

Scorecard - Essex Powerlines Corporation

9/24/2018

Performance Outcomes	Performance Categories	Measures	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Trend	Target			
									Industry	Distributor		
Customer Focus Services are provided in a manner that responds to identified customer preferences.	Service Quality	New Residential/Small Business Services Connected on Time	92.70%	93.00%	92.30%	90.50%	90.35%		90.00%			
		Scheduled Appointments Met On Time	94.30%	94.70%	94.80%	90.80%	93.12%		90.00%			
		Telephone Calls Answered On Time	66.40%	78.00%	79.20%	73.60%	79.47%		65.00%			
	Customer Satisfaction	First Contact Resolution			99.6%	99.28	98.25%	97.42%				
		Billing Accuracy			99.84%	98.05%	99.90%	99.91%		98.00%		
		Customer Satisfaction Survey Results			81%	81%	81%	81%				
Operational Effectiveness Continuous improvement in productivity and cost performance is achieved; and distributors deliver on system reliability and quality objectives.	Safety	Level of Public Awareness				83.00%	83.00%	83.00%				
		Level of Compliance with Ontario Regulation 22/04 ¹			NI	C	C	NI	C			C
		Serious Electrical Incident Index	Number of General Public Incidents	0	0	0	0	0	0			0
	Rate per 10, 100, 1000 km of line		0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000			0.000	
	System Reliability	Average Number of Hours that Power to a Customer is Interrupted ²			2.24	1.16	1.34	0.63	0.83			1.77
		Average Number of Times that Power to a Customer is Interrupted ²			1.12	0.66	0.83	0.50	0.57			0.91
	Asset Management	Distribution System Plan Implementation Progress				100.8%	107.00	94.16%	98%			
	Cost Control	Efficiency Assessment			2	2	2	2	2			
		Total Cost per Customer ³			\$482	\$524	\$538	\$541	\$538			
		Total Cost per Km of Line ³			\$29,323	\$32,562	\$34,680	\$35,323	\$35,211			
Public Policy Responsiveness Distributors deliver on obligations mandated by government (e.g., in legislation and in regulatory requirements imposed further to Ministerial directives to the Board).	Conservation & Demand Management	Net Cumulative Energy Savings ⁴				12.15%	40.09%	107.09%			31.43 GWh	
	Connection of Renewable Generation	Renewable Generation Connection Impact Assessments Completed On Time			100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%			
		New Micro-embedded Generation Facilities Connected On Time			100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	94.74%	100.00%		90.00%	
Financial Performance Financial viability is maintained; and savings from operational effectiveness are sustainable.	Financial Ratios	Liquidity: Current Ratio (Current Assets/Current Liabilities)			1.01	0.91	0.85	0.70	0.65			
		Leverage: Total Debt (includes short-term and long-term debt) to Equity Ratio			0.96	0.97	0.95	0.91	0.95			
		Profitability: Regulatory Return on Equity	Deemed (included in rates)			9.85%	9.85%	9.85%	9.85%	9.85%		
			Achieved			11.20%	9.73%	11.70%	7.25%	3.37%		

1. Compliance with Ontario Regulation 22/04 assessed: Compliant (C); Needs Improvement (NI); or Non-Compliant (NC).

2. The trend's arrow direction is based on the comparison of the current 5-year rolling average to the distributor-specific target on the right. An upward arrow indicates decreasing reliability while downward indicates improving reliability.

3. A benchmarking analysis determines the total cost figures from the distributor's reported information.

4. The CDM measure is based on the new 2015-2020 Conservation First Framework.

Legend:

5-year trend up down flat

Current year target met target not met

2017 Scorecard Management Discussion and Analysis (“2017 Scorecard MD&A”)

The link below provides a document titled “Scorecard - Performance Measure Descriptions” that has the technical definition, plain language description and how the measure may be compared for each of the Scorecard’s measures in the 2017 Scorecard MD&A:

[http://www.ontarioenergyboard.ca/OEB/ Documents/scorecard/Scorecard Performance Measure Descriptions.pdf](http://www.ontarioenergyboard.ca/OEB/Documents/scorecard/Scorecard%20Performance%20Measure%20Descriptions.pdf)

Scorecard MD&A - General Overview

Essex Powerlines Corporation (“EPLC”) is dedicated to meeting and exceeding customer and community needs. It does so by providing services that put the needs of its customers first and are cost effective.

In 2017, EPLC continued to exceed all performance targets set for the industry. EPLC saw improvement, in certain areas, as compared to 2016 including: an increase in telephone calls answered on time, and a decline in both the average number of hours and occurrences that power to a customer was interrupted. EPLC maintained 100% of its targets for renewable generation connection impact assessments (“CIA”) for six years beginning in 2012; each project was completed on time.

EPLC proactively monitors scorecard metrics using dashboards, in order to actively monitor and ensure compliance, while continuously investigating further opportunities to improve upon its performance. EPLC is committed to on-going year over year performance improvement for 2018 and beyond.

Service Quality

- **New Residential/Small Business Services Connected on Time**

In 2017, EPLC connected 90.35% of low voltage residential and small business customers within the five day timeline prescribed by the Ontario Energy Board (OEB). This is consistent with 2016’s performance of 90.5%. EPLC has consistently outperformed the industry target of 90% for the past five years, since 2013.

- **Scheduled Appointments Met On Time**

EPLC scheduled 901 customer related appointments in 2017 and attended 93.12% of these appointments on time. This is an increase from the 90.8% of appointments met on time in 2016. For the five-year period from 2013 to 2017, EPLC has consistently outperformed the industry target of 90%.

- **Telephone Calls Answered On Time**

EPLC's customer service call center received 26,984 calls, and 79.47% of the time a Customer Service Representative answered the phone within 30 seconds or less. This is an improvement from 73.6% of telephone calls answered on time in 2016. In 2017, the customer service department implemented weekly status meetings to review the previous week's performance and installed a centralized monitor to visually track the number of calls in the telephone system queue. Both initiatives led to increased productivity and an improvement in answering calls sooner. EPLC has consistently outperformed the industry target of 65% for the five-year period from 2013 to 2017.

Customer Satisfaction

- **First Contact Resolution**

In 2014, the OEB directed electricity distributors to begin tracking this performance metric. Electricity distributors have been granted discretion related to how this metric is implemented and monitored. Formalization of this metric by the OEB is anticipated by no later than 2018. The spirit of this metric is to identify a distributor's effectiveness at satisfactorily addressing customer's complaints upon first contact with a distributor.

EPLC measures this metric based on the number of calls received and how many required escalations to a supervisor. In 2017, 97.42% of calls received by EPLC were resolved without escalation to a supervisor. This is a slight decline from 2016 where 98.25% of calls did not require escalation.

- **Billing Accuracy**

For 2017, EPLC issued 358,486 bills and achieved a billing accuracy of 99.91%. EPLC has consistently outperformed the industry target of 98% for the five-year period from 2013 to 2017 and will continue to monitor its billing accuracy to ensure compliance with the standard established by the OEB.

- **Customer Satisfaction Survey Results**

In 2014, the OEB directed electricity distributors to begin tracking this performance metric. Electricity distributors have been granted discretion related to their implementation of this metric. Customer satisfaction surveys are required to be completed on a biennial basis and are meant to examine customer satisfaction levels in the following key areas: (a) power quality and reliability; (b) price; (c) billing and payment; (d) communications and; (e) the customer service experience. Distributors are expected to follow good survey practices and select samples that adequately represent the distributors' rate payer population.

In 2016, EPLC engaged a third-party service provider to conduct a telephone survey. A total of 500 random telephone surveys were completed, with 400 residential customers and 100 general service customers surveyed. Customers were polled on their levels of satisfaction with EPLC in the following areas: (a) overall satisfaction; (b) quality of power service; (c) quality of customer service; (d) affordability of service and; (e) first contact resolution.

The customer service survey results indicate that overall 81% of customers are satisfied with EPLC. In addition to overall customer satisfaction, EPLC's survey yielded the following results:



EPLC uses feedback received from the survey results as a method of better understanding customer preferences and priorities in order to improve ongoing customer satisfaction.

- **Public Safety**

- **Component A – Public Awareness of Electrical Safety**

This survey is required to be completed on a biennial basis. In 2017, EPLC engaged a third party to conduct this survey on its behalf. The survey's focus is to measure the public's level of awareness regarding key electrical safety precautions. The results indicated that 83% of the public are aware of Electrical Safety, which is consistent with the results of the survey completed in 2015.

- **Component B – Compliance with Ontario Regulation 22/04**

O.Reg. 22/04 requires “the approval of equipment, plans, specifications and inspection of construction before they are put into service.”¹ EPLC compliance with this regulation is audited annually by an independent consultant selected by the ESA. These audits will yield one of the following outcomes:

- Non-Compliance – indicates a substantial failure to comply with O.Reg. 22/04 or continuing failure to comply with a previously identified NI item;
- Needs Improvement – indicates a failure to comply with O.Reg. 22/04 or a non-pervasive failure to comply with adequate, established procedures with complying with O.Reg. 22/04;
- Compliance – indicates that the distributor substantially meets the requirement of O.Reg. 22/04

In 2017, EPLC received an audit result of Compliant. This was achieved by successfully executing an action plan to prevent the re-occurrence of an error on completed paperwork related to the replacement of an asset. EPLC continues to ensure it is compliant with O.Reg. 22/04. Safety is a core value of EPLC and its importance is highlighted throughout EPLC's daily operations.

- **Component C – Serious Electrical Incident Index**

There have been no serious electrical contacts within EPLC's distribution system during the five-year period from 2013 to 2017 as indicated on the scorecard.

¹ “EDSR | Ontario Regulation 22/04.” *ESA website*, www.esasafe.com/utilities/regulation

System Reliability

• Average Number of Hours that Power to a Customer is Interrupted

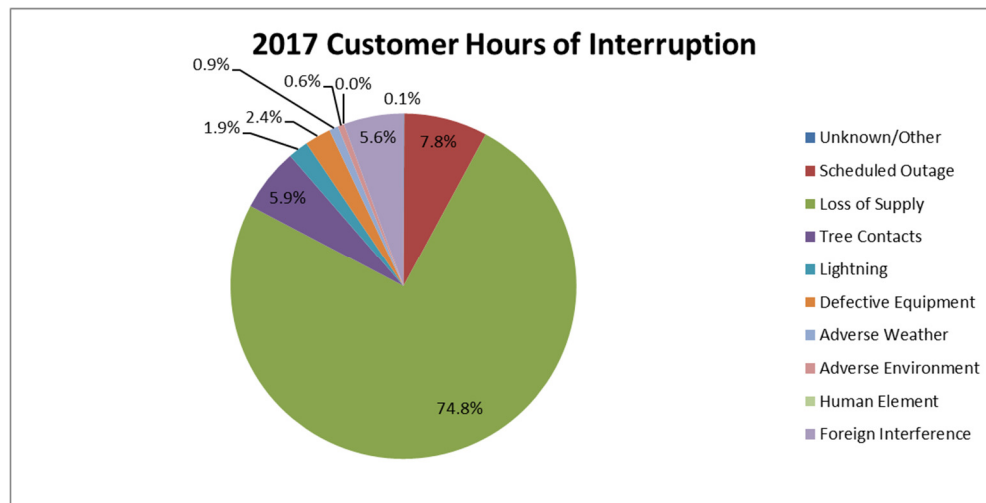
EPLC experienced an increase in the number of hours that power to a customer was interrupted, which was 0.83 in 2017 compared to 0.63 in 2016. EPLC's five-year average is 1.24 hours and is below the target of 1.77. Loss of supply has historically been, and continues to be, the largest contributor to this metric. In 2017, 74.8% of the total number of hours power was interrupted was the result of a loss of supply event. All other sources of customer interruptions are noted in Figure 1 below.

Scheduled outages, foreign interference and tree contacts are some of the various incidents that can affect this metric. EPLC's Distribution System Plan ("DSP"), Reliability Centered Maintenance ("RCM") and Asset Management Programs are designed to reduce these occurrences. In addition, EPLC uses Best-In-Class Asset Investment Strategy tools and processes to improve this metric.

Examples of these tools and processes include:

- Using risk assessments and strategic objectives to reduce risk and optimize investment;
- Maintain RCM statistics within acceptable severity and importance indices;
- Perform inspections, preventative maintenance and remediate findings;
- "Global Information System" (GIS) provides full customer connectivity and asset information;
- SmartMAP software provides:
 - Full integration of alerts of out of range distribution system data (i.e. voltage, loading, fault current and outages),
 - Engineering – modelling, design and analysis tools

Figure 1

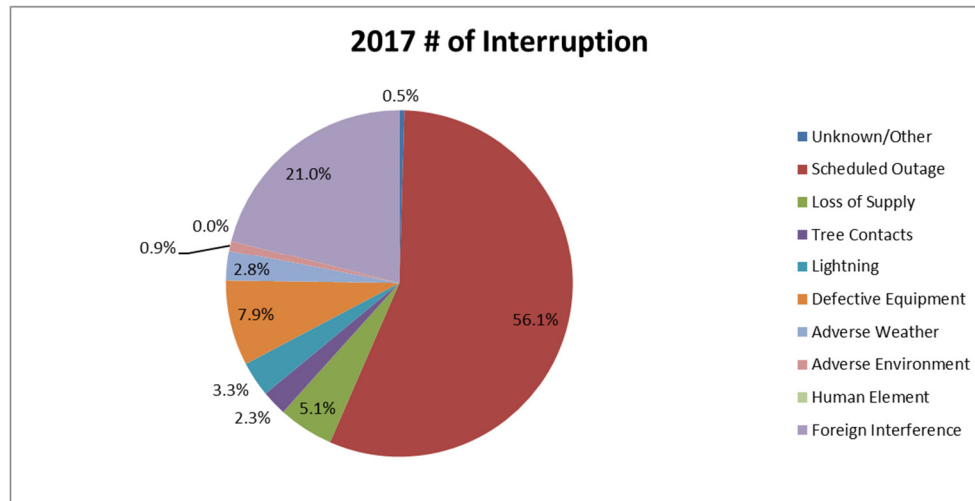


- **Average Number of Times that Power to a Customer is Interrupted**

EPLC experienced a slight increase in the number of times that power to a customer was interrupted, which was 0.57 in 2017 compared to 0.50 in 2016. Scheduled outages and foreign interference (animal, vehicle, dig-ins) account for approximately 56% and 21% of the 2017 metric respectively. All other sources of power interruption are noted in Figure 2 below. EPLC’s five-year average is 0.74 times and is below the target of 0.91.

Consistent with above, several incidents can affect this metric. EPLC’s “DSP”, “RCM”, Asset Management Programs and Best-In-Class Asset Investment Strategy tools and processes help to reduce these occurrences.

Figure 2



Asset Management

- **Distribution System Plan Implementation Progress**

EPLC filed its first DSP as part of its Cost of Service Application submitted in August 2017. The DSP outlines the forecasted capital expenditures, over the next five years, required to maintain, improve and expand EPLC’s distribution system.

EPLC is continuing to measure the progress of its draft DSP implementation as a ratio of actual total capital expenditures over the total

amount of planned capital expenditures for the calendar year. The 2017 measure indicates that EPLC is under 98% of its planned projected spend and is on target to complete its five year plan.

Cost Control

- **Efficiency Assessment**

The total costs for Ontario Electricity Distributors are evaluated by the Pacific Economics Group LLC (“PEG”) on behalf of the OEB to produce a single efficiency ranking. Essentially there are a total of five groups within the rankings, with Group 1 being the most efficient and Group 5 being the least efficient. In 2017, for the fifth consecutive year, EPLC was placed in Group 2, which is the second most efficient grouping of Ontario Electricity Distributors. EPLC is committed to maintaining its current efficiency ranking.

- **Total Cost per Customer**

Total cost per customer is calculated as the sum of EPLC’s capital and operating costs and dividing this figure by the total number of customers served. The cost performance result for 2017 is \$538 per customer which is a 0.6% decrease over 2016 and is an overall average increase per year of 1.9% during the period from 2013 to 2017.

EPLC continually strives to add value for its customers while maintaining cost increases in line with the rate of inflation. Cost increases experienced are often directly related to industry driven objectives and new legislated directives that require distributors to invest in assets, personnel and technology to appropriately satisfy these new directives. Since 2013, examples of these changes would include: customer focused engagement, the implementation of Smart Meters, increased complexity for market settlement, and the adoption of a new accounting standard. EPLC remains committed to implementing all new directives in the most cost-conscious manner possible.

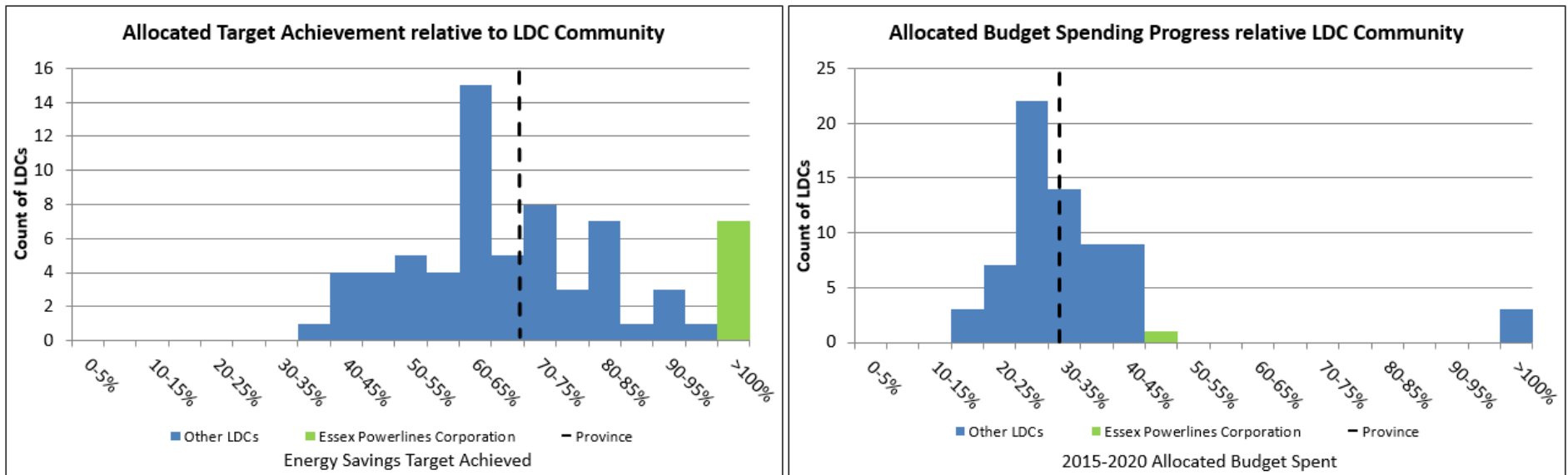
- **Total Cost per Km of Line**

Total cost for this metric is as described above under total cost per customer. This total cost is divided by the kilometers of line that EPLC operates in order to adequately service its customers. EPLC’s 2017 rate is \$35,211 per km of line, a 0.3% decrease over 2016 and an overall average increase per year of 2.8% during the period from 2013 to 2017. EPLC reported a small increase (1.3%) in total kms of line added in 2017 and an overall average increase per year of 0.3% during the five-year period from 2013 to 2017.

Conservation & Demand Management

- Net Cumulative Energy Savings**

During 2017, EPLC exceeded its savings target under the 2015-2020 Conservation First Framework to achieve savings of 31.43 GWh by the end of 2020. This goal is being achieved by the delivery of significant energy savings through its conservation programs, in a manner that is cost effective to ratepayers. EPLC's updated target is to achieve savings of 49.91 GWh by the end of 2020.



Connection of Renewable Generation

- Renewable Generation Connection Impact Assessments Completed on Time**

Electricity distributors are required to conduct CIAs within 60 days of the receipt of a complete application. In 2017, EPLC had two requests for CIAs that were all completed within the prescribed time limit. EPLC has successfully exceeded the prescribed metric of 90% since 2012.

- New Micro-Embedded Generation Facilities Connected On Time**

In 2017, EPLC connected 20 new micro-embedded generation facilities 100% of the time within the prescribed timeline of five business

days. This is an increase from 94.74% in 2016 (19 new micro-embedded generation facilities). EPLC has consistently performed above the industry target of 90% for the five-year period from 2013 to 2017

Financial Ratios

- **Liquidity: Current Ratio (Current Assets/Current Liabilities)**

As an indicator of financial health, a current ratio that is greater than 1 is considered good as it indicates that the company can pay its short-term debts and financial obligations. Companies with a ratio of greater than 1 are referred to as being “liquid”. The higher the number, the more liquid and the larger the margin of safety to cover the company’s short-term debts and financial obligations.

EPLC’s current ratio has been steadily trending down from 1.01 in 2013 to 0.65 in 2017. This has been intentional because short-term borrowing rates (line of credit) have been at historical low levels during this period and we have utilized a line of credit and short-term working capital to fund capital expenditures. This has delayed our long-term borrowing and thereby reduced our otherwise annual interest costs. By December 2018 we expect our Current Ratio to increase to 0.85.

- **Leverage: Total Debt (includes short-term and long-term debt) to Equity Ratio**

The OEB uses a deemed capital structure of 60% debt and 40% equity for electricity distributors when establishing rates. This deemed capital mix is equal to a debt to equity ratio of 1.5 (60/40). A debt to equity ratio of more than 1.5 indicates that a distributor is more highly leveraged than the deemed capital structure. A high debt to equity ratio may indicate that an electricity distributor may have difficulty generating sufficient cash flows to make its debt payments. A debt to equity ratio of less than 1.5 indicates that the distributor is less leveraged than the deemed capital structure. A low debt-to-equity ratio may indicate that an electricity distributor is not taking advantage of the increased profits that financial leverage may bring.

As explained in the Current Ratio above, EPLC has intentionally maintained a low Debt to Equity ratio to minimize its annual interest costs and to remain flexible should unforeseen borrowing needs arise (an example would be the SECTR project). By December 2018 we expect our Total Debt to Equity ratio to increase to 1.0.

- **Profitability: Regulatory Return on Equity – Deemed (included in rates)**

EPLC’s current distribution rates were approved by the OEB at the last Cost of Service rate application in 2010 and include an expected (deemed) regulatory return on equity (ROE) of 9.85%. The OEB allows a distributor to earn within +/- 3% of the expected rate of ROE. When a distributor performs outside of this range, the actual performance may trigger a regulatory review of the distributor’s revenues and costs structure by the OEB.

- **Profitability: Regulatory Return on Equity – Achieved**

EPLC's regulatory ROE achieved in 2017 was 3.37%, which is more than 3% lower than the expected (deemed) ROE of 9.85%. EPLC's regulatory average ROE is 8.65% for the five-year period from 2013 to 2017. EPLC filed a Cost of Service application for 2018 rates in August 2017. The last Cost of Service application was for 2010 rates, this is a total of eight years without rebasing. EPLC has a historical track record of maintaining its annual expenditures in-line with inflationary increases however has identified four areas which have an impact to its regulated earnings. These are kWh losses associated with successful conservation efforts, a loss of rate adjustment for the 2015 IRM, depreciation expense, and a one-time tax adjustment for prior period.

The information provided by distributors on their future performance (or what can be construed as forward-looking information) may be subject to a number of risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause actual events, conditions or results to differ materially from historical results or those contemplated by the distributor regarding their future performance. Some of the factors that could cause such differences include legislative or regulatory developments, financial market conditions, general economic conditions and the weather. For these reasons, the information on future performance is intended to be management's best judgement on the reporting date of the performance scorecard, and could be markedly different in the future.