined group, the Annual Report reflects their commitment to work together to provide cost effective programs and to share and learn from each other's experience. Although this report is submitted as one document it is clear from the individual reports that each utility brings its own perspective and goals to the CDM activities.

Within the 16 utilities there have been a total of ninety-two (92) initiatives. These initiatives represent projects specific to individual utilities and others that are similar or a cooperative effort between utilities (Conservation Website, EnergyShop.com). Some utilities have focused on promoting and providing energy efficient technology to their customers with the associated kWh savings, while others have been more focused on laying the foundation for future programs. To achieve the "conservation culture", the overriding goal in Ontario, both types play an important role.

CHEC with its dynamic relationship, positions members well to learn from and leverage the experience of others. The combined report as well as meeting the regulatory requirement, provides a comprehensive summary to CHEC members. This report will help to provide additional insights, as utility staff plan and implement the 2006 and 2007 programs.

The experiences gained in 2005 will be invaluable for the continued development of CDM and the ability to move forward programs that save energy and develop the conservation culture. The experiences gained over 2005 add to the collective knowledge of the industry and sets the stage for on-going improvement in the development, delivery, monitoring and reporting of CDM initiatives.

2.0 CHEC Members:

The 2005 Annual Report on Conservation and Demand Management Activities of the following utilities are included in this report:

Centre Wellington Hydro Ltd. Collus Power Corp Grand Valley Energy Inc. Innisfil Hydro Lakefront Utilities Inc. Lakeland Power Distribution Midland Power Utility Corp. Orangeville Hydro Ltd Orillia Power Distribution Corp. Parry Sound Power Wasaga Distribution Inc. Rideau St. Lawrence Wellington North Power Inc. West Coast Huron Energy Inc. Westario Power Woodstock Hydro Services

3.0 Evaluation of the CDM Plan:

Total Portfolio: The 16 CHEC members collectively ran a total of 92 programs. These programs fell within three categories:

- Savings: Delivery of energy saving products or processes: coupons, rebates, free products, etc.
- Education: Providing general energy management information through such activities as: website development, workshops, brochures, etc,
- Foundation: Preparatory work for future programs that include: program research and development, energy audits, system studies, demonstration projects, partnerships, etc.

The program results represent a total energy savings of 29,760,749 kWh at a combined "Utility Cost" of \$908,387 or approximately 3c/kWh. This low cost of energy saved was achieved while providing both education and foundation building programs in addition to the specific initiatives aimed at savings kWh. To put the energy savings in perspective the 29.7 Million kWh represent the annual energy required by 2,400 homes (at 1000 kWh/month).

Figure 1 and Figure 2 illustrates the breakdown of the programs into the three types. From the figure it can be seen that cost and activity generally correlate. Programs aimed at immediate kWh savings represent 36% of the cost while they represent 27% of the programs delivered during the year. Education and Foundation programs, that are expected to return improved kWh savings in the future, represent 64% of the cost and 73% of the activity. From the spending and activity level in the different categories it can be seen that 2005 while providing energy savings has focused on preparing for year two and three of CDM delivery.

Figure 1

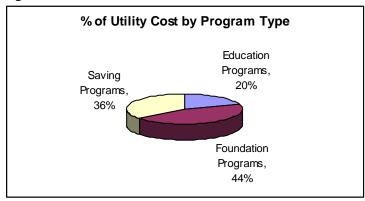
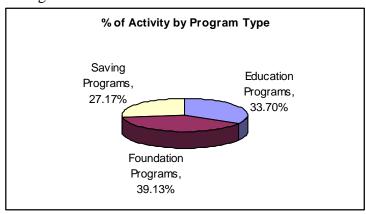


Figure 2



Savings Programs: The programs aimed at immediate results focused on energy savings rather than peak demand. The average cost of energy saved through the "Energy Savings" programs was 1.1c/kWh.

The use of product incentives and give-a-ways contributed significantly to achieving immediate energy savings. Programs such as the "Lighten Your Electricity Bill" and local product incentives such as CFL distribution programs resulted in energy savings throughout the membership. The wide scale programs provided an economy of scale while the local programs built on relationships and resources within the community. The product focused programs represented a utility cost of \$163,400 and a lifetime energy savings of 15,692,800 kWh or 1.1c/kWh.

Four system optimization projects (out of a total of twelve) involved field changes completed in 2005 that captured energy savings. The four field projects represent a utility cost of \$163,300 and a lifetime energy savings of 12,793,000 kWh or 1.3c/kWh (note: one program pending review to confirm savings).

Education Programs: These programs while not generating any immediate savings represent the future of CDM within the Province. Incentive programs while providing immediate savings cannot on their own change behaviour within the customer group. Programs aimed at increasing the customer's knowledge of energy use is required if long term savings are desired. As the saying goes – If you give a person a CFL you provide energy savings for 4 years. If you provide a person with the knowledge to save energy you provide energy savings for a lifetime. This is the role of the education programs.

Twenty percent of the total utility cost was spent on providing education to the customers. The activities within this classification vary from providing brochures to detailed customer workshops. Although the results of these programs are not immediate it is believed that they will impact positively on customer participation in future programs and prepare customers to make informed decisions with regards to energy use.

CHEC is in the process of developing a website focused on energy conservation. The website in addition to providing energy management knowledge to the customers will also allow the effective exchange of CDM information between CHEC members. The website funding includes dollars to allow the CHEC membership to engage external resources to assist in developing the site and also assist members with CDM issues of common interest.

It is interesting to note in the "Education" section the experience of one CHEC member (Orillia) with success from an industrial workshop. As a direct result of a "Dollar to Sense" workshop changes were made in an industrial setting that resulted in quantifiable savings. These results were captured because the customer communicated the action and potential energy savings to the utility. The savings of 255,000 kWh annually, clearly illustrates the role "education" can play in obtaining significant energy savings.

Foundation Program: These programs are those initiatives aimed at developing programs that will provide savings in the future. Thirty nine percent of the programs (44% of utility cost) focused on research and development of programs that will be delivered in year two and three of the CDM Plan. At the end of the reporting period however the programs have not been rolled out or have not generated any savings to date. For the purpose of reporting, projected savings have generally not been utilized.

Foundation Programs include initiatives such as: system optimization studies, smart meter preparation, customer audits, demonstration projects and relationship building, to name a few. Unlike education, where the activity is geared to the customer, these programs are aimed at ensuring the appropriate information and processes for the CDM activity of future years. Approaching the end of the first quarter of 2006 it is apparent that there are a number of programs that are moving

forward as a direct result of the foundation work completed in 2005 (e.g. Woodstock finance plan, Orangeville Reduce the Juice)

Net TRC Results: The net TRC result of the combined CHEC CDM activity for 2005 is \$499,756. Although a large number, it is difficult to determine if this represents good success of the overall portfolio. While net TRC measures the dollar benefits of avoided electrical energy cost it does not measure the education and development work that is associated with an on-going CDM program.

Reviewing the individual reports of the CHEC members indicates that ten of the members had positive Net TRCs while six had negative Net TRCs. In isolation one may conclude that anything but a positive TRC is undesirable. However it is proposed that the TRC for the first year of a multi-year program does not reflect the overall value of the effort undertaken and that the overall activity of the utility should be taken into account.

As noted above there has been a significant amount of education and foundation work undertaken by CHEC members. The individual reports indicate a mix of approaches with some focusing on preparatory work, others on immediate deliverables and others on a mix of programs. Depending on the success of programs aimed at delivering immediate savings and the cost of education and foundation programs the Net TRC will vary. Through the sharing of program information and outcomes CHEC members will be able to learn from each others' experiences to continue to deliver effective CDM programs in the future.

4.0 Discussion of Programs:

The individual program discussions from each utility should be examined. These discussions provide the individual utility perspective on the programs as offered in their service territory. The complete Annual CDM Report for each utility is included in the appendices. One copy of the SeeLine Total Resource Cost Test Assessment of the '2005 Lighten Your Electricity Bill' Program is also included in the appendices as a sample of the program evaluation process for the coupon program as reported in CHEC members' reports.

5.0 Lessons Learned:

Each utility report included in the attached appendices includes lessons learned from the 2005 CDM experience for each utility. Although a flavour of the "lessons learned" is summarized in this section the reader is encouraged to review the individual reports for additional insights.

Application of TRC: This report represents the first large scale application of TRC for the evaluation of CD&M programs in Ontario. The TRC model, while forming a base, is seen to encourage "quick return" programs and does not provide any measure of foundation or education programs that are so critical to developing a "conservation culture". It is believed that for future year evaluation of CDM activities the TRC tool needs to be expanded to take into account education and foundation type programs.

Familiarity has been gained with the TRC tool over the past reporting year. The OEB's initiative to provide a set of assumptions assisted with the evaluation of programs and reporting. The need to continue to refine and add to the list of assumptions for cost effective evaluation is evident. The evaluation process for programs also fails to capture additional activities of customers that are driven through exposure to programs where consumers are not directly taking advantage of a particular coupon or rebate.

Experience gained in reporting the activities of 2005 also indicates the need to ensure that measures of programs are understood at the program design stage. For education programs, in addition to some modification of the TRC model to better recognize the benefits of these programs, mechanisms for obtaining feedback from customers is required. These mechanisms however must be cost effective.

Funding: There remains significant third tranche dollars for the continued delivery of CDM programs in 2006 and potentially 2007. However, if CDM is to continue members will be required to submit applications for additional CDM expenditures. A simplified approval process is required to allow utilities to obtain appropriate CDM funding without being encumbered with a full rate hearing on these items. In addition, as noted above, the TRC tool requires modification to provide value to education and foundation programs. A continued lack of recognition of the value of these types of programs will focus utilities on programs that deliver immediate positive TRC result, a condition that will not foster a "conservation culture".

Partnerships and Sharing: CHEC by its' very existence is about partnerships and sharing. CHEC members are working together to move forward CDM in their service territories. In addition CHEC members have been active participants in local and provincial wide initiatives to build relationships and take advantage of scale. It is believed through these types of endeavours, the "best bang for the buck" can be achieved for the customer.

Province wide initiatives are generally supported by CHEC members as a good way to enter into partnerships with the OPA, manufacturers, contractors, and retail outlets in order to deliver cost effective programming. Within these programs the ability to provide local support and branding is important to allow the existing positive relationship that the local utility enjoys with its customers to be leveraged.

Foundation Year: Many of the CHEC members note in their report the "foundation building" nature of 2005. The ability of the industry to come up to speed is noted as well as the development of programs and guidelines associated with CDM. All CDM participants have been learning over 2005.

Much of the work completed in 2005 sets the stage for the next two years. With a mix of delivered savings, education and investigation of programs CHEC and the industry have prepared for continued CDM over the next two years and beyond.

Customer Readiness: The success of the residential programs offered to customers indicates the readiness of customers to take action to control their energy use and costs. Obtaining resources for utilities to design and deliver commercial and industrial programs requires further attention. The energy savings within these sectors can be extensive, however the lead time for design, delivery and customer implementation is much longer. Members recognize that much of the issue with this sector is the limited resources (time and money) the customers have to put on energy management. Successfully meeting the needs of this sector will require further effort and sharing of projects that have proved successful.

Utility Resources: To-date utilities have not generally increased internal resources to address the CDM portfolio. Utilities have worked the additional CDM demands into existing work loads by placing other issues at a lower priority. Continuation of this arrangement is not sustainable over the long term. Recognition of the impact that continued CDM programming has on resources is required in both the funding and reporting requirements. As noted above under "Funding" a simplified method for accessing CDM funding is required to ensure the appropriate resources are put in place to support the appropriate level of CDM activity.

6.0 Conclusion:

The first year of CDM has been a learning or foundation year. The CHEC members look back on their projects to date and recognize there has been significant learning. As the individual reports indicate there continues to be a commitment to CDM with utilities looking to capture future benefits from the work done in 2005.

CHEC members have delivered energy savings while increasing the collective knowledge of the CDM industry. CHEC members have demonstrated a willingness to be fully engaged in the process. Through the continued sharing of information and programs between members and other organizations, CHEC will continue to play an important role in the design, delivery and reporting of CDM for the benefit of their customers.

7.0 Appendices:

Appendix 1	Summary of CHEC Appendix A's	page 9)
	Individual Utility CDM 2005 Annual Report RP-2004-0203/EB-2004-0502		
Appendix 2 Appendix 3 Appendix 4 Appendix 5 Appendix 6 Appendix 7 Appendix 8 Appendix 9 Appendix 10 Appendix 11 Appendix 12 Appendix 12 Appendix 13 Appendix 14 Appendix 15	Centre Wellington Collus Power Grand Valley Innisfil Hydro Lakefront Utilities Lakeland Power Distribution Midland Power Utility Orangeville Hydro Ltd Orillia Power Distribution Parry Sound Power Rideau St. Lawrence Wasaga Distribution Inc. Wellington North Power West Coast Huron Energy	page page page page page page page page	10 21 40 48 63 75 86 109 129 152 167 184 203 232
Appendix 16 Appendix 17	Westario Power Woodstock Hydro Services	page	249 263
Appendix 18	SeeLine TRC Assessment for 2005 Lighten Your Electricity Bill	page	294

Appendix A - Evaluation of the CDM Plan

	Total	Residential	Commercial	Institutional	Industrial	Agricultural	LDC System		
Net TRC value (\$):	\$499,756								
Benefit to cost ratio:	1.582								
Number of participants or units delivered:	115,815.00		Summary	Summary of CHEC Appendices A					
Total KWh to be saved over the lifecycle of the plan (kWh):	29,760,746.70		Detailed A	's follow fo	r all CHE	C Utilities			
Total in year kWh saved (kWh):	3,048,702.30		Utilities arı	ranged alpl	nabeticall	у			
Total peak demand saved (kW):	329.19								
Total kWh saved as a percentage of total kWh delivered (%):									
Peak kW saved as a percentage of LDC peak kW load (%):									
Gross in year C&DM expenditures (\$):	\$908,385.27								
Expenditures per KWh saved (\$/kWh)*:	\$0.0305								
Expenditures per KW saved (\$/kW)**:	\$2,759.4849								



ORILLIA POWER DISTRIBUTION CORPORATION

ANNUAL REPORT ON CDM ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2005

INTRODUCTION:

Orillia Power Distribution Corporation (OPDC) is pleased to present its annual report on the activities and progress made in applying the conservation and demand management programs that we have set out to do in 2005. Attached to this report are Appendix A- Evaluation of CDM Plan and Appendix B- and Discussion of each Program delivered.

OPDC has submitted its conservation and demand management plan with the CHEC Group of LDC's and has received a final order dated February 8, 2006 approving spending of the following programs.

#1. CUSTOMER SURVEY PROGRAM

The intent of this program is to create an active conservation culture. Engaging the community, as a whole and fostering the conservation culture through its infancy are the expected yield from the program. Using economies of scale the survey costs are shared with other members of the CHEC group and the increased buying power of the group will leverage more value to customers and shareholders.

The importance of customer feedback and opinion cannot be underestimated. The CHEC Group seized the opportunity of combining resources to produce one uniform survey, which greatly reduced costs and increases the depth and validity of the survey findings.

Survey success is often limited due to the rather small sample of potential customers, however, the joint survey efforts of our group will maximize the value of the survey and provide the necessary background and baseline information to enable member LDCs to make better decisions on program design and targeting funds to programs of customer value. These surveys may also be used to establish baselines for assessment of future program impacts.

TOTAL ALLOTTED FUNDS: \$1,000.00 COSTS INCURRED IN 2005: \$0.00 BALANCED: \$1,000.00

#2. WEBSITE ON CONSERVATION PROGRAM

The intent of this program is to create an active conservation culture. Engaging the community, as a whole and fostering the conservation culture through its infancy are the expected yield from the program. Using economies of scale the website costs are shared with other members of the CHEC group and the increased buying power of the group will leverage more value to customers and shareholders.

A conservation website is a significant avenue of opportunity to educate, inform, advertise and reach out to energy consumers. Development and maintenance costs would be shared as would contribution requirements resulting in a more robust and interactive website. This website could be linked to OPDC's main website which would be enhanced by the availability of the combined resources. Components of the website would range from energy savings concepts to various industries and load profile services. Savings could be measured on uptake of programs, message penetration analysis and reports on the number of hits and website traffic.

TOTAL ALLOTTED FUNDS: \$15,000.00 COSTS INCURRED IN 2005: \$6,619.00 BALANCE: \$8,381.00

#3. SYSTEM OPTIMIZATION PROGRAM

The intent of this program will be to identify and implement projects that will improve system reliability and reduce distribution system losses. Supporting corrective action either by implementing upgrades or corrective activities will result in system demand reductions and improve system capacity, on both local and system wide basis.

Program #1: Load flows and voltage drop study

The study is to reduce losses and increase power quality. It highlighted the area of losses resulting from undersized conductors and oversized transformers. It further indicates where improvements can be made to the system through the implementation of proper feeder balancing.

Program #2: Line Loss Reductions study

The study investigates and identifies the benefits of optimizing the distribution system by creating shortest possible way of delivering energy.

Program #3: Substation Study

Relating to the results obtained from the Line Loss Reduction Study, this study will investigate the existing condition of the utility substations and provide a report

on applicable upgrades or relocation of substations to maximize system reliability and efficiency.

An engineering consultant did the studies and the costs incurred were solely for consultation fees at this stage. Due to this study a new substation is under construction to reduce line losses. The actual program benefits will be realized at the end of 2006 after the physical switching circuits and system configuration is change in 2006.

TOTAL ALLOTTED FUNDS: \$ 99,000.00 COSTS INCURRED IN 2005: \$18,363.00 BALANCE: \$ 80,637.00

#4. <u>ENERGY AUDITS AND ENERGY CONSERVATION</u> "DOLLAR TO SENSE WORKSHOP"

This program is intended to provide information and training for the industrial and commercial customers who would be planning to control their energy consumption and looking for guidance in energy conservation. It is normally a three day workshop condensed into one day but covers most of the topics needed for an energy conservation project. The topics covered are finding the area that is a potential for energy savings, energy audits, setting frame works for conservation culture, monitoring and analysis of conservation measures and available technologies to increase efficiency and reduce losses.

The TRC benefits of this workshop is calculated from the data given by one of the industrial customer who has actively pursue this conservation measures following the workshop. They have changed old lighting systems to efficient CFLs and cut of power when not in used, changed air compressor motors to lower HP, repaired air leakages and cut off heating for areas with no occupancy. Significant savings were realized right away and the TRC calculations were done comparing the consumption in a recent two-month period to an identical two-month period of last year.

TOTAL ALLOTTED FUNDS: \$ 25,000.00 COSTS INCURRED IN 2005: \$ 2,337.00 BALANCE: \$ 22,663.00

#5 SMART METER INITIATIVES (Previously Interval & Prepaid Meter)

This program was previously budgeted for interval and prepaid meter but as they do not qualify as CDM initiatives, it has become smart meter initiatives. OPDC has contracted out its metering business section to Olameter and the funds allotted for this program can be reduced as they will be conducting most the work for testing and implementing of smart meters. Because of that we have

considered transferring \$30,000 to Partnership and sponsorship program, which have shown positive TRC values and also created public awareness and conservation culture.

OPDC, along with other members of the CHEC group have joined the OUSM group, who has coordinated the multiple technologies. This will provide OPDC with the ability to gain access to documented test results from a variety of vendors that were all tested using exactly the same testing process. Pilot studies were conducted to investigate the capability and applicability of smart meters. Steps are to include the ongoing evaluation of technologies appropriate for retrofit applications including, literature and product reviews, meetings, technical and economic assessment along with the development of the plan.

This has provided economies of scale as ultimately all LDCs will need to compare and spend time separating the claims of vendors from the actual services and deliverables they can provide. The ability to share information and questions with other members of the group provides additional benefits in the implementation planning as well as customer education and systems integration issues.

TOTAL ALLOTTED FUNDS:	\$50,000.00
TRANSFERRED TO PARTNERSHIP & SPONSORSHIP	\$30,000.00
NET AVAILABLE:	\$20,000.00
COSTS INCURRED IN 2005:	\$ 5,158.00
BALANCE FORWARD:	\$14,842.00

#6. PARTNERSHIP/SPONSORSHIP PROGRAMS

The intent of this program is to create special programs for residential customers to provide through strategic partnerships. Because electricity prices have the potential to impact on homeowners and seniors the most, special consideration must be contemplated for this group. Working with local vendors and community organizations, programs will be identified and developed to provide needed information and services to this group so that they can take actions that will have the most desirable benefit for them.

(1) Discount coupon program

Using economies of scale the costs are shared with other members of the CHEC group in administering and choosing the right vendor. The coupon program was delivered with the help of local Canadian Tire as the distributor and cosponsor of this program. There are about six types of energy conservation coupon programs offered. The discount coupon programs are for Seasonal LED Christmas lights, Compact Fluorescent Lights, Programmable Thermostats, Ceiling Fans, Outdoor Timers and Indoor Timers.

There is considerable evidence that purchase of CFLs and SLEDs caused by the program was considerably higher than coupons redeemed. This is often referred to as Free Drivership and is the philosophical opposite of Free Ridership. CDM results are discounted by 10% for Free Riders; customers who had planned to buy the product making the discount coupon unnecessary. Free Drivership accounts for customers the program influenced to purchase a product, and in fact bought more products than coupons redeemed, or purchased without a coupon.

This effect is seen in the 2005 Lighten Your Electricity Bill program, but has not been quantified or calculated into saving numbers. However, it is important to recognize free drivership as a valid indicator of CDM program success in the development of the conservation culture in Ontario.

Program coupons redeemed at CTC stores

CFLs 51,875 SLEDs 51,605

Canadian Tire Year Sales Increase – Oct 1 to Dec 31 – 2005 versus 2004

CFLs 125,820 SLEDs 248,898

Post program market research results. Average number of packages purchased when using a coupon

CFLs 4.1 packages SLEDs 3.4 packages

These averages are supported by a review of a sample of sales receipts submitted by Canadian Tire stores when redeeming coupons. The result of the above shows the impact of this program in addition to the coupons redeemed.

(2) Christmas LED Lights

This program was planned, procured and installed by Orillia Power for City Center Christmas Tree decoration. The lights were used for the Christmas season only but the energy savings are five times that of conventional lights. The municipal office of Orillia contributed \$1000 for the cause, as it was of mutual interest.

(3) LED Traffic Lights

In partnership with our local municipality, the city traffic lights were changed from incandescent bulbs to LED lights as part of the energy conservation

program. Anticipated results will include savings in consumption over conventional lights and savings in maintenance costs as the life expectancy of the new LED bulb is 3-4 times that of conventional light bulb. The difference in energy consumption is 1037kWh per month for conventional lights compare to 200 kWh per month with LED lights for each traffic intersection. Four traffic intersections were converted in 2005 and more to be converted in 2006.

TOTAL ALLOTTED FUNDS:	\$10,000.00
TRANSFERRED FROM INTERVAL METER	\$30,000.00
NET AVAILABLE FUNDS:	\$40,000.00
COSTS INCURRED FOR COUPON PROGRAM:	\$ 4,652.00
COSTS INCURRED FOR CHRISTMAS LED:	\$ 5,449.00
COSTS INCURRED FOR LED TRAFFIC LIGHTS	\$ 4,000.00
BALANCE:	\$ 25,899.00

#7 EDUCATION & PROMOTION

The program is to promote the culture of conservation to customers in all market sectors and in turn facilitate information to customers acting on the energy saving opportunities. Using economies of scale the education and promotion costs are shared with other members of the CHEC group and the increased buying power of the group will leverage more value to customers and shareholders. Common messages and approaches are implemented to achieve greatest possible penetration.

Although the savings cannot be quantitatively measured, it is through knowledge and promotional activities that the consumer will take up the conservation culture. The brochures produced by CHEC group and also the Ministry of Energy - "Conserve Energy and Save Money" were purchased and were provided to all residential and general service customers along with a CFL give away program.

TOTAL ALLOTTED FUNDS:	\$ 7,000.00
COSTS INCURRED IN 2005:	\$ 4,627.00
BALANCE FORWARD:	\$ 2,373.00

EVALUATION OF CDM PLAN:

See attached Appendix "B" for each above-noted program and Appendix "A" an Evaluation of the overall CDM Plan.

LESSONS LEARNED/CONCLUSIONS/ GENERAL COMMENTS:

 For the year 2005, the net TRC is a positive value of \$65,314 mainly due to the delivery of the Dollar & Sense Workshop, Discount Coupon program and the LED traffic Lights Program.

- 2. We have found out that new energy efficient technologies that replaces light bulbs, motors and other constantly running equipment, are the most beneficial to invest for CDM programs.
- 3. Overall expenditure to save one kWh is \$2.38, which is a little high due to the Christmas LED program for City Center. The energy savings cannot occur as the operating time of these lights were shot (155hrs).
- 4. The Partnership and Sponsorship coupon program creates awareness of energy conservation and in turn fosters a conservation culture.
- 5. There are programs, which definitely creates conservation efforts and culture but shown as negative in TRC evaluation charts. It is due to lack of data collection mechanisms and the time to achieve expected results.
- 6. As smart metering implementation becomes reality, OPDC believes that the combined focus of Utilities in OUSM Group has provided great economies of scale for smaller LDC's. Through this group we are able to test and witness various technologies and develop standards as a group as opposed to doing it alone.

Respectfully submitted by,

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Appendix A - Evaluation of the CDM Plan

	Total	Residential Coupon Program	Commercial	Institutional LED Traffic Lights	Industrial Dollar to Sense	Agricultural	LDC System Optimization	Smart Meters	Website	Advertising Bill Stuffers	Institutional SLEDs
Net TRC value (\$):	\$65,314	\$15,398		\$22,507	\$63,014		-\$18,363	-\$5,128	-\$6,619	-\$4,627	-\$867
Benefit to cost ratio:	2.1	2.68		7.70	7.61		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.74
Number of participants or units delivered:	10,759.00	509.00		96.00	1.00		1.00	1.00	1.00	10,000.00	150.00
Total KWh to be saved over the lifecycle of the plan (kWh):	2,532,659.00	453,448.00		723,168.00	1,275,430.00						80,613.00
Total in year kWh saved (kWh):	333,339.00	39,408.00		36,158.00	255,086.00						2,687.00
Total peak demand saved (kW):	11.85	10.68									\$1
Total kWh saved as a percentage of total kWh delivered (%):	0.096										
Peak kW saved as a percentage of LDC peak kW load (%):											
Gross in year C&DM expenditures (\$):	\$51,176	\$4,652		\$4,000	\$2,337		\$18,363	\$5,128	\$6,619	\$4,627	\$5,450
Expenditures per KWh saved (\$/kWh)*:	0.0202										
Expenditures per KW saved (\$/kW)**:											

Utility discount rate (%):	8.57
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^{*}Expenditures include all utility program costs (direct and indirect) for all programs which primarily generate energy savings.

^{**}Expenditures include all utility program costs (direct and indirect) for all programs which primarily generate capacity savings.

(complete this section for each program)

		•							
A.	Name of the Program:	LED Traffic Lights							
	Description of the program (includin	g intent, design, delivery, partn	erships and evaluation):						
				and hadden and a second and a					
	Energy conservation program by replace performed by contractor. Orillia Powe								
	Measure(s):								
		Measure 1	Measure 2 (if applicable)	Measure 3 (if applicable)					
)37 kWh per month per intersecti) 200 kwh per month per intersecti							
	Number of participants or units	00.00							
	delivered: Measure life (years):	96.00 20.00							
B.	TRC Results: TRC Benefits (\$):		\$ 25,867.50						
	Measure's Costs (\$):								
	L	Itility program cost (less incentives): Participant cost:		0 Includes Discounted Measures Cost					
		Total TRC costs:		modelo Biocodinos modelos cost					
	Net TRC (in year CDN \$):		\$22,507.22						
	Benefit to Cost Ratio (TRC Benefits/TR	C Costs):	7.70						
C.	Results: (one or more category may ap	only)							
٥.		·P·1/							
	Conservation Programs: Demand savings (kW):	Summer	0.00						
	Demand savings (nov).	Winter	0.00						
	Francisco d'Alama	lifecycle	in year						
	Energy saved (kWh): Other resources saved :	723,168.00	36,158.40						
	Natural Gas (m3):	0							
	Water (I)	0	0						
	Expenditures per kWh Saved (\$/kWh)	\$ 0.0055							
	Expenditures per kW Saved (\$/kW)	#DIV/0!							
	Demand Management Programs:								
	Controlled load (kW)								
	Energy shifted On-peak to Mid-peak (kl Energy shifted On-peak to Off-peak (kl								
	Energy shifted Mid-peak to Off-peak (ki								
	Demand Response Programs:								
	Dispatchable load (kW):								
	Peak hours dispatched in year (hours):								
	Power Factor Correction Programs:								
	Amount of KVar installed (KVar):								
	Distribution system power factor at beg Distribution system power factor at end	• , , ,							
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,							
	Line Loss Reduction Programs: Peak load savings (kW):								
	reak load savings (kw).	lifecycle	in year						
	Energy savngs (kWh):								
	Distributed Generation and Load Dis	placement Programs:							
	Amount of DG installed (kW):								
	Energy generated (kWh): Peak energy generated (kWh):								
	Fuel type:								
	Other Programs (specify):								
	Metric (specify):								
D.	Program Costs*:								
	Utility direct costs (\$):	Incremental capital:	\$ -						
		Incremental O&M: Incentive:	\$ - \$ 4,000.32	0					
		Total:	\$ 4,000.32						
	Utility indirect costs (\$):	Incremental capital: Incremental O&M:	\$ - \$ -						
		Total:	\$ -						
			_						
	Total Utility Cost of Program		\$ 4,000.32						
	Participant costs (\$):	Incremental equipment:	\$ 30,000.00						
		Incremental O&M:		Includes Measure's Cost					
		Total:	\$ 400.32						

Grand Total Program Cost \$ 4,400.64

E. Comments:

*Please refer to the TRC Guide for the treatment of equipment cost in the TRC Test.

Orillia Traffic Light Program

Incandescent bulbs replaced with LED lights. 96

 Base Case
 Assuming 8 bulbs are lit at any given time at an intersection
 Monthly kWh
 Annual kWh

 With Incandescent Bulbs
 129.63
 1037
 12444

 With LED Bulbs
 25
 200
 2400

 Load Savings per intersection
 10044

 Load Savings per bulb
 24 bulbs per intersection
 418.5

 Relamping Assumptions

 Years to Relamp
 Cost of Bulb
 Labour to relamp

 Incandescent
 1 \$ 5.00 \$ 1,000.00

 LED
 20 \$ 10.00 \$ 1,000.00

Relamping of the LED will be done less. For the lifetime of the technology can take 20 years. In other words the LED bulbs will be used for the next 20 years. With the above assumption the Incandescents would be relamped 20 times while no relamping is required for LED's for 20 years.

Cost of Relamping

Oddt di rtolamping				
	# of Relampings	Labour Cost/Time	Cost of Bulbs(Total)	Total
Incandescent		20	1000 \$	480.00 \$ 29,600.00
LED		0	1000 \$	960.00 \$ -

Savings in Maintenance \$ 29,600.00

Discounted Unit Cost

Base Case Incandscent \$ 29,600.00 EE Case - LEDs \$ - Discounted Measure's Cost -\$ 29,600.00	ounted offit Cost	Maintenance	Cost
Discounted Measure's Cost -\$ 29,600.00	Base Case Incandscent	\$	
	EE Case - LEDs	\$	-
Discounted Measures CostPer Unit for # of Bulbs -\$ 308.33	Discounted Measure's Cost	-\$	29,600.00
Discounted Wedsures Costi Ci Citit for # of Edibs	Discounted Measures CostPer Unit for # of Bulbs	-\$	308.33

Above data goes to Measures table

Season	Winter (December to March)				Summer (June to September)			
Price Period	On Peak	Mid Peak	Off Peak	On Peak	Mid Peak Off	Peak Mid Peak	Off Peak	
Time of Day	7 am to 11 am	11 am to 5 pm	10 pm to 7 am	11pm to 5 pm	7 am to 11 10 pr	m to 7 7am to 10	10 pm to 7	am
	5 pm to 8 pm	8 pm to 10 pm			5 pm to 10 pm			
			All weekend hrs.		All w	eekend hrs.	All weeken	d hrs.
# of Hours	602	688	1614	522	783	1623 1305	1623	8760
% of Annual Hours	6.87%	7.85%	18.42%	5.96%	8.94% 18	3.53% 14.90%	18.53%	100.00%
Consistent Load		<u> </u>	_					
418.5	28.76	32.87	77.11	24.94	37.41	77.54 62.35	77.54	418.50

(complete this section for each program)

A.	Name of the Program:	Advertising & delivery of conserv	ation messages						
	Description of the program (including intent, design, delivery, partnerships and evaluation):								
	To convey educational materials, sat advertising.	ety messages and update of gove	ernment regulation cha	anges throug	gh billing stuffers and				
	Measure(s):		- 44		200				
	Base case technology:	Measure 1 0	Measure 2 (if app	licable)	Measure 3 (if applicable)				
	Efficient technology:	0							
	Number of participants or units	Ü							
	delivered:	10,000.00							
	Measure life (years):	20.00							
	,								
B.	TRC Results:								
	TRC Benefits (\$):		\$	=					
	Measure's Costs (\$):		\$	-					
	L	Itility program cost (less incentives):	\$	4,627.20					
		·	\$	-					
	Net TRC (in year CDN \$):	Total TRC costs:		4,627.20 -\$4,627.20					
	Net TNC (III year CDN φ).			-54,027.20					
	Benefit to Cost Ratio (TRC Benefits/	TRC Costs):	0.00						
C.	Results: (one or more category may	apply)							
	Conservation Programs:								
	Demand savings (kW):	Summer	0.00						
		Winter	0.00						
		lifecycle	in year						
	Energy saved (kWh):	0.00	0.00						
	Other resources saved :								
	Natural Gas (m3):	0		0					
	Water (I)	0		0					
	Demand Management Dresses								
	<u>Demand Management Programs:</u> Controlled load (kW)								
	Energy shifted On-peak to Mid-peak	(kWh):							
	Energy shifted On-peak to Off-peak								
	Energy shifted Mid-peak to Off-peak								
	Domand Pagnanga Brograma								
	<u>Demand Response Programs:</u> Dispatchable load (kW):								
Peak hours dispatched in year (hours):									
	Power Factor Correction Program	e·							
	Amount of KVar installed (KVar):	<u>s.</u>							
	Distribution system power factor at b	negining of year (%):							
	Distribution system power factor at e								

Line Loss Reduction Programs Peak load savings (kW):				
reak load saviligs (kvv).	lifecycle		in year	
Energy savngs (kWh):	incoy old		ni year	
B: 4 1 4 1 5 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	ID: 1			
Distributed Generation and Loa	d Displacement Programs:			
Amount of DG installed (kW): Energy generated (kWh):				
Peak energy generated (kWh):				
Fuel type:				
Other Programs (specify): Metric (specify):				
Program Costs*:				
Utility direct costs (\$):	Incremental capital:	\$	4 007 00	
	Incremental O&M:	\$	4,627.20	
	Measures Cost: Incentive:	\$	-	
		\$	-	
	Total:	\$	4,627.20	
Utility indirect costs (\$):	Incremental capital:	\$	-	
	Incremental O&M:	\$	=	
	Total:	\$	-	
Total Utility Cost of Program		\$	4,627.20	
Total Othing Cost of Frogram		Ψ	4,027.20	
Participant costs (\$):	Incremental equipment:	\$	-	
	Incremental O&M:	\$	-	
	Measures Cost:	\$	-	
	Total:	\$	-	
Grand Total Program Cost		\$	4,627.20	
•				

^{*}Please refer to the TRC Guide for the treatment of equipment cost in the TRC Test.

(complete this section for each program)

A. Name of the Program: Website on Conservation

Description of the program (including intent, design, delivery, partnerships and evaluation):

To host a website with energy conservation news and programs information for residential customers. Majority of the development in 2005 to go on-line in early 2006. The program will be offered as a group of utilities from CHEC.

Measure(s):
-----------	----

	Measure 1	Measure 2 (if applicable)	Measure 3 (if applicable)
Base case technology:	0		
Efficient technology:	0		
Number of participants or units			
delivered:	1.00		
Measure life (years):	10.00		

B. TRC Results:

TRC Benefits (\$):		\$ -
Measure's Costs (\$):		\$ =
	Utility program cost (less incentives):	\$ 6,619.13
	Participant cost:	\$ -
	Total TRC costs:	\$ 6,619.13
Net TRC (in year CDN \$):		-\$6,619.13

Benefit to Cost Ratio (TRC Benefits/TRC Costs):

0.00

C. Results: (one or more category may apply)

Conservation Programs:

Demand savings (kW):	Summer	0.00		
	Winter	0.00		
	lifecycle		in year	
Energy saved (kWh):	0.00		0.00	
Other resources saved:				
Natural Gas (m3).		0		0
Water (I)		0		0

Demand Management Programs:

Controlled load (kW)

Energy shifted On-peak to Mid-peak (kWh):
Energy shifted On-peak to Off-peak (kWh):
Energy shifted Mid-peak to Off-peak (kWh):

Demand Response Programs:

Dispatchable load (kW):

Peak hours dispatched in year (hours):

Power Factor Correction Programs:

Amount of KVar installed (KVar):

Distribution system power factor at begining of year (%): Distribution system power factor at end of year (%):

Peak load savings (kW):				
	lifecycle		in year	
Energy savngs (kWh):				
Distributed Generation and Loa	d Displacement Programs:			
Amount of DG installed (kW):				
Energy generated (kWh):				
Peak energy generated (kWh):				
Fuel type:				
Other Programs (specify):				
Metric (specify):				
Program Costs*:				_
Utility direct costs (\$):	Incremental capital:	\$	-	
(,)	Incremental O&M:	\$	6,619.13	
	Measures Cost:	\$	-	
	Incentive:	\$	-	
	Total:	\$	6,619.13	
			-7-	
Utility indirect costs (\$):	Incremental capital:	\$	-	
	Incremental O&M:	\$	-	
	Total:	\$	-	
Total Utility Cost of Program		\$	6,619.13	
Participant costs (\$):	Incremental equipment:	\$	-	
(4)	Incremental O&M:	\$	-	
	Measures Cost:	\$	-	
	Total:	\$	-	
Grand Total Program Cost		\$	6,619.13	
		<u> </u>		

^{*}Please refer to the TRC Guide for the treatment of equipment cost in the TRC Test.

(complete this section for each program)

	(complete time deditor		p. og. a,	
Name of the Program:	Dollars and Sense			
Description of the program (include	ling intent, design, delivery, pa	rtnerships and	d evaluation):	
Energy conservation workshop, co-s conserve energy and cost savings. C				
Measure(s):	Measure 1	Measure 2	2 (if applicable)	Measure 3 (if applicable)
Base case technology: Efficient technology:	0			
Number of participants or units delivered:	1.00			
Measure life (years):	5.00			
TRC Results: TRC Benefits (\$): Measure's Costs (\$):		\$	72,550.75 -	
	tility program cost (less incentives): Participant cost:	\$ \$	2,388.51 7,200.00	
Net TRC (in year CDN \$):	Total TRC costs:		9,588.51 \$62,962.24	
	TDO Octob		φ02,902.24	
Benefit to Cost Ratio (TRC Benefits/	·	7.57		
Results: (one or more category may	apply)			
Conservation Programs: Demand savings (kW):	Summer Winter	0.00		
Energy saved (kWh): Other resources saved :	lifecycle 1,275,430.50	iı	n year 5,086.10	
Natural Gas (m3): Water (l)	0		0	
Demand Management Programs:				
Controlled load (kW) Energy shifted On-peak to Mid-peak Energy shifted On-peak to Off-peak	(kWh):			
Energy shifted Mid-peak to Off-peak	(kWh):			
Demand Response Programs: Dispatchable load (kW):	-1-			
Peak hours dispatched in year (hour Power Factor Correction Programs				
Amount of KVar installed (KVar): Distribution system power factor at b Distribution system power factor at e				
Line Loss Reduction Programs: Peak load savings (kW):	lifor:l-		800	
Energy savngs (kWh):	lifecycle 1275431	11	n year 255086	
<u>Distributed Generation and Load I</u> Amount of DG installed (kW):	Displacement Programs:			
Energy generated (kWh): Peak energy generated (kWh):				

Other Programs (specify):

	Metric (specify):		
D.	Program Costs*:		
-	Utility direct costs (\$):	Incremental capital:	\$ -
		Incremental O&M:	\$ 2,388.51
		Measures Cost:	\$ -
		Incentive:	\$ -
		Total:	\$ 2,388.51
	Utility indirect costs (\$):	Incremental capital:	\$ -
		Incremental O&M:	\$ -
		Total:	\$ -
	Total Utility Cost of Program		\$ 2,388.51
	Participant costs (\$):	Incremental equipment:	\$ -
		Incremental O&M:	\$ 7,200.00
		Measures Cost:	\$ -
		Total:	\$ 7,200.00
	Grand Total Program Cost		\$ 9,588.51

Comments:

Electricity consumption analysis of a Industrial customer who actively pursue energy conservation measures and restructuring after the workshop was presented on December 14, 2005 and the analysis is forcus on the first two months of 2006 compare to 2005.

Plant Side Meter Read Date	Billing Days	Consumption kWh
1-Feb-06	31	144,819.60
1-Jan-06	31	142,735.80
1-Dec-05	30	150,830.90
1-Nov-05	31	154,822.50
1-Oct-05	30	140,590.30
1-Sep-05	31	98,537.50
1-Aug-05	31	111,285.96
1-Jul-05	30	137,280.62
1-Jun-05	31	154,718.11
1-May-05	30	155,234.28
1-Apr-05	31	192,132.26
1-Mar-05	28	182,156.16
1-Feb-05	31	211,563.48
1-Jan-05	_	200,378.86
	Total consumption for 2005	1,889,530.94

'ear	January + February kWh	kWh per day
005	411,942.34	6644.231326
200	207 FEE 40	4027 000222

20 2006 Energy saved with conservation 124,386.94 2006.241004

30.20% Just using your numbers the math comes out to this.

Averaged energy saved in a day for January and February 2006 is 2153.03kWh Which means 31.55% saved from 2005 consumptions.

This assumption will apply to suit the measures calculation.

Note that load in winter months appear to be much higher.

May be impact of heating requirements.

This winter was one of the warmest on record.

May want to adjust for temperature.

Also not production numbers taken into account. Suggest reduce savings by 50% to allow for the above.

Base annual 1,889,530.94

EE at 15% reduction 1606101.298 Savings 283,429.64

^{*}Please refer to the TRC Guide for the treatment of equipment cost in the TRC Test.

(complete this section for each program)

A.	Name of the Program:	Christmas Tree Lighting at City	Centre			
	Description of the program (including	g intent, design, delivery, partn	erships a	nd evaluation):		
	Procurement & installation of Christmas by Orillia Power.	s LED lights at City Centre. Munic	ipality of C	rillia contributes \$1000	but all other cost and labour pa	aic
	Measure(s):	Measure 1	Moas	ure 2 (if applicable)	Measure 3 (if applicable)	
	Base case technology:	Incandescent	IVICAS	urc z (ii applicabic)	weasure 5 (ii applicable)	
	Efficient technology:	LED				
	Number of participants or units	LED				
	delivered:	150.00				
	Measure life (years):	30.00				
B.	TRC Results:					
	TRC Benefits (\$): Measure's Costs (\$):		\$	2,439.10		
		Itility program cost (less incentives):	¢	3 306 00	Includes Discounted Measures Cost	
		Participant cost:		3,300.00	includes Discounted Measures Cost	^
		•		-		0
	Not TDO (in the CDN ft)	Total TRC costs:	\$	3,306.00		
	Net TRC (in year CDN \$):			-\$866.90	l	
C.	Benefit to Cost Ratio (TRC Benefits/TR Results: (one or more category may ap	,	0.74			
C.		эріу)				
	Conservation Programs:					
	Demand savings (kW):	Summer	0.00			
		Winter	1.17			
		lifecycle		in year		
	Energy saved (kWh): Other resources saved:	80,612.82		2,687.09		
	Natural Gas (m3):	0		0		
	Water (I)	0		0		
		Φ 0.0070				
	Expenditures per kWh Saved (\$/kWh)	\$ 0.0676				
	Expenditures per kW Saved (\$/kW)	\$ 4,650.94				
	Demand Management Programs:					
	Controlled load (kW)					
	Energy shifted On-peak to Mid-peak (k)	•				
	Energy shifted On-peak to Off-peak (kV	Vh):				
	Energy shifted Mid-peak to Off-peak (k)	Wh):				
	<u>Demand Response Programs:</u> Dispatchable load (kW):					
	Peak hours dispatched in year (hours):					
	Power Factor Correction Programs:					
	Amount of KVar installed (KVar):					
	Distribution system power factor at beg	ining of year (%):				

<u>Line Loss Reduction Programs</u> Peak load savings (kW):	<u>2.</u>		
, can lead carmige (iii)	lifecycle	in year	
Energy savngs (kWh):			
Distributed Generation and Lo	ad Displacement Programs:		
Amount of DG installed (kW):			
Energy generated (kWh):			
Peak energy generated (kWh):			
Fuel type:			
Other Programs (specify):			
Metric (specify):			
Program Costs*:			
Utility direct costs (\$):	Incremental capital:	\$ -	
		- 440 0	Includes Measure's Cost - ensure full
	Incremental O&M:	\$ 5,449.50	cost of measure entered in TRC!L15
	Incentive:	\$ -	
	Total:	\$ 5,449.50	
Utility indirect costs (\$):	Incremental capital:	\$ -	
	Incremental O&M:	\$ -	
	Total:	\$ -	
Total Utility Cost of Program		\$ 5,449.50	
Participant costs (\$):	Incremental equipment:	\$ -	
	Incremental O&M:	\$ -	
	Total:	\$ -	
Grand Total Program Cost		\$ 5,449.50]

 $^{{}^\}star \text{Please}$ refer to the TRC Guide for the treatment of equipment cost in the TRC Test.

(complete this section for each program)

Description of the program (inclu						
Canadian Tire/ Utility Coupon Rede	mption Program					
Measure(s):						
	TRC 1	TRC 2	TRC 3	TRC 4	TRC 5	TRC 6
Base case technology: Efficient technology:	Incandesent Light LED	Incandesent Light CFL	Thermostat Programmable Thermostat	indoor Light Timer	Lights with no timer Outdoor timer	Ceiling fan
Number of participants or units	LLD	OLE	r rogrammable memostat		Cutador timer	Ocining rain
delivered:		224.00	59.00	14.00	19.00	
Measure life (years):	30.00	4.31	18.00	20.00	20.00	
TRC Results:						
TRC Benefits (\$): Measure's Costs (\$):		\$ 24,577.01 \$ 4,527.10				
	Utility program cost (less incentives):	\$ 4,527.10 \$ 4,210.16				
	Participant cost:					
No. TDO //o constant	Total TRC costs:					
Net TRC (in year CDN \$):		\$15,839.75				
Benefit to Cost Ratio (TRC Benefits	/TRC Costs):	2.81				
Results: (one or more category ma	y apply)					
Conservation Programs:	_					
Demand savings (kW):	Summer Winter	8.66 10.68				
	lifecycle	in year				
Energy saved (kWh):	453,448.35	39,407.73				
Other resources saved : Natural Gas (m3,	: C	0				
Water (
Demand Management Programs: Controlled load (kW)						
Energy shifted On-peak to Mid-pea	k (kWh):					
Energy shifted On-peak to Off-peak						
Energy shifted Mid-peak to Off-pea	k (kWh):					
Demand Response Programs:						
Dispatchable load (kW):						
Peak hours dispatched in year (hou	rs):					
Power Factor Correction Program	ns:					
Amount of KVar installed (KVar):						
Distribution system power factor at Distribution system power factor at						
	ond or your (70).					
Line Loss Reduction Programs:						
Peak load savings (kW):	lifecycle	in year				
Energy savngs (kWh):		,				
Distributed Generation and Load Amount of DG installed (kW):	Displacement Programs:					
Energy generated (kWh):						
Peak energy generated (kWh):						
Fuel type:						
Other Programs (specify):						
Metric (specify):			Note: If "ERROR" message displ by:" on the	ayed check "Measure cost paid		
Program Costs*:			by:" on the	Utility Pays Measures		
Utility direct costs (\$):	Incremental capital:	\$ -		\$ -		
	Incremental O&M:	\$ 1,598.16	2	\$ -		
	Measures Cost	\$ - \$ 2,612.00		\$ - \$ -		
	Incentive: Total:	\$ 2,612.00 \$ 4,210.16				
	rotai.	φ 4,210.10		\$ -		
Utility indirect costs (\$):	Incremental capital:	\$	Total Utility	\$ -		
	Incremental O&M:	-	TRC	Participant Pays Cost		
	Total:	\$		\$ 362.00		
Total Utility Cost of Program		\$ 4,210.16		\$ 448.00 \$ 3,540.00		
		,2.0.10		\$ 280.00		
Participant costs (\$):	Incremental equipment:	-	5	\$ 380.00		
	Incremental O&M: Measures Cost	\$ - \$ 5,010.00		\$ - \$ 5,010.00		
	Total:	\$ 5,010.00		9 3,010.00		
		5,010.00	_			
Grand Total Program Cost		\$ 9,220.16	_			

^{*}Please refer to the TRC Guide for the treatment of equipment cost in the TRC Test.

(complete this section for each program)

A.	Name of the Program:	Interval or prepaid meters (Changed to Smart Meter Initiatives)

Description of the program (including intent, design, delivery, partnerships and evaluation):

This project was discontinued as interval or prepaid meters do not qualify as smart meters. The cost incurred was on OUSM Smart Meter Initiatives. All services of meter data collection, meter maintenance and procurement was done by a third party, Olamete

Measure(s):	Measure 1	Measure 2 (if applicable)	Measure 3 (if applicable)
Base case technology:	0	Modelate 2 (II applicable)	Medodre o (il applicable)
Efficient technology:	0		
Number of participants or units delivered:	1.00		
Measure life (years):	20.00		

TRC Results:		
TRC Benefits (\$):	\$	-
Measure's Costs (\$):	\$	-
Utility program cost (less incentives):	\$	5,128.28
Participant cost:	\$	-
Total TRC costs:	\$	5,128.28
Net TRC (in year CDN \$):		-\$5,128.28
Benefit to Cost Ratio (TRC Benefits/TRC Costs):	0.00	

C. Results: (one or more category may apply)

Conservation Programs	Con	servation	Progra	ams
-----------------------	-----	-----------	--------	-----

B.

Demand savings (kW):	Summer		0.00		
	Winter		0.00		
		lifecycle		in year	
Energy saved (kWh):		0.00		0.00	
Other resources saved:					
Natural Gas	s (m3):		0		0
W	ater (I)		0		0

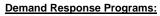
Demand Management Programs:

Controlled load (kW)

Energy shifted On-peak to Mid-peak (kWh):

Energy shifted On-peak to Off-peak (kWh):

Energy shifted Mid-peak to Off-peak (kWh):



Dispatchable load (kW):

Peak hours dispatched in year (hours):

Power Factor Correction Programs:

Amount of KVar installed (KVar):

Distribution system power factor at begining of year (%): Distribution system power factor at end of year (%):

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	Peak load savings (kW):	lifecycle		
	5	lifocyclo		
		mecycle		in year
	Energy savngs (kWh):			
	Distributed Generation and Load	I Displacement Programs:		
	Amount of DG installed (kW):			
	Energy generated (kWh):			
	Peak energy generated (kWh):			
	Fuel type:			
	Other Dresmans (anality)			
	Other Programs (specify):			
	Metric (specify):			
D.	Program Costs*:			
	Utility direct costs (\$):	Incremental capital:	\$	-
		Incremental O&M:	\$	5,128.28
		Measures Cost:	\$	-
		Incentive:	\$	-
		Total:	\$	5,128.28
	1 Hilitaria di manta anno (C)	to one or and all a ser Wall	Φ.	
	Utility indirect costs (\$):	Incremental capital:	\$	-
		Incremental O&M:	\$	-
		Total:	\$	-
	Total Utility Cost of Program		\$	5,128.28
	,			,
	Participant costs (\$):	Incremental equipment:	\$	-
		Incremental O&M:	\$	-
		Measures Cost:	\$	-
		Total:	\$	-
	Grand Total Program Cost		\$	5,128.28
	Crana rotai i rogiam Gost		Ψ	5,120.20

E. Comments:

The real benefits of Smart Meters may realized after the implementation when real data can be recorded.

^{*}Please refer to the TRC Guide for the treatment of equipment cost in the TRC Test.

(complete this section for each program)

A.	Name of the Program:	System Optimization

Description of the program (including intent, design, delivery, partnerships and evaluation):

Load flows and voltage drop studies to reduce losses and increase power quality. The study was done by third party consultants and the costs is solely for consultation fees. The actual program benefits will be realized at the end of 2006 after the physica

Measure	S):	

	Measure 1	Measure 2 (if applicable)	Measure 3 (if applicable)
Base case technology:	0		
Efficient technology:	0		
Number of participants or units			
delivered:	0.00		
Measure life (years):	20.00		
Measure life (years):	20.00		

B. TRC Results:

TRC Benefits (\$):	\$	-
Measure's Costs (\$):	\$	-
Utility program cost (less incent	tives): \$	18,363.00
Participant	t cost: \$	=
Total TRC	costs: \$	18,363.00
Net TRC (in year CDN \$):		-\$18,363.00

Benefit to Cost Ratio (TRC Benefits/TRC Costs): 0.00

C. Results: (one or more category may apply)

Conservation Programs:

Demand savings (kW):	Summer		0.00		
	Winter		0.00		
		lifecycle		in year	
Energy saved (kWh):		0.00		0.00	
Other resources saved:					
Natural Gas	(m3):		0		0
Wa	ater (I)		0		0

Demand Management Programs:

Controlled load (kW)

Energy shifted On-peak to Mid-peak (kWh):
Energy shifted On-peak to Off-peak (kWh):
Energy shifted Mid-peak to Off-peak (kWh):

Demand Response Programs:

Dispatchable load (kW):

Peak hours dispatched in year (hours):

Power Factor Correction Programs:

Amount of KVar installed (KVar):

Distribution system power factor at begining of year (%): Distribution system power factor at end of year (%):

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Amount of DG installed (kW): Energy generated (kWh): Peak energy generated (kWh): Fuel type: Other Programs (specify): Metric (specify): Program Costs*: Utility direct costs (\$): Incremental capital: Incremental O&M: Incremental C&&: Incentive: Incremental C&&: Incremental
Energy generated (kWh): Peak energy generated (kWh): Fuel type: Other Programs (specify): Metric (specify): Program Costs*: Utility direct costs (\$): Incremental capital: Incremental O&M: Incremental Capital: Incremental Capital: Incremental O&M: Incremental O&M: Incremental Capital: Incremental O&M: Incre
Amount of DG installed (kW): Energy generated (kWh): Peak energy generated (kWh): Fuel type: Other Programs (specify): Metric (specify): Program Costs*: Utility direct costs (\$): Incremental capital: Incremental O&M: Incremental O&M: Incremental Capital: Incremental O&M: Incremental O&M: Incremental O&M: Incremental O&M: Incremental Capital: Incremental Capital: Incremental O&M: Incremental Capital: Incremental O&M: Incremental O&M: Incremental Capital: Incremental O&M: Incremental Capital: Incremental O&M: Incremental Capital: Incremental O&M: Incre
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Peak energy generated (kWh): Fuel type: Other Programs (specify): Metric (specify): Program Costs*: Utility direct costs (\$): Incremental capital: Incremental O&M: Incremental O&M: Incentive: Incentive: Incremental capital: Incremental C&W: Incremental O&W: Incremental C&W: Incremental C&W: Incremental C&W: Incremental C&W: Incremental C&W: Incremental O&W: Incremental O&W
Fuel type: Other Programs (specify): Metric (specify): Program Costs*: Utility direct costs (\$): Incremental capital: \$ -
Metric (specify): Program Costs*: Utility direct costs (\$): Incremental capital: \$ - Incremental O&M: \$ 18,363.00 Measures Cost: \$ - Incentive: \$ - Total: \$ 18,363.00 Utility indirect costs (\$): Incremental capital: \$ - Incremental O&M: \$ - Total: \$ -
Metric (specify): Program Costs*: Utility direct costs (\$): Incremental capital: \$ - 18,363.00 Measures Cost: \$ - - Incremental capital: \$ - - - - Incremental capital: \$ -
Utility direct costs (\$): Incremental capital: \$ - Incremental O&M: \$ 18,363.00 Measures Cost: Incentive: \$ - Incremental: \$ 18,363.00 Utility indirect costs (\$): Incremental capital: \$ - Incremental CAPITAL: \$ - Incremental O&M: \$ - Inc
Incremental O&M: \$ 18,363.00 Measures Cost: \$ - Incentive: \$ - Total: \$ 18,363.00 Utility indirect costs (\$): Incremental capital: \$ - Incremental O&M: \$ - Total: \$ -
Measures Cost: \$ - Incentive: \$ - Total: \$ 18,363.00 Utility indirect costs (\$): Incremental capital: \$ - Incremental O&M: \$ - Total: \$ -
Incentive:
Total: \$ 18,363.00
Utility indirect costs (\$): Incremental capital: Incremental O&M: Total: \$ - Total:
Incremental O&M: Total: \$ -
Total: \$ -
Total Utility Cost of Program \$ 18.363.00
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Participant costs (\$): Incremental equipment: \$ -
Incremental O&M:
Measures Cost:
Total:
Grand Total Program Cost \$ 18,363.00

^{*}Please refer to the TRC Guide for the treatment of equipment cost in the TRC Test.